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Wildest Rumours Spread Despite Nazi Denial Attempts

AMAZING GERMAN CELEBRATIONS OF HOAX ARMISTICE

EXPLOSION ON STEAMER

LONDON, Oct. 10 (UP).—The Press Association reports that an explosion occurred aboard the Brookbank liner Marawiri near the Welsh Coast. Five Lascar seamen were injured.

The remainder of the crew of 91 were rescued. The Marawiri was towed ashore. It is not known whether she struck a mine or was torpedoed.

JAPANESE OPPORTUNISM

Chinese Minister Sees Trouble Ahead

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, Oct. 10 (UP).—In an address to the Chinese Campaign Committee at a Double Tenth luncheon, Mr. Quo Tai-chi, the Chinese Ambassador to London, predicted trouble ahead for the Western Powers interested in the Far East.

"It does not require the gift of prophecy to predict that Japan will certainly exploit the European situation," he said.

"European preoccupation will be Japan's opportunity for further depredations in East Asia and the Western Pacific against the Western Powers as much as against China."

Scotching rumours of mediation in the Sino-Japanese war, Mr. Quo said, "As long as the Japanese war lords remain in the saddle and in their present mood, there can be no reasonable basis for negotiations and no hope for peace."

Sir Stafford Cripps discussed the possibility of an Anglo-Japanese alliance.

"At present there is a most real and practical danger for this country to turn to an alliance with Japan to offset the Russo-German pact," he said.

He emphasised the necessity of waking British public opinion to the conscious need of supporting China.

Two Minutes Silence

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—The Chinese Double Tenth Anniversary luncheon by the China Campaign Committee, at which 150 attended, was celebrated in London with Lord Davies presiding.

Mr. Quo Tai-chi spoke, followed by Lady Snowden, Miss Margery Fry and Sir Stafford Cripps.

Chinese residents in London congratulated in force at a tea party at the Embassy in the afternoon.

A two minutes silence was observed for the civil and military Chinese who had been killed in the war with Japan, and a message was sent to the Chinese army expressing the hope for an early victorious ending to the war.

Speaking at the Chinese Independence Day luncheon, Mr. Quo Tai-chi, Chinese Ambassador to London, said that so long as the Japanese war lords remained in the saddle and in their present mood, there could be no reasonable basis for negotiations and no hope for peace.

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

JAPANESE WITHDRAW FROM CHUNGSHAN CITY

SHEKKI is to be evacuated by the Japanese. This announcement was made this morning in a communique issued by the Japanese Expeditionary Force headquarters in Canton, according to a "Domei" message.

"Having attained their objective, the Japanese forces have decided to withdraw from the birthplace of the late Dr. Sun Yat-sen," the communique states.

The step has been taken in the belief that the Chinese will proceed instituting a benevolent government with pro-Japanese and anti-befriending good neighbours."

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BERLIN, Oct. 10 (UP).—OFFICIALS DECLARE THAT THEY ARE NOT CLEAR AS TO HOW THE RUMOURS OF AN ARMISTICE, WHICH SWEEPED THROUGH GERMANY THIS MORNING, ORIGINATED, NOR HOW THEY SPREAD WITH SUCH RAPIDITY.

The word spread from mouth to mouth throughout Germany within a few hours. Many people claimed to have heard the armistice report by radio in both German and Russian announcements.

An official German announcement said that the rumour was fathered by "British warmongers' aims" in the belief that it would demoralise the German population.

There was great jubilation in Berlin at the "armistice."

Telephone operators, fruit peddlers, newsboys, shop clerks and bus conductors excitedly spreading the "glad tidings."

This was followed by a psychological let-down as the report—which is certainly wholeheartedly longed for in Germany—suddenly collapsed. A German radio announcement, blaming the British Secret Service for the rumours, was repeated on the afternoon programmes.

German Foreign Office officials confess their perplexity and amazement over the whole affair. One official received more than fifty telephone calls.

London Amusement

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—Thousands of people in Berlin and other places in Germany were delighted to-day by the "armistice" rumours.

The first reports of the manner in which these rumours swept through Berlin caused amusement and mystification in London when they arrived about noon.

But it is a pathetic story of the desire of thousands of people.

American agency reports from Berlin state that the false news of an armistice gained so much credence because it is what the German people so deeply want.

King's "Abdication"

It is difficult at the moment to establish what really happened. Amongst the rumours were some to the effect that the British Government had resigned, and that His Majesty the King had abdicated.

Others said that the Nazi Government had resigned.

It is impossible to say what started it all.

Berlin sources which are to be expected to give information failed to do so.

The bubble broke at 12.30 p.m., when the German wireless broadcast a special announcement that it was all untrue.

The announcement made a ridiculous accusation against Britain. It declared that the "British Ministry of Lies" had perpetrated an "infamous swindle" in order to confuse public opinion in Britain and the neutral countries. The British secret service had spread the rumours.

The Foreign Office this afternoon formally denied the German accusation, but this was hardly necessary as the accusation was that it was an attempt to "confuse public opinion in Britain and in the neutral countries," whereas the rumours came to life and died in Germany alone.

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

D.S.O. FOR R.A.F. OFFICERS

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—His Majesty the King has approved the award of the D.S.O. to Flying Officer (acting Flight Lieutenant) J. C. Dorrin and Flying Officer Andrew MacPherson for distinguished and dangerous work in attacks and reconnaissance over enemy territory.

WAR RISKS UP

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—Cargo risks to the Straits Settlements have been increased by 30 per cent, making a total increase of 50 per cent since September.

SUPREMACY OF ROYAL AIR FORCE ESTABLISHED

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, Oct. 10 (UP).—The British Air Minister, Sir Kingsley Wood, made a comprehensive statement in the House of Commons to-day in which he revealed the activities of the Royal Air Force since outbreak of hostilities.

During the first four weeks of hostilities, he said, British planes had spotted German submarines on 72 occasions and had made 34 attacks, "some of which were undoubtedly successful."

Sir Kingsley Wood said the attacks against the German fleet and the action of British planes on the Western Front "show that the spirit and determination of our flying men has been preserved and is unimpaired."

The latest type of British fighting planes, he said, were definitely superior to their German counterparts.

He revealed that in the first month of the war, R.A.F. planes from coastal commands flew one million miles altogether in reconnaissance, anti-submarine and convoy patrols.

Air escorts had been provided for over one hundred convoys and there had been almost daily air clashes with German planes.

He revealed that in the first month of the war, R.A.F. planes from coastal commands flew one million miles altogether in reconnaissance, anti-submarine and convoy patrols.

"In this region, we repulsed several raids, some of which involved fairly important effects."

Hedge-Hop Along Border

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—Two pairs of British planes made reconnaissance flights along the whole German line bordering Luxembourg, Belgium and Holland.

A British observer with the Royal Air Force says they went to investigate reports of German movements—the evacuation of important cities, big troop movements and concentrations near Aix-la-Chapelle and fortifications on the Luxembourg frontier.

One pair of planes came back with some excellent and useful photographs.

The other pair, besides encountering bad weather, met with intensive anti-aircraft fire and flew over the North Sea and landed in England.

Nazi Claims

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BERLIN, Oct. 10 (UP).—A High Command communique says that German planes made a surprise attack on British naval units yesterday off the west coast of Norway.

The communique said, "Our attack achieved six particularly heavy hits on British cruisers on which explosions and smoke clouds gave evidence of German successes."

Two German bombers were damaged and forced to make landings in Denmark.

PLEASE Turn To Page 9.

DOMINIONS CO-OPERATE

OTTAWA, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—The British war supplies mission in Canada is making definite headway, announces its controller-general.

The Canadian War Supplies Board is giving very warm and keen co-operation, and "there is no doubt that Canada is out to win the war," it is stated.

A Sydney message from Australia says that the Minister of Commerce has announced the sale of 7,500,000 bushels of last season's wheat to Britain.

Britain will also buy 2,500,000 bushels of flour.

Bombast By The Nazi Boss

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BERLIN, Oct. 10 (UP).—"No power on earth can force Germany to her knees," declared Hitler in a broadcast speech to-day.

The Fuehrer defiantly warned the Allies that, if his peace terms be rejected, Germany would prove stronger than ever and was ready for an unprecedented struggle for victory.

"Let none think of his own sacrifice, but of the greatness of the sacrifice of the whole nation," he exhorted the German people.

"The more determined we are to accept this sacrifice, the more certain we are to attain our victory."

"Nothing that other nations do will weaken us in our purpose."

"The National Socialist ideology, which armed us again war, will prove itself in war."

"We will carry on!"

Hitler repeated his desire for peace. He reiterated that he has no claims against the democracies and warned that if his proposals were rejected Germany would "start fighting to a finish."

"I do not know what the future holds but no power on earth can ever defeat Germany."

He charged that the Allies have gone to war for "ridiculous reasons."

"They will neither vanquish us nor defeat Germany."

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

LATEST

ALL SAFE

LATER.

The steamer reported herself in the centre of the typhoon at noon yesterday and stated that she was in danger of going ashore.

A S.O.S. was broadcast to nearby ships to look for her in case she needed assistance.

However, she reported a few hours later that she had escaped destruction and at 8 o'clock this morning reported that she was safe and that there had been no casualties.

The steamer, which was formerly British and was at one time owned by the Castle Line, is now under Greek registry and is owned by Carras Bros. She is of 5,555 tons and was built at Northumberland in 1917.

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

ESTONIAN GOVT. RESIGNS

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—The Estonian Government resigned on Sunday evening. A new government has been formed.

See Back Page For Further Late News

HITLER MAY ASSUME COMMAND OF ARMIES

PARIS, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—Herr Hitler may arrive at the Western Front this week to assume supreme command of the armies, according to rumours from neutral sources.

The reports state that Field-Marshal Goering would afterwards be charged with the active command on Hitler's behalf, and would rank above General von Brauchitsch.

It is said that Hitler's own plan for a lightning war could then be adopted instead of the General Staff's plan, which has been ready for years and has been kept up to date as the French and German fortification systems progressed.

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Peace

PEACE of the kind suggested by Herr Hitler is easily procurable. It represents the futile "buying off" of a Munich. It is tempting in view of the terrific cost of modern warfare and the terrifying possibilities of modern war weapons. It can be procured when an enemy has insufficient courage to pursue a war. It can be obtained at the dearer price of sacrificed honour.

The world could buy peace at any one of these prices. Hitler knows full well that his offer is tempting. But the world, unfortunately for him, knows to-day that his price is black-mail; that, like the blackmailer, he will never be satisfied so long as he can find someone to pay, and keep on paying, the price of dishonourable peace.

There is nothing more certain than that the discussions now proceeding in London between Britain, France and the Dominions—the six countries to whom the so-called "peace" offer has been made—are not for the purpose of deciding whether Hitler's terms should or should not be accepted. That has already been decided.

Democracy is not going to pay the price of another Munich. The very tone of Hitler's address to the Reichstag is one of the best indications that he did not make his "offer" with hope of acceptance. For his unreasonable suggestions were couched in terms of reason. There is, of course, the threat that, whatever comes, Poland is doomed. But much of the remainder of his speech was almost a plea, keenly designed to persuade the French that they have nothing to fear if Germany is permitted to retain what she has taken.

Hitler is attempting persuasion where, he knows, force must fail. He is attempting to justify himself in the eyes of the world; to prove that the Democracies are the people who have started this war in Europe, and that Germany is, or will be, when the war on the Western Front really gets under way, the victim of aggression.

WE have had only one month of this new wartime, and it was only to be expected that during this month we should find ourselves faced with a gigantic list of regulations and prohibitions. The ten commandments have suddenly become ten thousand. Over every door is written Thou Shalt Not.

I have heard very little grumbling and, I have not even grumbled myself, though a born grumbler. We are all in a resolute mood and are capable of far greater sacrifices than have as yet been asked of us.

If everybody had been indulging in cheap heroics, I should have been afraid of our staying power. But there have been no cheap heroics, no public emotional orgies, and, as far as I know, apart from one stupidly sensational newspaper, no rubbishy hate stuff anywhere. For once we have behaved like the



PITCH dark on Saturday night in a leafy suburban road: except for one brightly and unabashedly lighted bedroom window, streaming into the night.

A small crowd, leaning on the privet hedge, regarding this in a mood that wavered between jocularity and hostility. An air-raid warden in pyjamas (due on duty at midnight and not best pleased at being pulled out of bed) banging on the door. More arrivals in the crowd: a round dozen of dogs, out on their nightly walk, milling round our feet in the darkness.

The Law, summoned by telephone, stepped out of a small car. More bangings. The house was empty: we could hear the telephone ringing vainly inside it.

"Has anyone," asked the Law, "an extending ladder?" The crowd slapped its pockets facetiously and said no.

"Then," said the Law genially, "we shall have some fun." Glee in the crowd. You couldn't help noticing in that group of amiable citizens a touch of excitement, the faintest hint of some war hysteria.

There were those who favoured stoning the windows till the light was lit. The Law frowned on this. "If," said the Law sternly, "we break an entrance, someone will have to mount guard on it till the owner comes back."

The Law took a search-party round the back, most of the citizenry following. One bold spirit charged the back door with his shoulder: this is easier on the elbow.

Finally, the Law, with a jemmy in his teeth, climbed up a post over the front door on to a little balcony, wrinkled along a ledge, pried that naked and wretched window—burglary in dead easy—put out the light, shut the window, and came down hand over fist.

"Bravo, Remco!" said the crowd, and the Law began writing in his notebook.

The Law, the crowd, the dogs departed in perfect darkness.

I have a friend, H., who has many qualities, efficiency is not among them. He is a member of the A.F.S., and the other day his squad was given a real, live fire engine to play with. So they took it down to the river. They sucked up the Thames at one end and squirted it out at the other.

While H. had a grim grip of the nozzle of the hose, and was earnestly deluging the Thames, an instructor-fireman arrived.

Fireman: "Everything all right, sir?"

H.: "Yes. Very nice, very nice, indeed."

Fireman: "Anything you want to know, sir?"

H.: "Well, am I holding this right? I seem to be getting very wet."

Fireman: "I shouldn't worry about that, sir. It's raining."

THE NEW WARTIME

the fighting men were called up. And do not imagine that nobody thought of it, for I myself was discussing it with at least one friend, who brought it to the attention of the Government a year ago.

As it is the State that has swept away all forms of entertainment, I think it is the State that should arrange to bring them back again. But not exactly as they were before. The new conditions will not allow that.

And here the people who clamour for unrestricted entertainment and refer us to the last war seem to me to be doing their cause a poor service. It is not quite so simple as that. We must look before we leap.

There are four arguments against entertainment on the old basis: the danger of a raid when people are crowded into theatre, cinema, concert hall; the black-out regulations making attendance difficult; the scattering of populations and the unusual working hours; the desperate financial enterprise of running entertainment at all under these conditions. All these difficulties seem to me to point one way.

For the country at large, entertainment should be immediately decentralised, simplified, made more mobile, more accessible at all reasonable hours, and guaranteed by the State. There should be hundreds and hundreds of good small professional companies, of actors, musicians or variety performers, sent here, there and everywhere, giving perhaps three shortish performances a day, rather as they do in popular resorts.

What Mr. Basil Dean and his organisation did so nobly for the Camp Theatres in the last war should now be done, with equal efficiency, for the whole country. Every suburb, every small town, even every group of villages would have something to divert it during its leisure.

The B.B.C. cannot be expected to amuse everybody, especially as it is now used as the mouth-piece of all new official announcements, some of which, by the way, strike one listener as being far below the level of national importance.

There should be some exceptions, I think, to this decentralised, simple mobile entertainment. In Central London there should be a few theatres, and in each large provincial city at least one theatre kept going if only as a symbol of our national culture.

These theatres should be protected and provided with shelters, and in them should be found the very finest form of entertainment, no matter in what class it should be.

We should not make the mistake of supposing that this is the time when our national heritage of culture can be dropped overboard. If we are fighting for a world in which the mind and the spirit of humanity can flower, but it is no use doing that if, because we are at war, we turn our own world into a desert.

If now and then we have to go underground, like shivering cave-men, then that is all the more reason why we should make a determined effort to maintain interests quite unlike those of cave-men, to keep alive the England of the poets and philosophers as well as the England of the soldiers and sailors.

If any man says to you "We have no time for such things now," suspect him. He is trying to subtract from that total for which you are fighting. Thus it is—and not merely because I happen to be an author myself—that I trust that the Government will do everything possible to see that the public, many of whom will have no other recreation but reading are offered the widest possible choice of good books, and intelligent periodical during this new wartime.

I know the fighting men will passionately demand them, for I know that I never read more eagerly than I did during the last war. There are times at the front when a book seems to you like the deep-sea diver's airline.

And now that the front is almost everywhere and we are all soldiers of a kind, we shall all need to draw breath from that upper world where the birds are still flashing in the sunlight.

By J. B. Priestley

in the "News Chronicle"

honourably, no matter under what conditions we may be compelled to live, but that is no reason why we should not reflect a little upon our immediate future and perhaps make a few constructive proposals.

Here are some suggestions to our Government. The first is—no nursery-hush-hush nonsense. We are not behaving like babies, and there is no reason why we should be treated as such. We are entitled to know the truth about our situation, so long as it does not mobilise a few days after

MOBILISING FOR WAR

Then and Now

"WHAT is my part to be in this war which we are told may last for years, and what can I do to help?" Such is one form or another, is the question which to-day, uppermost in the minds of millions.

The question is inspired by an intense desire to pull one's weight—not unmixled with impatience that for the overwhelming majority there is no immediate way in which to give full vent to a passionate desire for service. But for some it is also accompanied by the shadow of unemployment or a greatly reduced income.

In spite of its mild beginning, the war will undoubtedly involve a radical upheaval in the lives of every one of us and the transition to the new order will inevitably mean much dislocation and some hardship. All that one can foresee with tolerable certainty is that the change-over will be quick and that we shall all know our fate much sooner than in 1914.

When war broke out twenty-five years ago, one of the first preoccupations of the Government was to deal with the vast unemployment problem which was expected to arise. The Prince of Wales' Fund was started to relieve distress and a special organisation was set up to take a weekly census from all large employers so that the bad spots could be located and openings found in other directions where reservists had been called up, or war work was expected to be available.

These fears proved almost completely groundless and in fact this special organisation was used as a means of finding where the supplies of less essential labour were to be found and ultimately furnished the basis for the war-time control of man-power.

There were two reasons for this unexpected result. One was that the war did not develop its full strain upon the home front for a very long time and we were able to keep a great deal of ordinary trade going under the slogan "Business as usual."

The second was the rush to the Colours. It is true that no provision had been made for dealing with recruits who drilled in mud and wore huddled in commandeer parks and buildings. But the influx of half a million Army recruits in seven weeks in addition to 200,000 reservists called

ed up forced the authorities to perform miracles of extemporisation. To-day the situation as regards employment and man power is different in several respects.

A much larger proportion than in 1914 of Britain's workpeople is already engaged on war work. Our export and general home trades are restricted and there is, therefore, less to lose and fewer people to be transferred. But the changes that have to come will come quickly.

On the other side there has been no call as yet for the unlimited numbers of volunteers who rolled up so magnificently in 1914. The Military Service Act ensures that the call will be more methodical and deliberate. But it will have to come very rapidly. For every Englishman realises that we shall have to make a great addition to France's limited man power and that the advanced state of Germany's preparations will compel us to speed up training to the utmost.

As to munitions, the development of our maximum capacity will have to begin at once—instead of waiting, as in 1914, for nearly a year before a large-scale programme was even drawn up.

In other fields, too, we must leap to full activity. A Land Army needs to be mobilised now if we are to ensure a great increase in all forms of agricultural production next summer; while Germany's submarines have served notice on us that a ship-building programme comparable to that of the last war, which only reached its apex in 1917, must be begun at once.

Meanwhile, we have to wait for the answer to our individual problems. For the moment, the great majority must add patience to the war-time virtues of courage, persistence and humour. In the full knowledge that before long this country will be called upon to make the greatest effort in its history in the cause of freedom.

OVERNIGHT NEWS PAGE

Paul McNutt To Run If—

NEW YORK, Oct. 10 (United Press).—A reception held at the Waldorf-Astoria last night in honor of Paul McNutt, candidate for Governor of Indiana, was a success. McNutt, who is running for a third term, was elected to the office in 1936. He is a member of the Republican Party and has served as Governor of Indiana for three years. He is a well-known figure in the State and is expected to win the election in 1940.

SOVIET MOVES IN THE BALTIC

Moscow, Oct. 9. Negotiations are due to open on Wednesday between the Soviet and Finnish Governments, and they are expected to round off the expansion of Soviet interests in relation to her Baltic neighbours.

By pacts with Estonia and Latvia, and forthcoming agreements with Lithuania and Finland, the great Soviet aim of freeing Leningrad as a naval and air base from the bottleneck of the Gulf of Finland, which gave an enemy easy means of preventing the exit of the Baltic fleet, will have been achieved.

To complete the programme, the Russians may seek the neutralisation of any threat from the southern coast of Finland fronting the gulf.

It is logical to believe that Moscow also would like to control the Åland Islands, a base from which ultimately to control Swedish exports to Germany.—Reuter.

Russians At Border

New York, Oct. 9. The Copenhagen Radio Station today announced that thirty divisions of Russian troops have reached the Finnish border.—United Press.

Liberty War Song

Stockholm, Oct. 10. There was a remarkable demonstration of Finnish national unity when M. Paasikivi left for discussions in Moscow. The President and members of the Government and Riksdag and representatives of all sections of the nation were present at the station. After huge crowds had cheered themselves hoarse, there was sudden silence, and then the crowds spontaneously joined in singing the old liberty war song, "Hear Our Holy Oath."—Reuter.

Mysterious Warship

Helsinki, Oct. 10. Finnish shipping circles are alarmed at the presence of at least one unknown warship near the Åland Islands, which seems to be intent on observing the movements of Finnish vessels. These waters are most important in the Finnish communications with Sweden and awkward complications are feared.

The matter is attracting special attention in view of recent rumours that the Åland will become a subject of the Finnish-Soviet discussions. The authorities are anxious to discover the nationality of the vessel.—United Press.

Lithuania Accepts

Kaunas, Oct. 10. According to reliable reports here the Lithuanian Government has accepted the Soviet proposals similar to those made to Estonia and Latvia. The cession of Vilna to Lithuania, but with a Soviet garrison, is also corroborated in well-informed circles.

It is expected that a Soviet-Lithuanian mutual assistance pact will be signed to-night. Paris reports indicate a concentration of Soviet troops in the Baltic region and along certain other points of the Caucasus frontier. Nothing is known as to the reasons behind the move.—Reuter.

Troops In Estonia

Moscow, Oct. 9. It has been reliably stated that Soviet Russia is planning to station a maximum of 25,000 troops in Estonia in accordance with the Russo-Estonian agreement. Reports from Tallinn indicate that the Russian troops began marching through Estonia at nightfall.—United Press.

To Move On Friday

Tallinn, Oct. 10. Soviet troops will begin moving across the Estonian frontier on Friday under the new pact. It is reported that the last ship evacuating Germans from Estonia will be leaving on the same day.—Reuter.

Taking Over On Friday

Tallinn, Oct. 10. Russian troops will formally take over the naval and air bases on Friday.—United Press.

UNITED STATES MAY EXPAND SCOPE OF MONROE DOCTRINE

Fighting On The Western Front

German Offensive Expected

Paris, Oct. 10. German operations on the Western Front appear to be steadily mounting towards an offensive concentrated in the sector between Moselle and Saarbrücken where the German High Command is obviously uneasy under the continued French pressure. The Germans made a number of raids here in force with the object of securing information from prisoners, but no prisoners were taken, all the attacks withering under the heavy French machine gun fire.

Authoritative circles in Paris declare that the military authorities are highly satisfied with the behaviour of the French tanks, whose performance has been excellent. They received and withstood the German anti-tank gunfire.

It is believed that Hitler's aim in the forthcoming Western offensive is to drive the French off German soil. Intensive artillery duels along the whole front between the Moselle and Rhine are taken to indicate that the effort to free Saarbrücken. Such an attempt will meet stern resistance and any effort to maintain the attack would be accompanied by great loss of manpower, perhaps involving 500,000 to 1,000,000 lives, so well fortified are the French forces and so formidable the obstacles which confront the Germans.

In the event of the Germans selecting an easier route through Luxembourg in an attempt to reach Verdun, the French Command declare that they are fully prepared.

Another alternative open to the Germans is a double-flank movement with a drive more or less parallel with the Luxembourg frontier and an attack on the Swiss end of the Maginot Line. The facts pointing to the possibility of the latter course being adopted are simultaneous concentrations of German troops both in north and south Germany.—Reuter.

INDIANS SUPPORT BRITAIN

Madras, Oct. 10. A resolution condemning Nazi aggression and inviting the British Government to define the war and peace aims was adopted by the All India Congress Committee by 188 votes to 50.

The Congress Socialist and other Leftist amendments attempting to pin down Congress to past declarations condemning Indian participation in any "imperialistic" war were rejected by an overwhelming majority.

The All-India Congress Committee resolution states that peace and freedom can only be established and preserved by the extension of democracy to all colonial countries and by the application of the principles of self-determination thereto. In particular, India should be declared an independent nation and every effort should be made to apply this status to the largest possible extent.—Reuter.

JUNKS VICTIMISED Chinese Cargo Said Thrown Overboard

Japanese sailors in a motor boat stopped a junk No. 30231A, off Lema Islands, Chinese waters, on October 5, and, after ordering the crew of the junk to row away in sampans, set the vessel on fire, according to a report made to the Police on Monday by Sien Chi, master of the junk, on his return here.

Hui Kwong-yung, master of junk No. T1159H, also reported that Japanese sailors stopped his junk off the Sam Mun Customs station on October 8, and seized his junk licence and two cannon. His cargo was thrown overboard.

A belated report of a similar incident off Lin Tin Island on August 8 has been made to the Police by Lee Yeuk, master of junk No. T2239H, who said Japanese sailors boarded the junk and forced him and the crew to throw their cargo overboard.

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Australia, New Zealand Included in Area To Be Fully Protected?

Washington, Oct. 9. Senator Sheridan Downey, of California, precipitated a debate on the Monroe Doctrine and demanded that it be defined to include Australia and New Zealand. He sought delay in imposing restrictions on Pacific shipping so as to allow American vessels to sail to Australia and New Zealand.

Senator William Borah and other isolationists also favour such a proposal, but the Administration has not yet committed itself.

Senator Claude Pepper engaged in a sharp exchange with Senator Downey as to whether or not the Navy could adequately defend the entire Western Hemisphere. Senator Downey said that the United States did not need the co-operation of the British Navy and said that within a short time the Navy could be built up to defend both coasts. He urged a study of alternative canals and the creation of two navies. He said that the creation of a new air base at Pico Rico was designed to make the Caribbean area impenetrable and that the possible Mexican or Nicaraguan canals would further facilitate the Hemisphere defence problems.

Senator Downey declared that a two-ocean Navy would require 10 years and \$3,000,000,000 to build. Senator Downey said that it would only be a fraction of the cost of involvement in war. He said that the Monroe Doctrine should be enforced within the Hemisphere geographically, beginning at 30 degrees longitude west, thus including Australia and New Zealand.

Senator Downey said that the Philippines could not be defended but Australia could easily be defended by the construction of the air base at Pago Pago which is now in the process of building.

He said: "While it would be impossible to defend the Philippines, we could easily catapult from Hawaii to Pago Pago and on down to New Zealand and Australia. With bases at Hawaii and Pago Pago, we could provide a military strength which no nation would dare to violate."—United Press.

Philippines Defence

Washington, Oct. 10. Senator Gibson stated today that he will shortly introduce legislation to fortify Guam for the defence of the Philippines in the United States' interests in the Far East.

The neutrality debate included a reference to the retention of the Philippines. Senator Downey urged that the United States abandon Philippine sovereignty, while Senator Gibson urged Congressional study and re-examination of the question of independence.

Senator Gibson said that he was drafting a measure authorizing the Navy to continue improvement of Guam and install some fortifications. He said that the last session owing to a mistaken impression, "I hope in the present critical world situation we can rectify the error and take the necessary measures for national security," he said.

Fortification of Guam would not be aimed against Japan but merely supplement national defence measures.

Senator Gibson urged positive efforts to cultivate closer relations with Japan, with whom the United States should be on friendly terms. He urged the granting of an immigration quota to Japan in order to cease discrimination, which served as an affront to Japanese pride.

Senator Downey declared that the Philippines was completely indefensible. "The military authorities agreed that if Japan desired to enter Manila, we could never halt her," he said. "Hawaii, world's strongest fortress and military outpost, would not be able to defend the Philippines, although it would be useful for the defence of Australia and New Zealand."

Senator King attributed the independence review to recent developments, but said that the United States should nevertheless abide by the ultimate desire of the Filipino people.—United Press.

Changing Present Law

Washington, Oct. 9. Senator Alben Barkley to delay temporarily blocked Senator Downey's motion that the Senate recess for three days pending the outcome of the European peace moves.

He asked Senator Johnson to delay the proposed until Senator Sheridan Downey had completed his speech against the Neutrality Act, and he would not obstruct a later vote on the proposal.

Bishop Hall Honoured

CHUNGKING, Oct. 10 (Central News).—In the National Independence Day's Honours List, Bishop R. O. Hall, of Hongkong, is decorated with the Red Freedom Stone Medal, Inlaid with White and Blue, with Collar Ribbon. Monsignor Mario Zanin, Apostolic Delegate to China, is awarded with the Blue Jade Medal, with Breast Ribbon. Twenty-two other foreigners are included in the Independence Day Honours List.

R.A.F. Activity In The War

London, Oct. 10. "During the first four weeks of war submarines were sighted by aircraft on 72 occasions, and 34 attacks were delivered; some of which were undoubtedly successful," declared Sir Kingsley Wood in the House of Commons making his promised statement on R.A.F. operations. He also revealed that a complete photographic map of the Siegfried line had been made and that many hundreds of feet above the line went into the composition of this map. Day and night reconnaissance aircraft were penetrating into the enemy's country, testing his defences, troops concentrations, said the Air Minister.

Starting claims had been made from time to time, added Sir Kingsley Wood, regarding the performance of German military aircraft, particularly the fighters. The main facts seem to be that the latest British fighters were definitely better than the German.

"Happily a specimen of the latest Messerschmidt fighter has fallen intact into French hands, so that in regard to this aircraft, at least, we shall be free to test our convictions at our convenience." Flying Men's Record Referring to the accounts already given of R.A.F. work, Sir Kingsley said they showed that the spirit of determination of the earlier generation of British flying men had been preserved unimpaired. The men who had already been in action had indeed shown to the full their courage and efficiency. "Not all have returned in paying tribute to the 'high example set by the gallant pilots and their crews who lost their lives in the performance of their duty. There is a revealing motto of one of our air squadrons—spread my wings and keep my promise—and that undoubtedly was the spirit of those brave men."

"Full recognition, too, should be given to those who have had to stand by at their war stations in the state of instant readiness which is demanded, and the strain imposed has been as great, if not greater, than if active operations were in progress."

Referring to the work of the Coastal Command, the Minister said its activities had been unremitting and strenuous in the extreme from the first day of war. The vastly greater range, speed and reliability of our aircraft is being fully utilised, in co-operation with the Navy in detecting the submarines and guiding ships to safety.—Reuter.

Premier's Statement

London, Oct. 10. It is announced that Mr. Chamberlain's war statement has been postponed until Thursday.—Reuter.

France To Mediate In China?

London, Oct. 10. It has been learned from reliable sources that a responsible French presentation has been sent to China recently, indicating that it would be desirable for China to conclude a peaceful settlement with Japan, to be negotiated through Wang Ching-wel on the best possible terms.

Such reports have aroused speculation in London as to whether Britain shares the reported French view, because of the close resemblance of the British and French policies in the Orient.

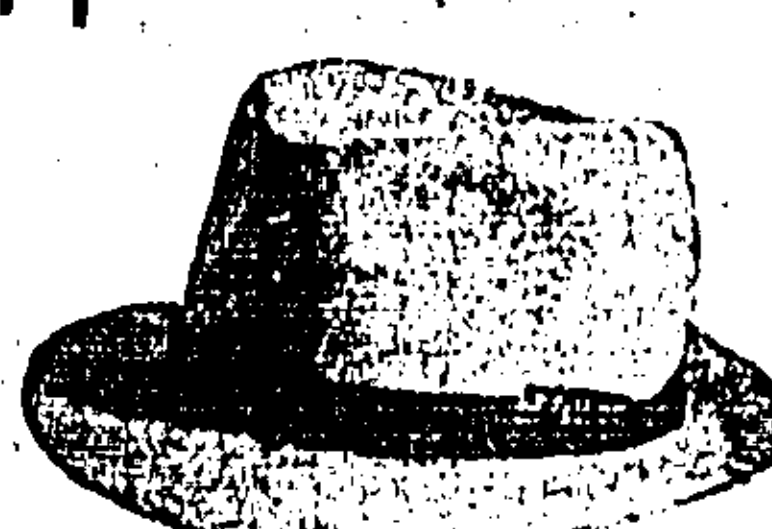
However, it is understood that Lord Halifax has repeatedly assured the Chinese Ambassador to London that Britain's policy in China remains unchanged.

The most recent report that five British gunboats have been removed from the Yangtze has created an erroneous impression that the move is symbolic of a general British withdrawal from China.

It is assumed here that the author of the French advice to China has been swayed by the consideration that Europe's preoccupation prevents further European economic aid to China or any other effective help to China.—United Press.

Japanese Not Informed

Tokyo, Oct. 10. The Foreign Office has not been informed regarding the reported French efforts to launch mediation through Mr. Wang Ching-wel. It refused to comment pending receipt of more definite information.—United Press.



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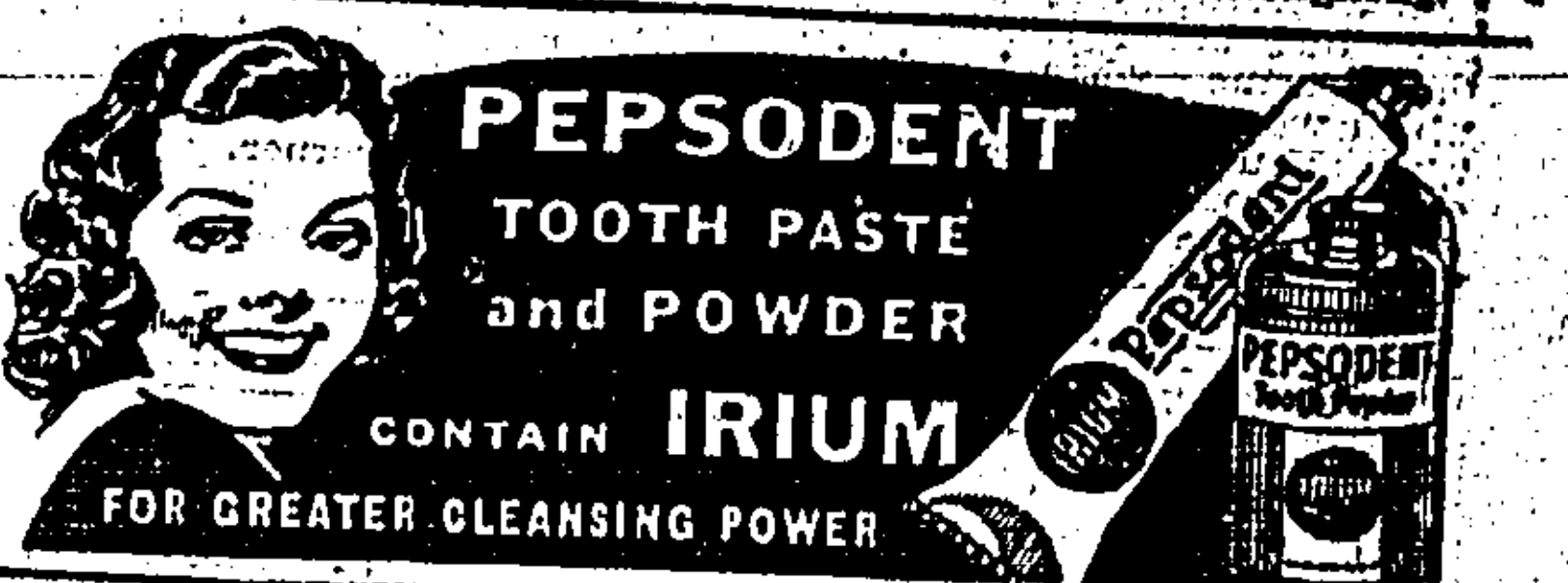
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If you suffer from coughs, lung-weakening colds or sudden chest illness, be sure to take Peps. These antiseptic, breathable tablets are pleasant to take, yet powerful enough to prevent pneumonia. Dissolved in your mouth, a Peps releases rich, medicinal essences, which mix with your breath and are carried deep into your lungs. Peps thus overcomes infectious cold and flu germs lodged in the lungs. They heal cough-throat membranes, soothe the throat and provide the surest remedy for bronchitis, sudden chills, flu and similar chest and lung weaknesses.



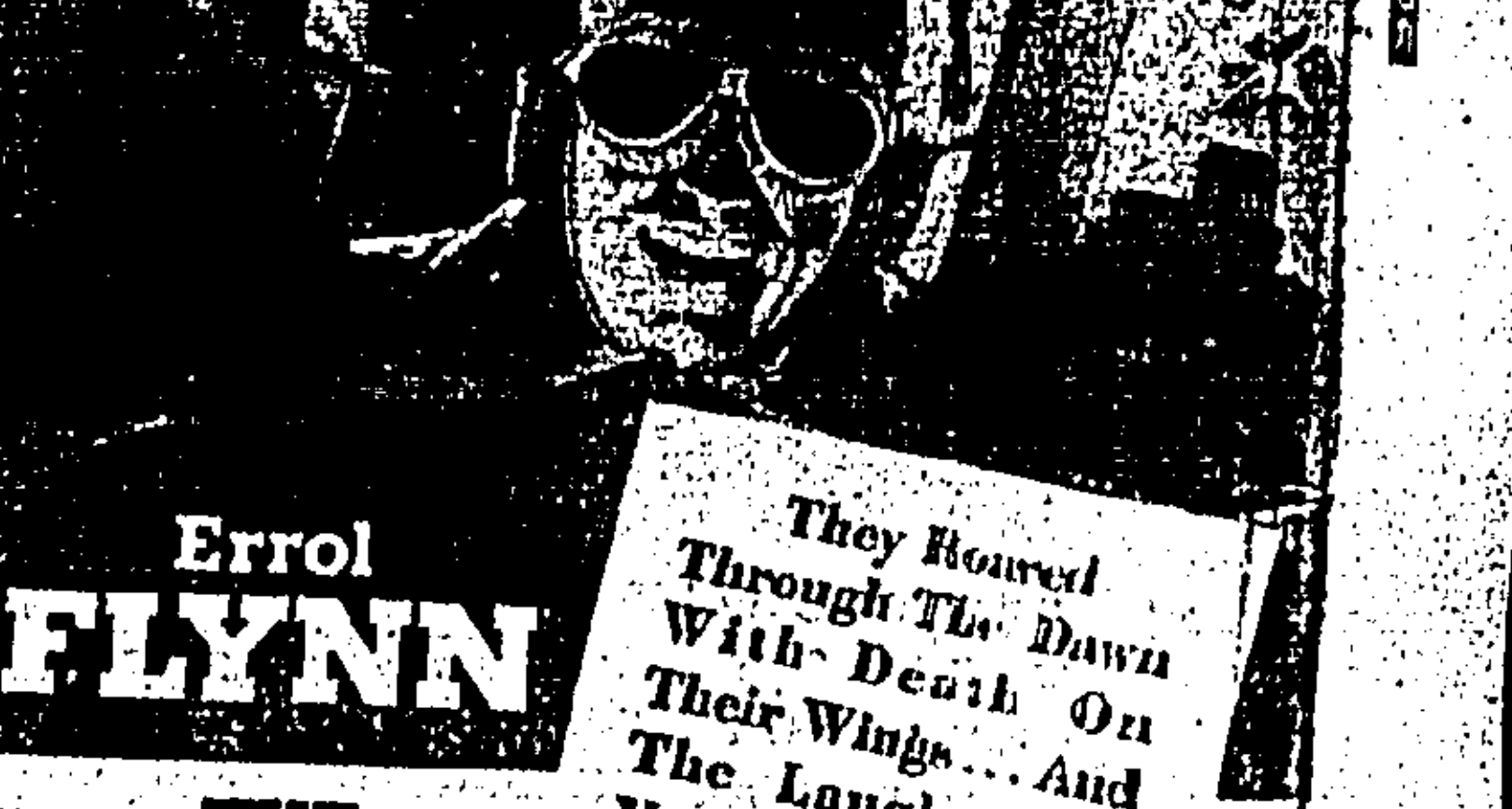
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KING'S THEATRE OPENING FRIDAY



They Raved Through The Dawn With Death On Their Wings... And The Laughter Of Youth On Their Lips!

THE Dawn Patrol Basil Rathbone David Niven



stops pain in 3 seconds

CORN'S

are killed and loosened with just one application of Gets-It. A drop or two ends the torture of throbbing corns. A few days later you can lift off the corn—root and all.

GETS-IT Makes you forget corns.

COMBINED CHINESE WIN CHARITY SOCCER GAME

DRAKE SAVES MANY GOALS FOR LOSERS

F.A. Players Reveal Out-of-Season Form

(By "Wanderer")

The 3-1 victory of the Combined Chinese over the Football Association team in the charity football match at Happy Valley yesterday was flattering to the losers, for on form display there was at least a five-goals difference between the teams. However, it must be remembered that the majority of the Chinese team have just returned from a football tour of the South Seas, and are, therefore, in good soccer condition, whereas the Association players are at the commencement of a new season and not yet in form.

His Excellency the Governor and Lady Northcote, the Hon. Mr. N. L. Smith, the Hon. Sir Robert Kewell, the Hon. Mr. M. K. Lo and Mr. W. Pryde were spectators.

To Drake (Middlesex), who took the place of Jackson (Middlesex) in goal, must go much of the credit for the small difference. He played an excellent game; two of the goals came in swiftly at sharp angles from close range, while the third—from a corner kick—was headed in from behind his back. On three particular occasions he saved brilliantly. Lee Wal-long was goalless. He hardly moved a yard throughout the game, with one of the defending backs, Blackburn and Bone, being in attendance, and such effective smothering also contributed greatly to the comparatively small score, for though the tactics left Fung King-cheung with quite an appreciable amount of freedom, this wily player spent a successful, but for the most part ineffective, afternoon dribbling and indulging in the short-passing game with his right wing partner, Yeung Shui-yick. Twice Fung had only the goal to beat, but ballooned over the bar the first time, and was robbed by the merest fraction of a second.

The Association forward line seldom penetrated far. Fowler, in the centre, tried hard with A. V. Gosano and E. L. Stirling on his left, but the right wing combination of Emberson and Thorburn was awkward, and, oddly enough, it seemed on this wing that the Association frequently attacked. Emberson claimed the loser's only goal, which followed from a free kick.

EARLY THRILLS
The Chinese kicked off and after five minutes play, Fung, in a typical effort, wriggled his way through, but failed in his last effort when a pass to waiting Lee Wal-long might have had better results. The next thrills came when Lee took a shot which was smothered by Bone, and which Yeung Shui-yick sent a low centre across the goalmouth with no one to take it. Middle field play followed, and then Hau Ching-to, on

the left, cleverly forced a corner by kicking against Hussain, and from the resultant kick Fung got his head to the ball and sent it into the goal, only to be beaten by seconds by the whistle for off-side.

Towards the close of the first half, Fowler and Lee Kwok-wai came into collision, and Lee was carried off for several minutes. He returned just before the rest period, but in the meantime Fung had all but scored twice. Drake saved on both occasions. Fung's second effort was particularly good. From just inside the penalty area he wheeled on the ball and flashed in a low rising shot, but Drake jumped across, deftly caught the ball and cleared.

The first goal for the Chinese came two minutes before the interval. Yeung received on the wing and carried the ball down the cross-bar, ending in a grass-cutter which found the back of the net.

The Chinese took up the attack following the rest from where they had left off, and after ten minutes play Yeung sent over a high centre which almost scored the cross-bar, and Hau Ching-to met it with his head to score the second goal.

ASSOCIATION SCORE
For a brief period following, the Association forwards moved determinedly into the Chinese half. Their efforts were rewarded by Emberson's goal from a free-kick. Fowler received and sent the ball across to the right where Emberson shot it past Tam Kwai-hon.

For some minutes yet the Association continued the attack and though it was met with calm and sure resistance there was the feeling that the equaliser might have come along at any moment. The Chinese backs and halves, however, prevailed and play once again went down to the other end. The Association's defence was hard-pressed and many of the Chinese moves only failed through over-elaboration. Lee Wal-long was brought down outside the penalty area and took the kick himself. Drake met the drive with his shoulder and conceded a corner.

It was no surprise when Hau Ching-to registered the final goal of



An anxious moment in the Association's triumph during the charity soccer game at Happy Valley, which the Combined Chinese won by 3-1. Fung King-cheung seen waiting for the ball from a corner kick. He scored but the goal was disallowed by an off-side.—S. A. J. Photographer.

Joe Louis To Defend Title

New York, Oct. 10.
Joe Louis' manager, Mike Jacobs, has announced that Louis will defend his title against the Chilean Arturo Godoy, on February 9.—United Press.

ARMSTRONG WINS

Des Moines, Oct. 10.
Henry Armstrong, 141½ lbs., gained a technical knockout over Manfred, 146½ lbs., after 135 seconds in the fourth round.
A crowd of 6,500 watched the fight in which Manfred was punished until he was virtually helpless.—United Press.

The match. Leung Wing-chiu, Lee Wai-long and Fung King-cheung gave a pretty exhibition of passing before dropping the ball to Hau Ching-to, on the left with the Association defenders more or less around his three team-mates, gave Drake hardly a chance of saving.

The teams were:
COMBINED CHINESE—Tam Kwai-hon (S.C.A.A.), Lee Tin-sang and Lee Kwok-wai (S.C.A.A.), Yeung Shui-yick (S.C.A.A.), Fung King-cheung (S.C.A.A.) and Seong Ling-sang (S.C.A.A.).
ASSOCIATION TEAM—Drake (Middlesex), Blackburn (Police), and Bone (Club); Hussain (St. Joseph's), Sheehan (Middlesex), and Hornsby (St. Joseph's); Fowler (Club), A. V. Gosano (St. Joseph's), and E. L. Stirling (Club).

Hongkong Schools Win Challenge Cup

By a goal scored in the second half, the Hongkong Schools beat the Kowloon Schools 2-1 for the Schools Challenge Cup, which, together with medals for the players, was presented by His Excellency at the conclusion of the game.

Outstanding for Kowloon was W. C. Pryde (C.B.S.), who scored their only goal. R. Silva (St. Joseph's College) proved a tricky leader for the Hongkong team, and had the honour of netting the deciding goal of the match. Hongkong scored first through Chan Yee-fong (Wah Yan).

The Kowloon defence was the better of the two, and had Pryde had better assistance from his fellow-forwards, they would have undoubtedly won. It was in the second half that the Hongkong forward line proved its merits, and the closing minutes were full of excitement in the Kowloon half. On one occasion the ball was lifted right on the goal line as it was running into the net with the goalie out of position.

The teams were:
KOWLOON—Wong Chi-cheung (Wah Yan), Tong Eng-long (D.B.S.) and H. Smith (C.B.S.); L. Xavier (La Salle), Colas (La Salle) and Peter Kwok (Wah Yan); T. Macaulay (D.B.S.), Brown (C.B.S.), W. C. Pryde (C.B.S.), Games (C.B.S.), W. H. Mathias (La Salle), HONGKONG—Chang Chung-sung (St. Joseph's), W. Ho (St. Joseph's), Hu Yip-jung (St. Joseph's) and Chan Yung-ming (St. Stephen's); Ko King-sum (St. Stephen's), Wong Kee-kin (S.M.S.), Stephen (St. Joseph's), Chan Yee-fong (Wah Yan) and B. Abbas (St. Joseph's).

Cricket—

PEARCE SCORES 56 AND TAKES 8 FOR 25

The annual cricket match between the Hongkong C.C. and the Kowloon C.C. which was played on an easy ground yesterday resulted in an easy win for the Club by 115 runs. T. A. Pearce was the hero of the day, taking 8 wickets for 25 runs after scoring 56. Keeping an excellent length and turning sharply from the off he soon had the Kowloon batsmen in difficulties. On two occasions he took two wickets with successive balls.

The Hongkong C.C. batted first, and at lunch had 149 for 3 wickets on the board. On the return to the field, however, Anderson and Lloyd were rejuvenated bowlers, and the Club were all out for the addition of only 35 further runs.

The K.C.C. batsmen were routed, and were all out for 69 runs. With two hours left for play, each side took one hour at the crease. Kowloon scored 134 for 9 wickets, reaching being top-scorer with 53, reaching the boundary on 11 occasions. The Club lost 6 wickets for 140 runs, the highest contribution being from Haynes, who hit 4 four's and a six.

The scores were:
J. E. Richardson, b. Baxter 50
L. T. Ride, c. Baxter, b. Lloyd 40
T. A. Pearce, c. Baxter, b. Anderson 56
D. J. Bosanquet, c. Baxter, b. Anderson 14
J. L. C. Pearce, c. and b. Anderson 1
D. McAllister, b. Anderson, b. Lloyd 1
W. F. L. Haynes, c. and b. Lloyd 1
S. O. Rice, c. and b. Lloyd 1
G. E. R. Dwyer, c. and b. Anderson 1
J. H. Fox, c. and b. Anderson 1
Extras 4
Total 184

Bowling Analysis:
Lloyd 10 1 43 1
Anderson 9 1 43 1
Gray 3 1 28 1
Total 22 3 114 3
Extras 4
Total 26 3 118 3

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Extras 4
Total 26 3 118 3

Yesterday's Cash Sweeps

The following were the lucky cash sweep numbers at yesterday's Race Meeting at Happy Valley:

Race No. 1
No. 608 \$1,450.00
No. 818 410.00
No. 818 208.00
Unplaced ponies (\$50 each): No. 500, \$2,000.00
Number of tickets sold, 3,000.

Race No. 2
No. 1315 \$1,747.20
No. 1022 493.20
No. 1022 246.60
Unplaced ponies (\$50 each): No. 1943, \$971.60
Number of tickets sold, 3,350.

Race No. 3
No. 3333 \$1,232.40
No. 1030 316.20
No. 1030 158.10
Unplaced ponies (\$50 each): No. 2028, \$1,014.00
Number of tickets sold, 2,700.

Race No. 4
No. 2023 \$1,248.00
No. 2023 312.00
No. 2023 156.00
Unplaced ponies (\$50 each): No. 284, \$1,424.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,000.

Race No. 5
No. 1091 \$1,373.50
No. 2555 343.88
No. 2555 171.94
Unplaced ponies (\$50 each): No. 2794, \$1,397.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,375.

Race No. 6
No. 2974 \$2,061.00
No. 2974 515.25
No. 2974 257.63
Unplaced ponies (\$50 each): No. 77, \$3,850.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,350.

Race No. 7
No. 2819 \$3,500.00
No. 2819 875.00
No. 2819 437.50
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): No. 1,000, \$1,000.00
Number of tickets sold, 3,750.

Race No. 8
No. 1251 \$2,023.40
No. 1251 505.85
No. 1251 252.93
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): No. 261, \$1,305.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,100.

Race No. 9
No. 1251 \$2,023.40
No. 1251 505.85
No. 1251 252.93
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): No. 261, \$1,305.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,100.

Race No. 10
No. 1251 \$2,023.40
No. 1251 505.85
No. 1251 252.93
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): No. 261, \$1,305.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,100.

Race No. 11
No. 1251 \$2,023.40
No. 1251 505.85
No. 1251 252.93
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): No. 261, \$1,305.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,100.

Race No. 12
No. 1251 \$2,023.40
No. 1251 505.85
No. 1251 252.93
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): No. 261, \$1,305.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,100.

Race No. 13
No. 1251 \$2,023.40
No. 1251 505.85
No. 1251 252.93
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): No. 261, \$1,305.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,100.

Race No. 14
No. 1251 \$2,023.40
No. 1251 505.85
No. 1251 252.93
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): No. 261, \$1,305.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,100.

Race No. 15
No. 1251 \$2,023.40
No. 1251 505.85
No. 1251 252.93
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): No. 261, \$1,305.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,100.

Race No. 16
No. 1251 \$2,023.40
No. 1251 505.85
No. 1251 252.93
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): No. 261, \$1,305.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,100.

Race No. 17
No. 1251 \$2,023.40
No. 1251 505.85
No. 1251 252.93
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): No. 261, \$1,305.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,100.

Race No. 18
No. 1251 \$2,023.40
No. 1251 505.85
No. 1251 252.93
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): No. 261, \$1,305.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,100.

Race No. 19
No. 1251 \$2,023.40
No. 1251 505.85
No. 1251 252.93
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): No. 261, \$1,305.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,100.

Race No. 20
No. 1251 \$2,023.40
No. 1251 505.85
No. 1251 252.93
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): No. 261, \$1,305.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,100.

Race No. 21
No. 1251 \$2,023.40
No. 1251 505.85
No. 1251 252.93
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): No. 261, \$1,305.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,100.

Race No. 22
No. 1251 \$2,023.40
No. 1251 505.85
No. 1251 252.93
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): No. 261, \$1,305.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,100.

ARMY RUGBY TRIALS

Indications of Stronger Pack Than Last Year

(By "Fly-Half")

The Army held their first trial games yesterday at Soekunpo. Four officers took to the field during the afternoon, was fought out between the first game which was begun at 2 p.m. was fought out between two well-balanced sides; borne out by the score—three points each. Beginning of the season atmosphere was evidenced by over-enthusiasm and rash kicking. The kicking for touch left much to be desired. Players repeatedly tried to get the ball into touch far beyond their ability, with the result that frequently a battle took place with the players standing still and the ball going back and forth.

In the first game, "A" v. "B," the "A" men showed an initiative but found the stout defence of the "B" team a stumbling block. Lt. Douglas, who resumes rugby in the Colony after an absence of a season when he was home taking a course, played well at stand-off half for the "A" team. His combination with Lt. Dunlop was the best on the field. Douglas found his vis-a-vis, Lt. Hook, hard to suppress. Boe showed that he has lost none of his elusiveness and also his distracting tendency to wander back amongst the ruck of the players instead of keeping the ball in the open side of the field.

CLEVER MOVEMENT
A very clever piece of play was shown by Boe after a grand passing movement in which the ball travelled from the base of the scrum to Lt. Douglas. Douglas made good before he passed to Waite, who sent it on to Boe, who went for the corner flag; but on being edged towards the touch line, he reversed-passed, before he was tackled, to Lang who cut in from the wing to take the ball in full flight and score, bringing off one of the cleverest of movements seen here for some time.

Lt. Lomax was the more reliable full-back. Both were inclined to let the ball bounce before gathering. In the second half, Lomax was played on the wing for the "A" XV, where he was not given much to do.

Lt. Riddell, a former Blackheath and Army player, Capt. Duke and Lt. Pinkerton were outstanding in the "A" pack. Riddell made good use of his height and weight in the line-outs. Pinkerton is reputed to have the speed of a three-quarter, for Lt. Hook made many openings, for him not a little. The ball was generally late in reaching him, this leaving him little time to get in motion before the wing-forwards and opposite scrum half were on him.

Lt. Hewitt was the more successful hooker. In the loose and in the line-outs Boustead and Berry were often in the line-light. Berry was probably the most successful line-out worker on the field, but at the cost of extraordinary effort. The ball was generally late in reaching him, this leaving him little time to get in motion before the wing-forwards and opposite scrum half were on him.

The impression gained from the game is that the Army will have a powerful pack, stronger and speedier than their fiery eight of last season, and that the backs will be dangerous when in possession, but with their defence questionable.

SECOND GAME
The game between the "C" and "D" teams was more notable for enthusiasm and keenness of the players than for good rugby. Mugeridge and Ross did some good work.

This afternoon the Police begin their season with a friendly game against the Middlesex at the Police ground while the Club hold their second trial at Happy Valley.

The Teams were:
"A" XV—Lieut. Givay (R.F.), Sgt. Artinay (R.F.), Lieut. Waite (R.F.), Capt. Boe (R.F.), Lieut. Lang (R.F.), Lieut. Douglas (R.F.), Capt. Duke (R.F.), Lieut. Pinkerton (R.F.), Lieut. Hewitt (R.F.), Corp. Davis (R.F.), Lieut. Riddell (R.F.), Capt. Duke (R.F.), "B" XV—Lieut. Lomax (R.F.), Lieut. Jones (R.F.), Lieut. Sturworth (R.F.), Lieut. Marshall (R.F.), Lieut. Richards (R.F.), Lieut. Hook (R.F.), Capt. Boe (R.F.), Lieut. Boustead (R.F.), Lieut. Hewitt (R.F.), Corp. Davis (R.F.), Lieut. Riddell (R.F.), Capt. Duke (R.F.).

The Teams were:
"C" XV—Lieut. Givay (R.F.), Sgt. Artinay (R.F.), Lieut. Waite (R.F.), Capt. Boe (R.F.), Lieut. Lang (R.F.), Lieut. Douglas (R.F.), Capt. Duke (R.F.), Lieut. Pinkerton (R.F.), Lieut. Hewitt (R.F.), Corp. Davis (R.F.), Lieut. Riddell (R.F.), Capt. Duke (R.F.), "D" XV—Lieut. Lomax (R.F.), Lieut. Jones (R.F.), Lieut. Sturworth (R.F.), Lieut. Marshall (R.F.), Lieut. Richards (R.F.), Lieut. Hook (R.F.), Capt. Boe (R.F.), Lieut. Boustead (R.F.), Lieut. Hewitt (R.F.), Corp. Davis (R.F.), Lieut. Riddell (R.F.), Capt. Duke (R.F.).

The Teams were:
"C" XV—Lieut. Givay (R.F.), Sgt. Artinay (R.F.), Lieut. Waite (R.F.), Capt. Boe (R.F.), Lieut. Lang (R.F.), Lieut. Douglas (R.F.), Capt. Duke (R.F.), Lieut. Pinkerton (R.F.), Lieut. Hewitt (R.F.), Corp. Davis (R.F.), Lieut. Riddell (R.F.), Capt. Duke (R.F.), "D" XV—Lieut. Lomax (R.F.), Lieut. Jones (R.F.), Lieut. Sturworth (R.F.), Lieut. Marshall (R.F.), Lieut. Richards (R.F.), Lieut. Hook (R.F.), Capt. Boe (R.F.), Lieut. Boustead (R.F.), Lieut. Hewitt (R.F.), Corp. Davis (R.F.), Lieut. Riddell (R.F.), Capt. Duke (R.F.).

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"C" XV—Lieut. Givay (R.F.), Sgt. Artinay (R.F.), Lieut. Waite (R.F.), Capt. Boe (R.F.), Lieut. Lang (R.F.), Lieut. Douglas (R.F.), Capt. Duke (R.F.), Lieut. Pinkerton (R.F.), Lieut. Hewitt (R.F.), Corp. Davis (R.F.), Lieut. Riddell (R.F.), Capt. Duke (R.F.), "D" XV—Lieut. Lomax (R.F.), Lieut. Jones (R.F.), Lieut. Sturworth (R.F.), Lieut. Marshall (R.F.), Lieut. Richards (R.F.), Lieut. Hook (R.F.), Capt. Boe (R.F.), Lieut. Boustead (R.F.), Lieut. Hewitt (R.F.), Corp. Davis (R.F.), Lieut. Riddell (R.F.), Capt. Duke (

2100



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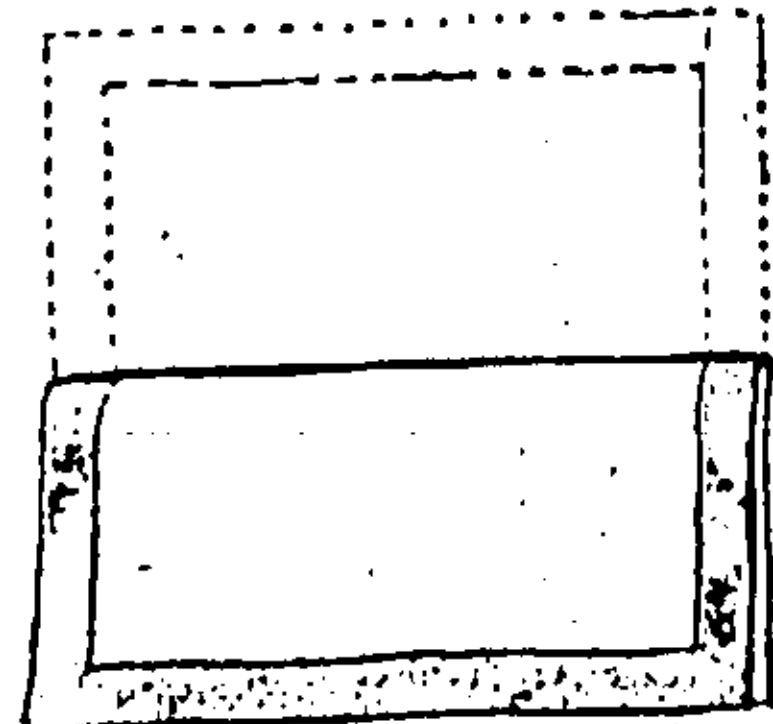
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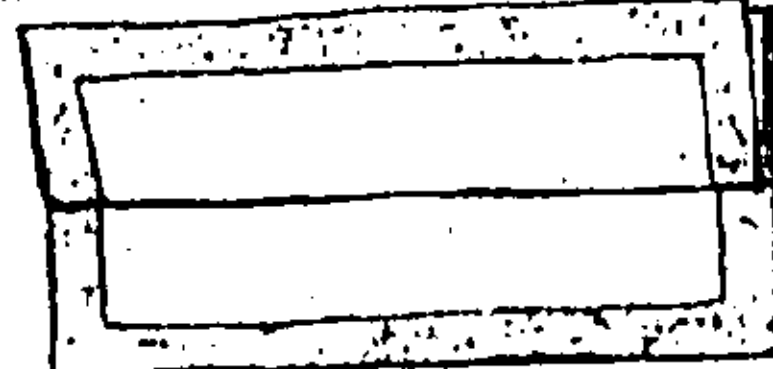
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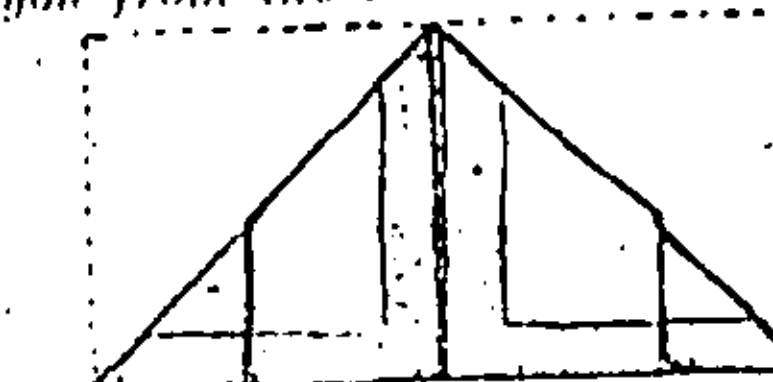
In less than half a minute and without any stitches or pins you can transform this Handkerchief into hood



1. Start by laying the handkerchief out flat on the table. Then fold it in half, drawing the top towards you, as shown above.



2. Fold the top half again, horizontally, and turn it back, as you see here. Then, holding the two top corners, lift so on—that Switzerland is the handkerchief up and reverse part lies next to the table and the smooth unfolded half faces you from the table.



3. Now fold over each top corner diagonally to the centre of the lower edge, making triangles as shown.



4. Roll up the lower edge twice—and the hood's ready to wear. The point of the triangle comes at the top back of head; the rolled edge goes round the back of the neck, and its ends are then knotted under the chin.

Olive Oil For Cleaning

OLIVE oil has many and varied uses in the home. Along with salt it is excellent for cleaning polished furniture. A sufficiency of salt should be thoroughly dried near the fire, crushed fine, and put into a double thickness of linen rag. Tie into a tight bundle.

Dip the bundle into fine olive oil and rub it well over the dull surface. After polishing with a piece of chamomile leather or a woolen rag the surface will be as bright as new.

Heat marks, too, on polished surfaces are quickly removed if rubbed with a little salt mixed with olive oil. Lacquered trays and boxes can also be restored and polished by rubbing them with olive oil.

All kinds of brassware, ornamental and even plain brass taps, will keep clean and in good condition much longer if, after polishing in the usual way, a little olive oil is applied. An excellent brass polish is made by mixing well together two parts each of olive oil, turpentine, and methylated spirits, and one part of vinegar. Bottled and well shaken before using, it makes brass beautifully bright.

Silver articles rubbed with olive oil before they are stored away will not tarnish. Curtain rings, too, will slip much more easily along brass rods if the rods are rubbed over with olive oil. Iron and steel are prevented from rusting if olive oil is well rubbed into them.

For Hats and Shoes

Shabby dark-coloured hats can also be much improved if a little olive oil is well brushed in with a stiff, clean brush. New shoes are sometimes stiff and unyielding. A little olive oil rubbed in with a soft cloth will make them more flexible. Let the shoes stand for a few days before wearing them. Rubbed well into patent leather shoes or other patent leather articles, olive oil will keep them in good, pliable condition. Olive oil and methylated spirits are excellent for tired, sore feet. Bathe the feet in hot water to which two tablespoonfuls of ordinary salt have been added. Thoroughly dry the feet and rub the oil and spirit well in.

Equal parts of olive and castor oil make an excellent tonic for hair which shows signs of dullness and dryness. Warm the oil, part the hair, and rub the oil well into the partings.

Olive oil, too, is particularly good for dry, sensitive skins, and may be applied with benefit to a bruise caused by a blow or a knock.

Edison Edward

HERE'S a useful hint that I learned on a Swiss holiday this summer.

Everywhere I went girls wore the brightest coloured little bonnets, or hoods, on their heads. Sometimes they were patterned in all the National costumes of the different Cantons, sometimes covered with the names of the principal towns in different colours, or printed with a map giving the trades or crafts for which each district is specially noted.

Or they were all-over patterned with the lovely flowers—back, as you see here. Then, holding the two top corners, lift so on—that Switzerland is the handkerchief up and reverse part lies next to the table and the smooth unfolded half faces you from the table.

DETERMINED to have one I searched the shop windows but no bonnet could I find! I saw all the designs and colours in large handkerchiefs, in silk, wool and cotton. Handkerchiefs were everywhere, but no bonnets? But finally I ventured in and enquired if perhaps the bonnets could be made to order.

"Ah, you would like a bonnet," said the smiling assistant, "I will show you," and in a jiffy she had folded up a hanky into the cutest hood. And it's so easy that you can do it, too, in a jiffy. Look at the diagrams that Winnington has drawn for you.

Any large handkerchief will do, the gayer the better. So try this Swiss bonnet and see how becoming and cosy it is.

SHORT CUTS

A little lemon juice added in cooking will keep it white and improve the flavour. Parsley, peas and mushrooms also go well with veal dishes.

Stale bread may be freshened as follows: Wrap loaf in wet cloth for a few minutes, then remove cloth and put bread in slow oven for fifteen to thirty minutes.

To give pies and biscuits a rich brown gloss, brush lightly with sweet milk before baking.

This Swiss bonnet and see how becoming and cosy it is.



It would be excellent to slip on quickly if called out by the sirens late at night—and would hide untidy hair when there's no time to spare for brush and comb. If you want to secure it permanently as a hood a tiny gold safety pin on the inside of each little tie end does it.

Uses For Tea And Coffee

AS a wash for tired eyes and sore eyelids cold tea is excellent. Applied gently with pledgets of cotton wool, it is soothing and strengthening.

Lace mats, window casements, inside of cup and saucer are dried biscuit shades if dipped in tea, the shades varying according to the strength of the tea. White wood articles, too, look nice if lightly stained with tea.

Strong tea can be used for mixing cement if a golden brown shade is wanted. Sometimes in new houses a shrinkage of the floors leaves a gap between the hearth and the wood. When tiles are of a brownish colour, the cement will tone nicely with the tiles besides filling the gap.

Coffee is not only a pleasant beverage, it is handy as a flavouring agent.

Milk is sometimes disliked in its natural state. The addition of just enough coffee to flavour it will often make it quite acceptable.

The addition of a gill of strong black coffee to three gills of milk when making junket will impart a pleasant flavour and make an agreeable change. It is acceptable, too, when plain junket is disliked.

Coffee grounds, too, can be useful. Dried and sprinkled on hot cinders and placed on an et milled plate, they will clear a room of stale tobacco smoke.

Shaken in a cloudy decanter, they quickly remove stains. They can also be used to stuff a pin-cushion.

If hot water is poured over coffee grounds, strained off and rubbed on the shiny parts of skirts, coats, etc., it will remove the glaze and also freshen them.

Moist coffee grounds sprinkled on the floor when it is brushed will, like tea leaves, keep dust from rising.

H. E.



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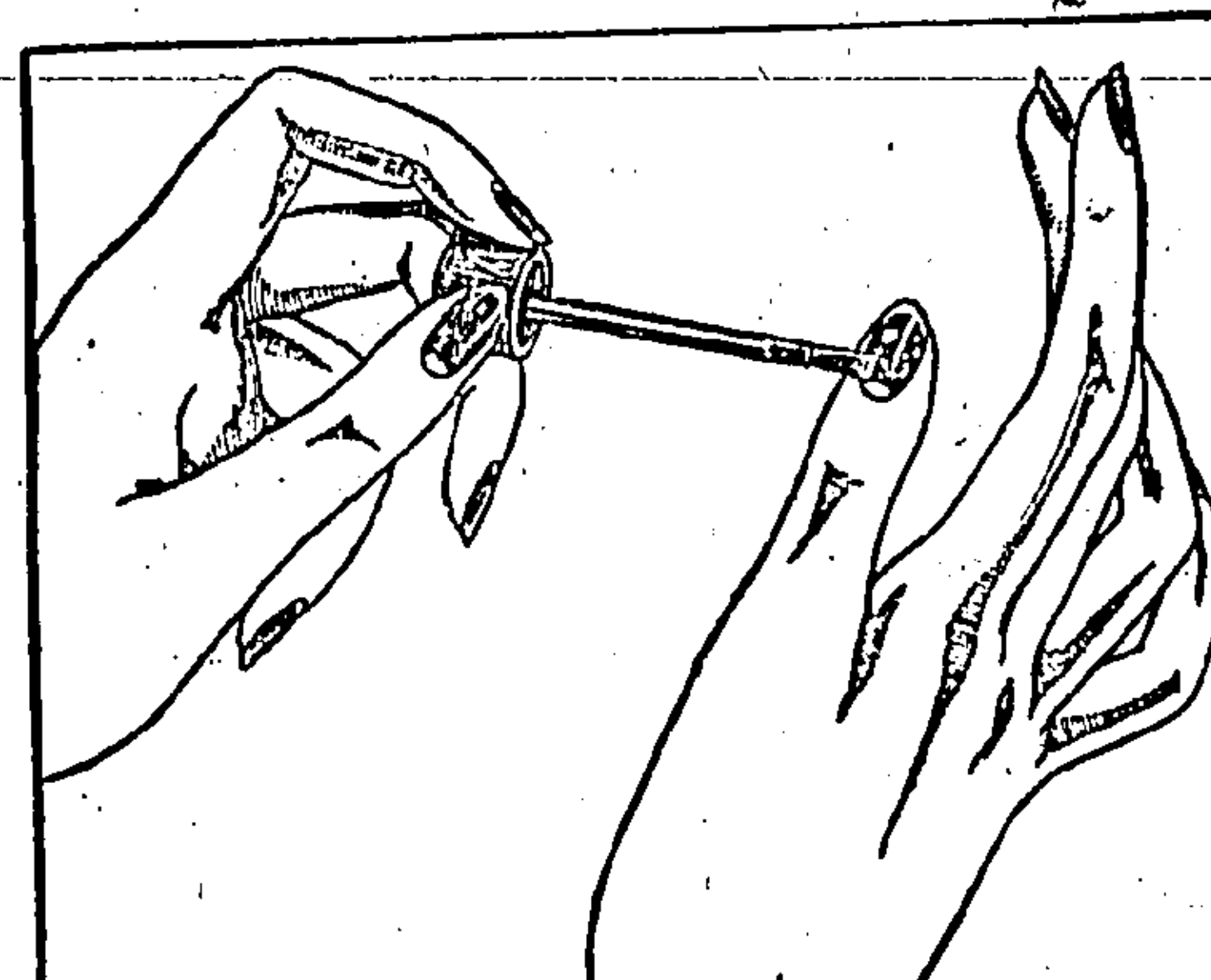
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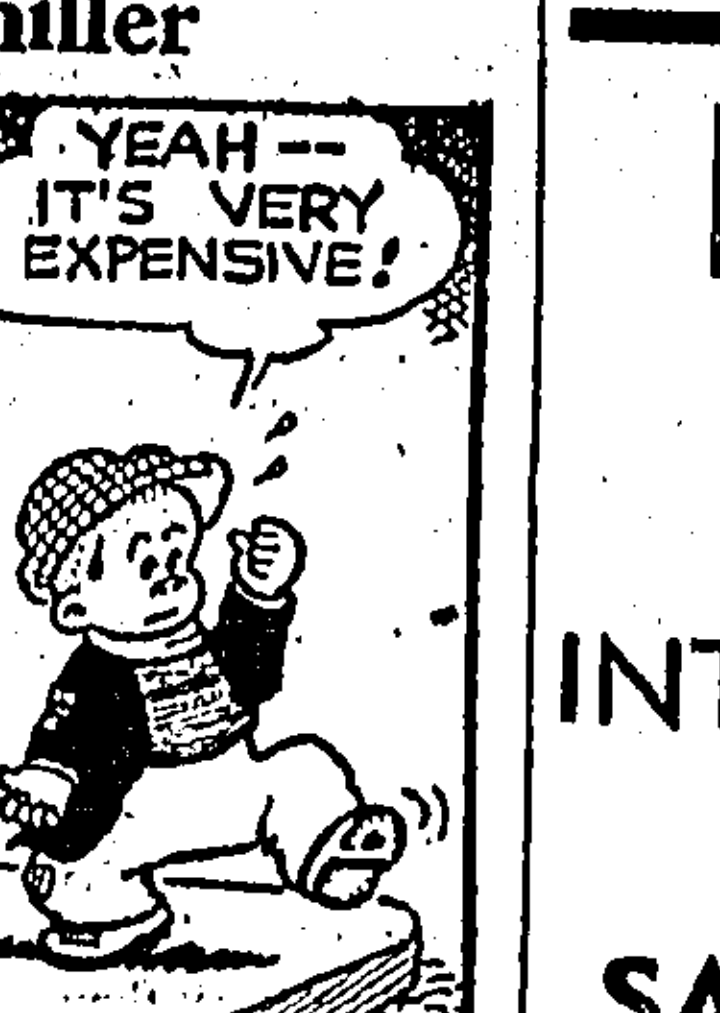
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NANCY



By Ernie Bushmiller

GRIN AND BEAR IT

By Lichty



"ou'll have to forget your personal dislikes, Hashimura. You're only to take the guest's hat and coat!"

Oslo Powers Are Worried

BRUSSELS, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The seven Oslo powers have postponed indefinitely their conference to discuss neutrality and other war questions. The postponement was decided upon when some of the nations said developments might be such that direct action by countries concerned might be necessary.

Indian To Join In Dominion Parleys

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The Government of India have accepted the United Kingdom Government's invitation to send a representative to participate in the forthcoming discussions with Dominion Ministers in London.

Holland To Buy A.A. Batteries

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The Netherlands are starting funds to purchase anti-aircraft batteries for towns in which they live.

TREAT FOR KIDDIES

To-morrow at 5-30 p.m., Max Muller, the famous magician, is giving a special children's party at the Cathedral, when it is expected that such things as bunnies will be produced.

Belgium Is Rich In Armaments

BRUSSELS, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The Belgian Minister of National Defence gave a reassuring report on armaments to the Senatorial Committee on national defence to-day.

German Economic Mission

ISTANBUL, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The German Economic Mission to Afghanistan has arrived here.

SUPREMACY OF ROYAL AIR FORCE ESTABLISHED

(Continued from Page 1.)

marine commander from attacking a convoy.

Almost daily there have been clashes with the enemy, and units of the coastal command are successfully carrying out services vital to our war efforts.

Again referring to the reconnaissance over Germany, Sir Kingsley Wood said hundreds of hours of flying had been recorded. Vital military information had been gained and units had familiarised themselves with the country.

Augmenting his reference to the mapping of the Siegfried Line, Sir Kingsley said, "A few days ago, aircraft taking off from an aerodrome in France covered the whole length of Germany from the said aerodrome to the North Sea. They flew on to Holland and then made a safe landing home in England."

"Long reconnaissance flights of 1,000 miles or so have been carried out at night under weather conditions of great difficulty."

Leaflet "Bombings"

"The distribution of messages to the German people over large areas of enemy territory, which had been combined with successful reconnaissance in giving information to the people in Germany," Sir Kingsley added.

"A number of the messages were recently found in possession of the German prisoners, notwithstanding the pains and penalties threatened against persons who picked up such communications."

Sir Kingsley referred to the German official bulletin which stated that Berlin citizens slept quietly through the British flight over Berlin, and said "Our airmen, on their return, spoke of firing and searching encounters, so we can only conclude that the people of Berlin must be very heavily asleep."

"For sometime now the R.A.F. have been established in France alongside the gallant French squadrons. Everywhere they have been received with kindness and hospitality."

"The move of the squadrons to France with all associated equipment proceeded with the greatest smoothness."

Sir Kingsley said that on some other occasions he would tell the House the valuable and devoted work done by the other commands including the Overseas Commands in the Mediterranean, Middle East, Iraq, India and the Far East.

Recruiting Success

Referring to recruitment and equipment, Sir Kingsley said during the first fortnight of the war 10,000 men were accepted for service as pilots, crew, and maintenance personnel. Training and organisation had been expanded on a vast scale to produce a further large number of pilots, observers and air-gunners required.

"All sorts of claims have been made in German reports as to the numbers of our aircraft shot down. Of course we must have our casualties. Some German claims have been accurate, but others have been grossly exaggerated."

Ready To Strike Hard

Referring to the "mysterious affair at Friedrichshagen," Sir Kingsley said, "Neither the French nor ourselves were responsible for this mythical raid."

Referring to aircraft strengths, Sir Kingsley said, "The R.A.F. is ready to strike and strike hard and at any time to make its full and effective contribution to winning the war. We have built up aircraft production on broad foundations. At the outbreak of war, our rate of production represented an achievement unprecedented in this country in time of peace. Now our factories are every day increasing their labour force."

"New factories are also nearly completed and fresh sub-contractors are being enlisted daily. In due course this will mean the rate of production will be more than twice the considerable figure we have now reached."

"The Cabinet has made a fresh examination of the whole position and authority has been given and is being put into immediate effect to ensure considerably increased facilities against the possible effects of enemy action."

"We are acting also in full co-operation with France in many of our productive plans. Military aviation and production in France have recently made great strides and much mutual advantage has been obtained by a full and free interchange of experience and ideas."

Dominion Co-operation. Referring to Dominion co-operation, Sir Kingsley said, "Nothing has given us greater encouragement since the war began than the keen desire of all

ROOSEVELT WINS TEST VOTE

First Round Success In Neutrality Issue

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—By 65 to 20 votes, the Administration won the first test vote on President Roosevelt's neutrality programme in the Senate to-day.

The issue was on the motion of Senator Tobey to recommit the neutrality bill with the object of postponing action on the repeal of the arms embargo.

Administration leaders interpreted the defeat of the motion as a test of strength on the embargo question, although this is disputed by Senator Borah, leader of the isolationist bloc.

Explosion Kills 10 In Cape Town

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—Ten people were killed to-day in an explosion in a dynamite factory. An official inquiry will be held.

Budget Approved

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The House of Commons to-day adopted the third reading of the special war budget.

parts of the Empire to play an effective part in the air defence.

"I am thinking not only of the Dominions and India, but of the Colonies as well. To-day the whole strength of the Empire is being marshalled and there is no doubt that the great Dominion effort of 25 years ago will be largely exceeded in the present conflict."

Sir Kingsley announced the rapid expansion of training school facilities in the Empire. He said that New Zealand, and said that the young men trained would join either the Air Force Squadrons in one Dominion theatre of operation, or the British R.A.F. units.

This undertaking was one of great magnitude and its development would result in a very great and rapid increase in the number of training schools.

The mission from England headed by Lord Gort, who is aided by a specially selected technical staff, was already on the way to Canada to meet corresponding missions from Australia and New Zealand. These missions would discuss with the Canadian authorities all further steps to be taken for the rapid execution of the undertaking.

S. African Air Force Expansion.

"For various reasons the Government of South Africa does not consider this scheme of air training applicable to the circumstances of that country, and they consider that their air force personnel should receive their full training at home."

"I, however, am authorised to say that the Union authorities intend to make their training as complete as possible, and expand their air forces to the fullest extent of their resources."

After remarking that the Dominions had already made individual contributions of a gallant and striking character, Sir Kingsley said the arrangements referred to were a notable illustration of the manner in which members of the Commonwealth could bring to bear the full weight and might of their individual resources to secure the achievement of their common purpose and the success of their common cause.

"I am sure the House would like to join with the Government in paying tribute to the vision and imagination of 'Dominion' statesmen who have so promptly recognised the significance of this great conception. We are most grateful to the Dominion High Commissioners in London for their helpful co-operation."

Tribute To Airman

In conclusion, Sir Kingsley recalled the late King George V's tribute to the Empire's contribution in the air to victory and said: "We shall have our dangers, our ordeals and our difficulties, but none of us doubt that when the great test comes again, our spirit of loyalty from the Motherland and overseas will once more record the same magnificent achievements, self-sacrifice and devotion to duty."

Replying to a question by Mr. Hume, Sir Kingsley said that the time is not far distant when Britain would have recovered her air supremacy over Germany which she had in 1918. Sir Kingsley said: "The steps I have indicated to-day will satisfy him that we are taking every step in this connection."

Replying to Sir Archibald Sinclair, Sir Kingsley said he understood an announcement was being made to-day that officers and men who displayed such skill at Kiel had been rewarded by the King.

A Look Through The "Telegraph"

50 YEARS AGO

Oct. 11, 1889. The population of the Australian capital has just been estimated in the respective colonies. Melbourne heads the list with 419,490 inhabitants; Sydney has 357,000; Brisbane 85,800; Adelaide 116,800; Hobart 34,400; Wellington, 30,500, and Perth 9,000. (Sydney has outstripped Melbourne—Ed.)

An enterprising Londoner advertises that he is "Porous Plaster Manufacturer" to Her Majesty, the Queen. The gentleman who supplies complaisant to dear old Vicky will be the next candidate for public favour.

25 YEARS AGO

Paris, Oct. 11, 1914. For the fourth day in succession Paris was today visited by a German aeroplane which circled over the city for twenty minutes between five and six o'clock. Its evolutions were watched by eager crowds gathered in all open spaces, while machine-guns and rifles made vigorous attempts to bring down the insolent intruder.

10 YEARS AGO

London Oct. 11, 1929. H. M. the King's eldest and youngest son, the Prince of Wales and Prince George, made separate journeys by air to Yorkshire to-day. The evolution of air transport was amazing, said the Prince, and it was apparent to all that in future no city or town would be able to hold its own without adequate facilities for aircraft.

The premises of the new Chinese Y.M.C.A. in Kowloon were decorated with flags yesterday on the occasion of the official opening by H.E. the Officer Administering the Government, the Hon. Mr. W. T. Southern, C.M.G.

On the platform there were in addition to His Excellency and the A.D.C., the Hon. Sir Henry Pollock, the Hon. Dr. S. W. Tao, Mr. D. W. Trautman, Mr. L. Chau, President, Chinese Y.M.C.A., Mr. D. B. Vice-President, Mr. Chan Fao and the Rev. Wong Oi-long, who dedicated the building with a short prayer in Chinese. Others present included Hon. Mr. R. H. Kotewall, Mr. J. H. Hunt and Mr. J. L. McPherson.

Amongst the personalities of interest who have recently arrived in Canton is General Maurice A. Cohen, who is closely connected with the Nationalist Government of China at Nanking. General Cohen was for a long time personal body-guard of the late Dr. Sun Yat-sen. Since the death of Dr. Sun, he has been very closely connected with the political movements in Canton and South China. Last year, he went to Paris and London with Mr. Wu Han-min and Mr. Sun Fo, and was received by Sir Austen Chamberlain and other important members of the British Government.

Returning to Canton at the end of last year, General Cohen remained here for about three months, until in March this year he was called north to Nanking and Peking in connection with the State funeral of the late Dr. Sun Yat-sen. It is notable that General Cohen was the only foreigner who travelled from Peking to Nanking on Dr. Sun's funeral train.

Since that time, General Cohen has been closely connected with the Ministry of Finance of the Nationalist Government. He is at present on a visit to Canton on official business. Though he would not disclose the nature of his business, it is surmised that it has to do with the re-establishment of the Central Bank notes for the Province of Kwangtung.

5 YEARS AGO

London, Oct. 11, 1934. The deaths of King Alexander of Yugoslavia and M. Louis Barthou, Foreign Minister of France, is a severe blow to the maintenance of peace in Europe, declared Sir John Gilmour, Home Secretary to-day, while speaking at Gravesend on the immediate problems of the Continent.

CHILDREN WHO WON'T EAT

There's nothing so wearing for a mother as a child who won't eat well. Usually such a child is the "nervy" highly-strung type. He picks at his food, looks pale and loses weight.

Coaxing won't improve matters. Child specialists everywhere recommend Horlicks for these "nervy" children with faded appetites.

The reason is that Horlicks not only builds bone and muscle, but it stimulates their appetites for the foods they need. In a remarkably short time they get strong, healthy, full of life and "go." And children love the taste of Horlicks. Get Horlicks to-day.

FLAG DAY

IN AID OF

THE HONGKONG INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL RELIEF COMMITTEE

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14

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Donations will be thankfully received by the Honorary Treasurer, Lady MacGregor, Flag Day Sub-Committee, P.O. Box 493, Hongkong.

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THE DAIMLER CO. LTD., COVENTRY, ENGLAND.
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"KOOL" FIBRE MATTING SEAT COVERS FOR ALL POPULAR AMERICAN CARS
"STADIUM" PICNIC SETS FOR MOTORISTS

OUR SERVICE DEPT. has the most up-to-date equipment for all kinds of Motor Repair Work.
Cars Overhauled and Serviced.
Cars Repainted
Bodywork & Upholstery-Repaired.
Batteries Charged.

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Here's Luck!

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THE HONGKONG PENINSULA HOTEL; HONGKONG HOTEL; REPULSE BAY HOTEL; & SHANGHAI HOTELS LIMITED
ASTOR HOUSE; PALACE HOTEL;
In association with the Grand Hotel des Wagons Lits, Peking



thanks to KIWI

BLACK POLISH TAN POLISHES

Polishes, Protects and Preserves... Kiwi... White Cleaner and Shoe Cream

KINOW

AIR-CONDITIONED THEATRE

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.

THE STORY OF A MAN WHO RISKED ALL FOR HONOUR
A STORY OF ENDURING COURAGE, SWEEPING EXCITEMENT, TENDER ROMANCE AND A THOUSAND THRILLS.

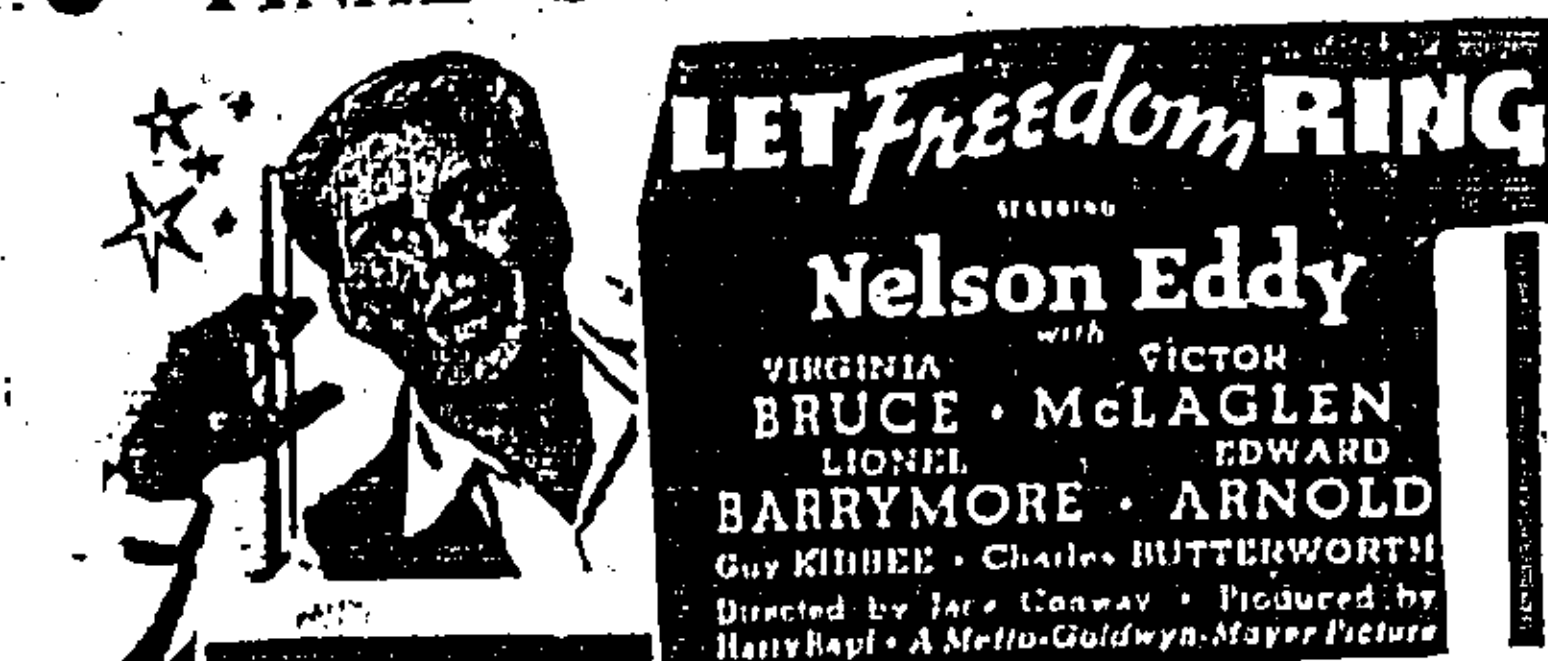


By Slight Increase in Admissions -

FRIDAY ERROL FLYNN in
Warner Bros. Picture. "THE DAWN PATROL"



FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY



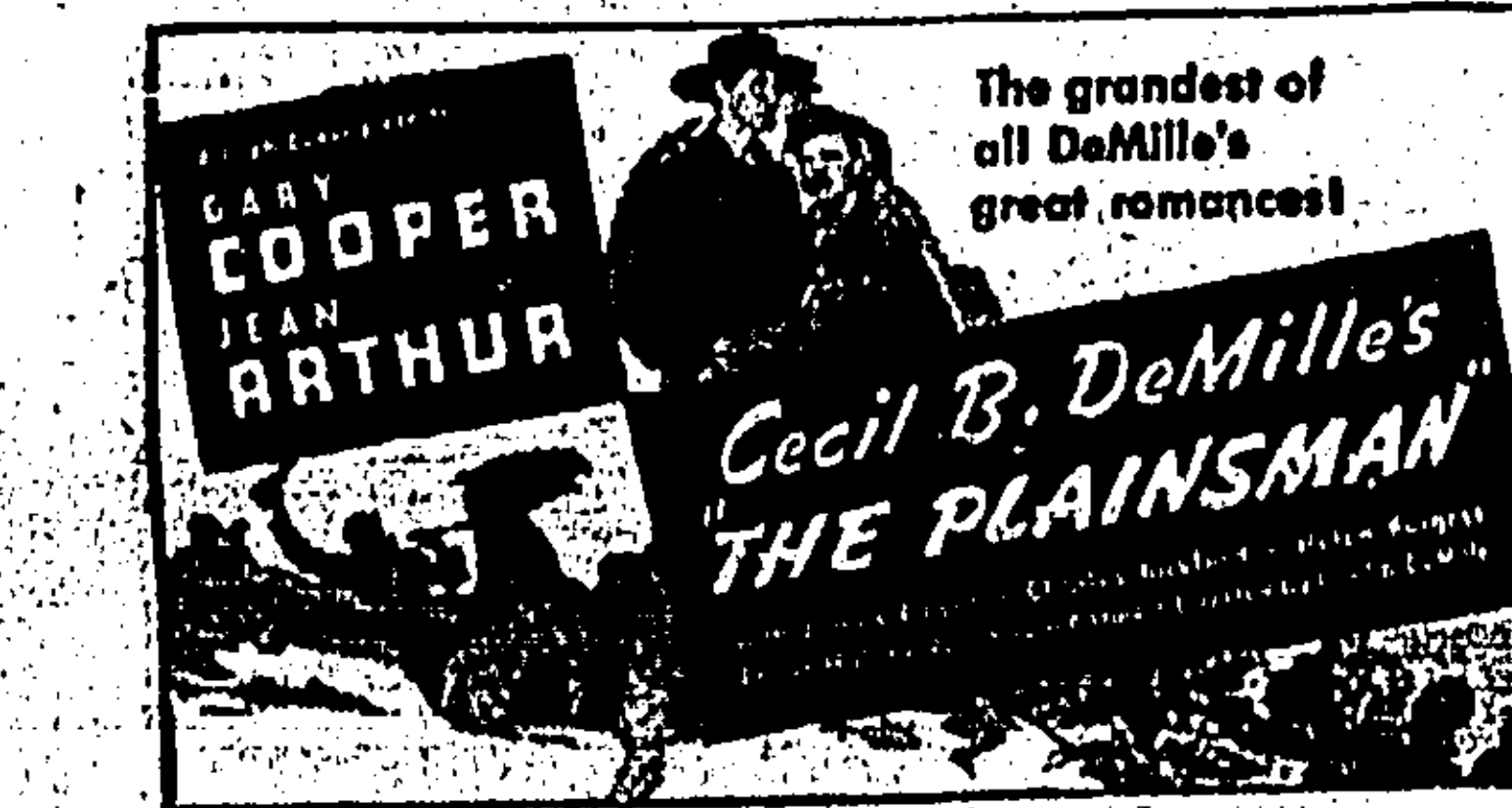
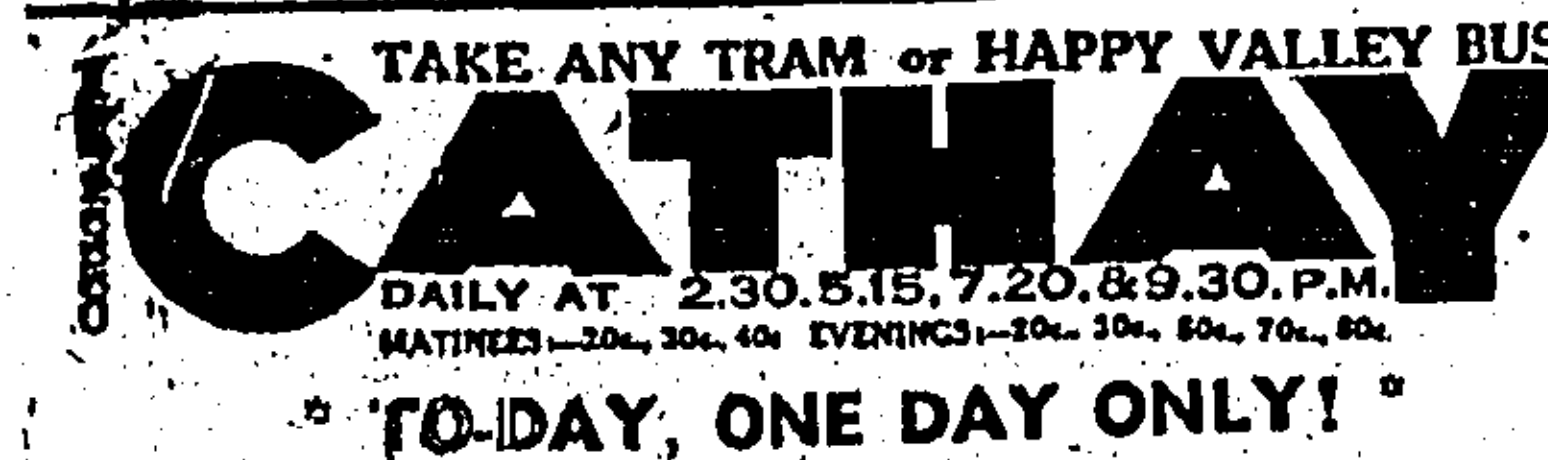
TO - MORROW JEAN HARLOW - WILLIAM POWELL
AN M-G-M PICTURE in "RECKLESS"



2 DAYS TO-DAY TO-MORROW



FEL. SAT. "WUTHERING HEIGHTS"
MATTINEES: 2.20, 3.00, 4.00. EVENINGS: 7.20, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30



TO-MORROW AND FRIDAY

CHARLIE CHAN IN RENO SIDNEY TOLER
A 20th Century-Fox Picture

LATE NEWS

Planes Versus Warships Thrilling Accounts Of N. Sea Battles

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—An Admiralty communique gives fuller details of the actions in the North Sea.

The communique says that an enemy squadron, reported and shadowed by our aerial patrol on Sunday afternoon, was aware that its presence was known. It appears to have turned back and, in the night, eluded our forces, which did not sight it.

On Monday morning, a British destroyer in a heavy sea sighted enemy aircraft and prepared to fight with her A.A. guns.

A level bombing attack was made at 5,000 feet. A bomb burst 400 yards to the starboard. A second and larger aircraft, making a similar attack, was probably hit by our guns.

Three large bombs were dropped, but fell half a mile from the ship.

The first attacker came back, tried a dive-bombing attack, but was driven off by our fire. The aircraft might have been hit.

Two bombs were dropped but missed by over 200 yards.

On the same afternoon, the British cruiser squadron was attacked by bombers, and engaged them for over an hour.

Returning towards her base, a British destroyer developed main engine defect but this was in no way connected with enemy action. She returned port safely this morning.

In none of these actions has any British ship been hit or damaged. There have been no British casualties. Enemy casualties are still unknown, but reports from neutral countries indicate that several machines failed to return to Germany.

Pilots Intended
LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The pilot of one of the German machines which landed in Norway and Denmark after a "battle" with British warships in the North Sea, had fought in Spain and wore General Franco's decorations.

All members of the crew are very young.

On Monday night the Admiralty officially announced that repeated actions had taken place in the north-east section of the North Sea between German planes and British cruisers and destroyers.

No British ships were damaged, and at the time it was thought there were no German casualties.

The German High Command claimed that two bombs had struck a British warship.

The Admiralty announces that a German naval squadron was sighted southwest of Norway on Sunday afternoon, but escaped in the darkness.

A French naval patrol successfully attacked another U-boat, says an official report.

RAEDER OFFERS RESIGNATION

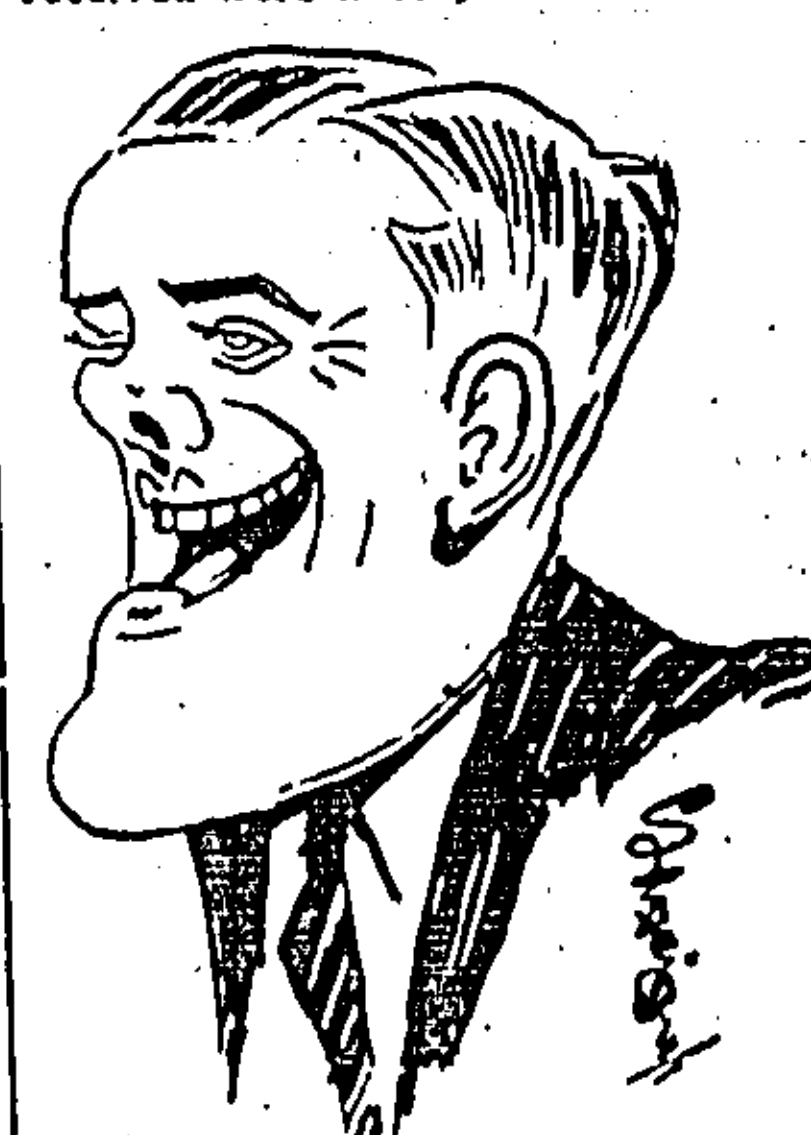
PARIS, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—Admiral Raeder, the Commander-in-Chief of the German Navy, has offered his resignation as a protest against Herr Hitler's errors in the Baltic. Herr Hitler has refused to accept the resignation, says the paper which carries the story.

Photo Contest Exhibition

Outstanding Quality Of The Entries

A LARGE number of people visited the Ninth Annual Amateur Photographic Exhibition at the South China Morning Post Building yesterday, and many expressed surprise and appreciation at the outstanding excellence of the entries.

Approximately one-third of the total number of entries have been selected for hanging, although probably eighty per cent of the studies received were worthy of being shown.



MAESTRO KOBZA

Who has been a judge in seven of the nine competitions.

The fact that all entries received this year were enlargements taxed the space available for the Exhibition, and those whose pictures are not being shown will doubtless appreciate the difficulty of securing a suitable venue.

Origin Of Competitions

It is interesting to recall the origin of the "Hongkong Telegraph" Photographic Competitions. In 1931, it was decided to conduct a "Bathing and Picnic Pictures Competition" during the summer months, and the innovation proved successful.

The majority of over one thousand entries received were mainly contact prints. Although all of the entries were exhibited, some difficulty was experienced in spreading them out in order to make a show. The following year, some of the competitors suggested that the competition should be extended to include bathing and picnic studies, were actually notable for their beauty as land or seascapes.

Standard Raised

It was then decided to raise the standard of the competition along the lines of competitions held in Europe and the United States. Sections devoted to special studies were inaugurated, the response being most gratifying.

Since then, the standard of work has improved year by year, with the result that the "Hongkong Telegraph" Annual Competition now ranks as the leading Amateur Photographic Competition in this part of the world.

For the past few years, pictures accepted in this Competition have found their way to the leading photographic centres of the world, and have been exhibited at the Royal Photographic Society's Exhibitions in London, and at exhibitions of equal merit at Amsterdam, The Hague, New York, and in various Australian cities.

Next year will mark the Competition's decennial. It is indicative of the great interest shown, that enquiries have already been received as to whether there will be any special features to celebrate the occasion. This is, of course, a question which will receive careful consideration in due course.

In view of the interest shown, the Exhibition will remain open until Friday.

Cecil Rhodes Hotel Doomed

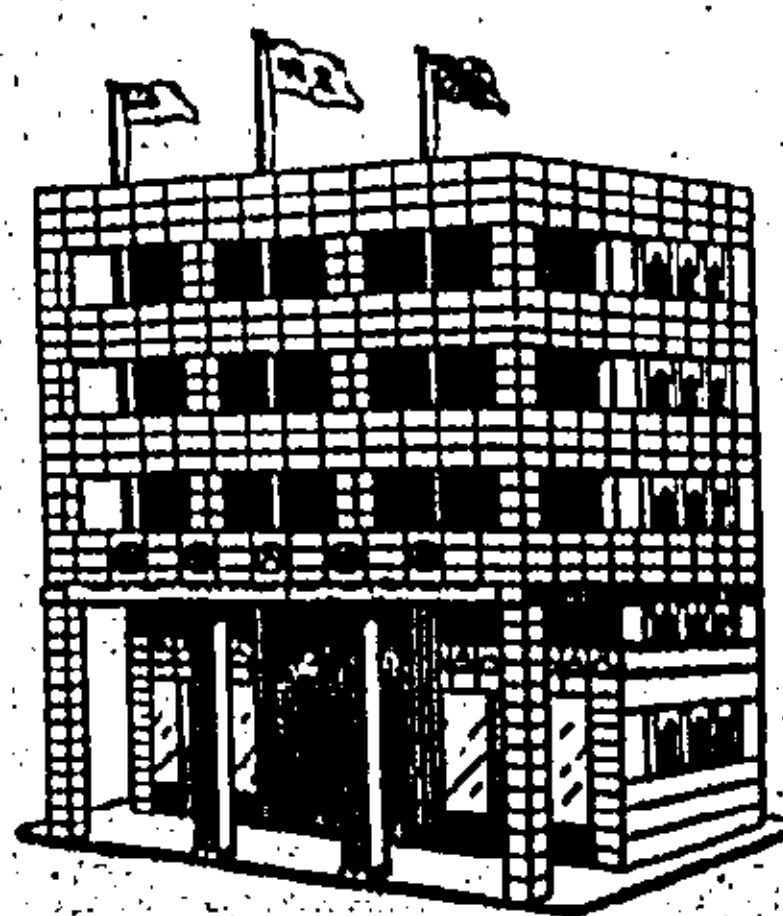
JOHANNESBURG, South Africa (U.P.).—Once the resort of Cecil Rhodes and Barney Barnato, the former Kimberley-Douglas Hotel, a landmark on the Rand Goldfields, is to be demolished to make room for extensions to an engineering works. The hotel was the first stop for coaches out of Johannesburg in the days before the railway.

Hong Kong's Latest! Announcing the Grand Opening of Golden City Restaurant

on Thursday, 12th October, 1939, at 11 a.m.

家酒大城金
124 Queen's Road Central

(almost opposite New Central Market)



—offering the finest Chinese food it is possible to give.

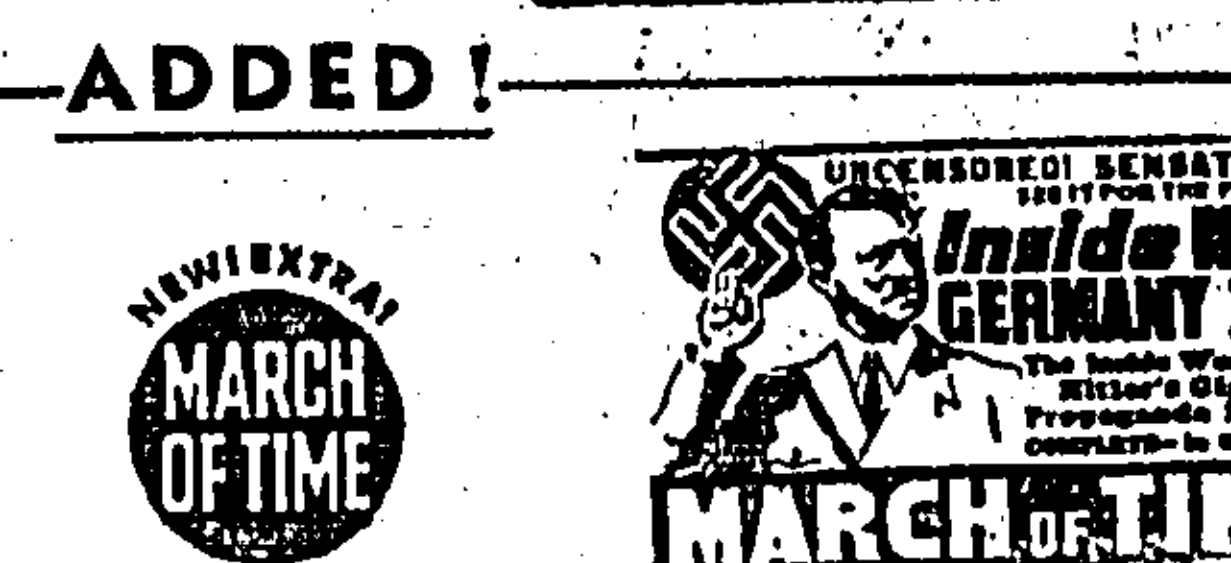
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HONG KONG KOWLOON
AT 2.30-5.15 7.20-9.30 P.M. AT 2.30-5.20-7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW

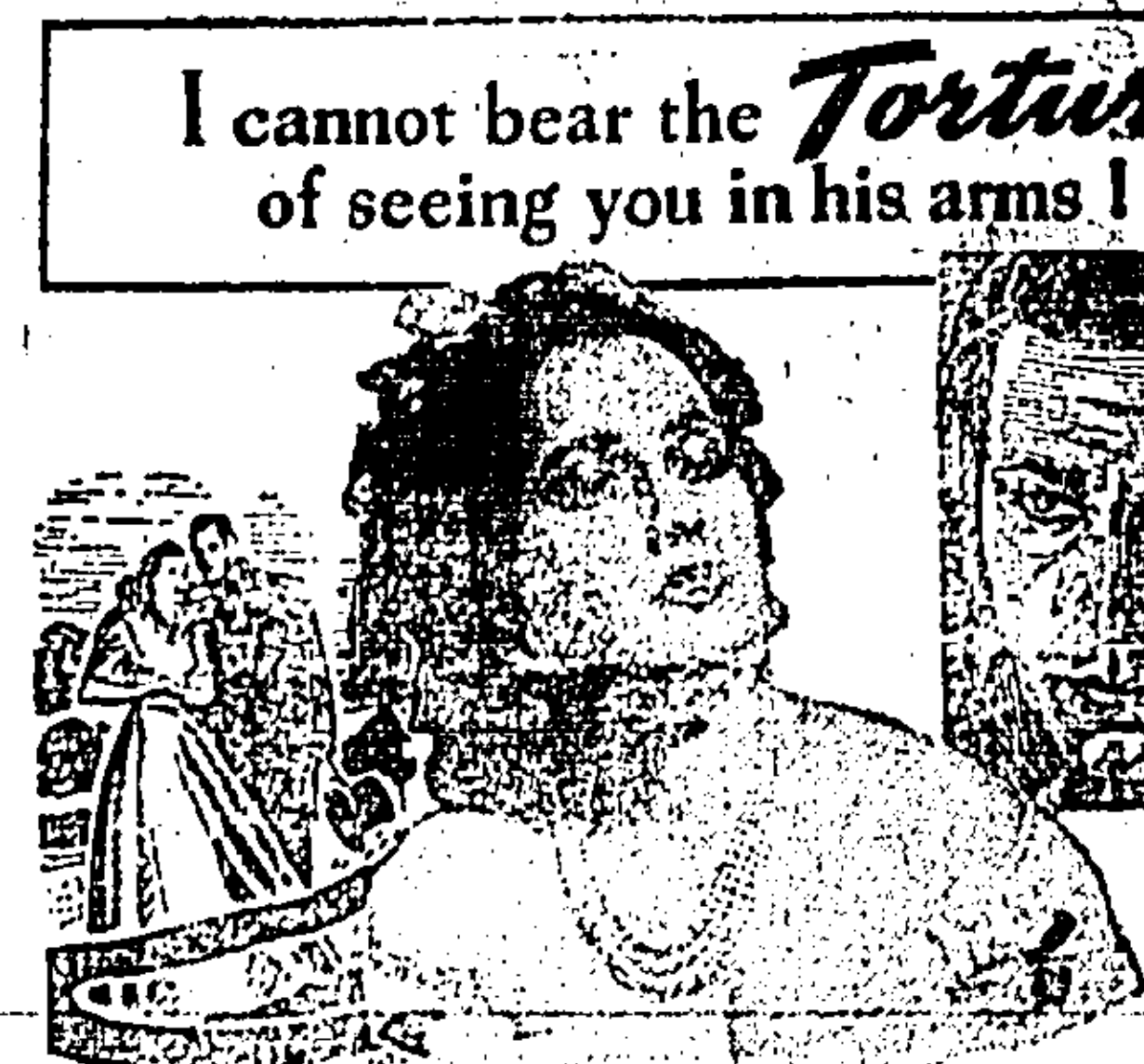


ADDED!
NEXT CHANGE
A Paramount Picture
"HOTEL IMPERIAL"
ISA MIRANDA & RAY MILLAND



TO-DAY & TO-MORROW

Emily Bronte's Powerful Drama of a Desperate Man Who Avenged a Lost Love... An Immortal Screen Version of an Immortal Novel!



COMMENCING FRIDAY
THE GREATEST HISTORICAL DRAMA OF ALL TIME!!!
NORMA SHEARER - TYRONE POWER
"MARIE-ANTOINETTE"
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Super-Production!

KILLING PUPPETS
Chungking Agency To Reward Assassins
Shanghai, Oct. 10.
Prices ranging from 10,000 yuan to 200 yuan are placed on the heads of 24 "traitors", headed by Wang Ching-wel by the "Central Research and Statistics Bureau", which is believed to be the new name of a Chungking secret agency in Shanghai.

The prices for assassinations are contained in identical letters sent to all Chinese newspapers. Sums of 10,000 yuan are offered for the heads of Wang Ching-wel and Chow Fuh-hai, former Publicity Minister in Chungking. Sums of 5,000 yuan are offered for killing Kuo Chung-wu, Chu Ming-yi, Mei Shih-ping, Tao Shih-sen or Ting Mu-chung, the last named being Director of Wang's secret service.

Only 2,000 yuan is offered for the wife of Wang Ching-wel, who was formerly Chen Pi-chung, and a former member of the Central Executive Committee of the Kuomintang.

The circulars, however, fail to disclose where the people carrying out the assassinations may obtain the rewards.—United Press.

EXTENSIVE RAIDS
Japanese Observance Of National Day
Chungking, Oct. 10.
It is reported that altogether nine batches of Japanese bombers of nine each started from Hankow aerodrome this morning for different places in free China to bomb towns celebrating the Double Tenth national independence day.

In Chungking the alarm last for two hours from 10 a.m., but no Japanese planes visited the capital. Earlier reports show that batches of planes bombed Kwelyang and Tei-lung, 40 miles south-east of Chungking. Tei-lung is an important salt producing centre which supplies salt to four provinces in free China.

One batch bombed Chengtu in the morning but no details are available. It is understood that Marshal Chiang Kai-shek was there at the time.—United Press.

HUNAN AIR RAID
Changteh, Oct. 10.
Mass air raids were again staged by Japanese planes in Hunan including Chihkiang, Yunnan and Chingyang yesterday.—Central News.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors by FARMER PENCY FRANKLIN, at 1 and 3, Wyndham Street in the City of Victoria, Hongkong.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN

What to do to help a child

Anyone knowing of a child who has been assaulted, neglected, or ill-treated in a manner likely to cause unnecessary suffering or injury to health, or knowing of a parent who is seeking advice on any matter concerning a child, would be doing an act of kindness by communicating at once with—

The Hon. General Secretary, H.K.S.P.C., Old City Hall.

The Inspector, 40, Pokfulam Road, 1st floor.

The Inspector, 15, Star St. Wanchai.

The Inspector, 12, Sai Yeung Choi St. Kowloon.

The Inspector, 52, Argyle St., Kowloon.

All further steps will be taken, and expenses borne, by the Society. The informant's name will be kept strictly private, except in cases where malice is proved.

Exchange At A Glance

SELLING	
T.T. London	1/2 1/4
Demand do.	1/2 1/4
T.T. Shanghai	31 1/2
T.T. Singapore	62 1/2
T.T. Japan	103 1/4
T.T. India	82 1/4
T.T. U.S.A.	24 1/2
T.T. Manila	49 1/4
T.T. Batavia	45 1/4
T.T. Bangkok	150 1/4
T.T. Saigon	107 1/2
T.T. France	10 1/2
T.T. Germany	107 1/2
T.T. Switzerland	107 1/2
T.T. Australia	1/6 3/4
BUYING	
4 m/s L/C London	1/3 1/4
4 m/s D/P do.	1/3 1/4
4 m/s L/C U.S.A.	25 1/4
4 m/s France	11 1/4
30 d/s India	84 1/2
U.S. Cross rate in Lon.	4.02
U.S. Cross rate in N.Y.	4.03 1/2

DALADIER'S REJECTION

(Continued from Page 1.)

and the fatherland. But the Bolsheviks only had to discover that their interests lay in coming to an agreement with the Nazis and to share Poland with them for these so-called new Jacobins to make an apology for a treacherous peace.

"But we Frenchmen will never think of confusing the French workers, whatever their political opinions, with men who sought to abuse and betray them."

"On the contrary, it is with an even stronger faith in the people that we appeal to the French brothers and to the world to stand up to the dangers and fight for the hearths and homes of civilization which made us free human beings."

German Economic Mission

ISTANBUL, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The German Economic Mission to Afghanistan has arrived here.

Vigour Restored, Glands Made Young In 24 Hours

It is no longer necessary to suffer from loss of vigour and manhood, weak memory and body, nervousness, impure blood, sickly skin, indigestion, tired legs, because Dr. America Doctor has discovered a quick, easy way to get these troubles. This discovery is in pleasant, easy-to-take tablet form, is absolutely harmless, does away with gland operations and brings new youth and vigour to thousands of men and women who are tired, nervous, and put new, rich blood and energy in your veins. In 24 hours you can see your youth and vigour restored. Your eyes sparkle, you feel alive and full of youthful vigour and power.

And this amazing, new gland and vigour has been proved by thousands in America and is now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of satisfaction or money back. Vi-Tabs must make you feel full of vigour and energy and from 10 to 20 years younger, or you must return the empty package and get your money back. A complete, double-strength bottle of Vi-Tabs costs little, and the guaranteed protection you get is priceless.

Vi-Tabs

Restores Manhood and Vitality

RAINY DAYS

Slippery Roads

SMOOTH WORN TYRES ARE

DANGEROUS

over 50% Saving

BRING US YOUR WORN TYRES TO DAY

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Tel. 28539

POST OFFICE

Owing to the uncertainty of Sea transport the public are requested to post Christmas Parcels early.

OUTWARD MAIL TIMES

Registered and Parcel Mails are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day. When mails are advertised to close after 5 p.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m.

INWARD MAILS

Air Mail by "Air France Direct Service"—Paris date, 4th October Oct. 11.

Air Mail by "Pan American Airways Direct Service"—San Francisco date, 5th October Oct. 11.

Amoy Oct. 11.

Bangkok Oct. 11.

Calcutta and Straits Oct. 11.

Java and Manila Oct. 11.

Manila Oct. 11.

Malaya Oct. 11.

Straits Oct. 11.

Singapore Oct. 11.

Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—London date, 4th October Oct. 12.

Haiphong, Peking, Hohow and Fort Bayard Oct. 12.

Japan and Shanghai Oct. 12.

Manila Oct. 12.

Shanghai Oct. 12.

Straits Oct. 12.

Haiphong Oct. 13.

Shanghai Oct. 13.

Japan Oct. 13.

Japan and Shanghai Oct. 14.

Straits and Manila Oct. 14.

Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—London date 7th October Oct. 15.

Calcutta and Straits Oct. 16.

Japan and Shanghai Oct. 16.

Manila Oct. 16.

Shanghai Oct. 16.

Haiphong Oct. 17.

Japan and Shanghai Oct. 17.

Japan and Shanghai Oct. 17.

Straits and Shanghai Oct. 17.

Straits Oct. 17.

Shanghai Oct. 17.

Java and Manila Oct. 18.

U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai (San Francisco date 26th September) Oct. 18.

Australia and Manila Oct. 19.

Japan Oct. 19.

Japan, Shanghai & Formosa Oct. 20.

Shanghai Oct. 20.

Japan and Shanghai Oct. 22.

Straits and Manila Oct. 22.

Shanghai and Amoy Oct. 22.

Canada, U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai—Vancouver B.C. date 4th October Oct. 24.

OUTWARD MAILS

Wednesday

Shanghai 10.30 a.m.

Fort Bayard, Hohow and Peking 1.30 p.m.

Swallow and Parcels only for Tientsin 2.30 p.m.

Shanghai 2.30 p.m.

Air Mail for Indo-China, Iran and France (Paris and Northern France only) by the "Air France Airways Direct Service"—due Paris, 19th Oct. K.F.O.

Reg. Oct. 11, 5 p.m.

Ord. Oct. 11, 5.30 p.m.

G.P.O.

Reg. Oct. 11, 5 p.m.

Ord. Oct. 11, 5.30 p.m.

Bangkok 7 p.m.

Straits 7 p.m.

Air Mail for Manila, Guam, Honolulu and U.S.A. by the "Pan American Airways Direct Service"—due San Francisco 18th October K.F.O.

Reg. Oct. 11, 5 p.m.

Ord. Oct. 11, 5.30 p.m.

G.P.O.

Reg. Oct. 11, 5 p.m.

Ord. Oct. 12, 7.30 a.m.

Thursday

Singapore 10 a.m.

Haiphong 1 p.m.

Shanghai (Parcels only) 3.30 p.m.

Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., Central and South American via Vancouver B.C. (Parcels only for Canada)—due Vancouver B.C., 30th October. G.P.O. & K.F.O.

Parcels, Oct. 12, 5 p.m.

Reg. Oct. 13, 9.15 a.m.

Ord. Oct. 13, 10 a.m.

Friday

Tourane 8.30 a.m.

Shanghai 3.30 p.m.

Straits, Ceylon, India, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles—due Marseilles 10th November. G.P.O. and K.F.O.

Parcels, Oct. 13, 5 p.m.

Reg. Oct. 14, 9.45 a.m.

Ord. Oct. 14, 10.30 a.m.

Saturday

Singapore 10.30 a.m.

Shanghai 10.30 a.m.

Amoy and Shanghai 2.30 p.m.

Air Mail for "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—due London, 22th October. G.P.O. and K.F.O.

Reg. Oct. 17, 5 p.m.

Ord. Oct. 17, 5.30 p.m.

Parcels, Oct. 17, 5.30 p.m.

Sunday

Singapore 9 a.m.

Shanghai 9 a.m.

Monday

Haiphong 1 p.m.

Tuesday

Air Mail for "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—due London, 25th October. G.P.O. and K.F.O.

Reg. Oct. 17, 5 p.m.

Ord. Oct. 17, 5.30 p.m.

Parcels, Oct. 17, 5.30 p.m.

Japan 7 p.m.

Wednesday

Singapore 2.30 p.m.



A representative body of the Women's Land Service passing the saluting base at the parade of National Service volunteers in Hyde Park.

BOMBAST BY THE NAZI BOSS

(Continued from Page 1.)

militarily, economically or physically," he declared.

"They can not discourage us through forecasts of a long war. We will attain victory through our national unity."

"We are firmly determined to fight. We do not want to be forever molested."

"No Power Can Defeat Us"—Herr Hitler made some vehement references to the general war position when he opened the winter relief campaign at the Sports Palace today.

"One thing is sure; no Power in this world will be able to defeat this Germany, militarily or morally," he declared.

"Whatever happens, you will not see German capitulation. What the world chooses, it will receive."

"I have gone a long way to raise Germany from the destruction of Versailles, but the path ahead cannot be harder than it has been up to now."

Appealing for winter relief, Hitler said that the sacrifices at home were nothing compared with those at the front.

A new and stronger community will arise. This is the reply to the stupidity abroad which thinks to undermine our people. They were working their will and claim to that part of the world's wealth to which they were entitled.

"All measures have been taken to obliterate class differences. The former our determination to accept sacrifices, the more certain our attainment of the peace we need."

"If others choose war, they will have a war of life and death. Nothing will stop us from realising our eternal destiny."

Indignant Britain

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The British press continues to discuss Hitler's peace offensive, and to indicate the rising tide of public disdain and indignation at the effrontery of Hitler's proposals.

Nothing has occurred to change the official view—that the proposals will be closely examined in conjunction with the dominions and with France.

No "Rapid Victory"

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—Brief passages in Hitler's Winter-

France's 'Reds' Rounded Up

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

PARIS, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—Of the 52 members of the so-called Workers' Peasant Party, who were charged with illegally recruiting the Communist Party under that name, seven Communist deputies are still missing.

M. Deat, former Air Minister, charged in connection with authorship of a pamphlet urging immediate peace, has protested against any connection of his name with the pamphlet.

Help speech referring to foreign affairs, appear to call for little comment, writes "Reuter's" diplomatic correspondent.

It is perhaps noteworthy that instead of talking of a rapid victory and those optimistic terms he used before he sent his troops into Poland, Hitler now speaks of "obtaining the peace needed by the German nation."

His reference to Germany's right to live "without being molested by others" appears to be just another instance of the Fuehrer's complete indifference to historic facts.

Hardly A Tonic

The British Government have made it abundantly clear in many past statements that nobody has had slightest intention to interfere with Germany's internal affairs, and that the present war is the result of nothing but deliberate aggression by Nazi leaders in the face of repeated warnings.

The speech hardly appears likely to constitute a tonic for the German people themselves with its gloomy talk of further sacrifices to come, and its cheerless philosophy, "There has always been misery and there always will be misery."

Sundays Of Sacrifice

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BERLIN, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—"One-Dish Sunday" henceforth is to be replaced by "Sundays of Sacrifice," declared Dr. Goebbels, the German Minister of Propaganda, who made his first public statement since the war at the Winter Campaign meeting this afternoon.

He disclosed that although the number receiving relief had fallen from 253 per thousand in 1933, it is now 104 per thousand.

Crossword Puzzle

By FARR MORRIS

ANSWERS TO PREVIOUS PUZZLES

1-Across	liver	6-Down	rotten
2-Across	and more	7-Down	hatched
3-Across	horse's gall	8-Down	winged animal
4-Across	apertures	9-Down	small mound
5-Across	without company	10-Down	lured
6-Across	white-haired	11-Down	hedgehog
7-Across	cocked amount	12-Down	braver
8-Across	liver	13-Down	large plants
9-Across	ship	14-Down	wood edge
10-Across	vice rights	15-Down	slipped
11-Across	fish	16-Down	cloud
12-Across	Norse epic	17-Down	Western State
13-Across	black bird	18-Down	tinuous fall
14-Across	gums; adherent of	19-Down	tree
15-Across	moving class	20-Down	pow
16-Across	heavy build	21-Down	delusion
17-Across	stomach	22-Down	Legal claim
18-Across	most beloved	23-Down	unit of work
19-Across	one who paces	24-Down	insignia of royalty
20-Across	extent	25-Down	increasing
21-Across	takes in hand	26-Down	curves
22-Across	drives again	27-Down	curves
23-Across	worthless remnant	28-Down	curves
24-Across	anger	29-Down	curves
25-Across	flour	30-Down	curves
26-Across	liquor	31-Down	curves
27-Across	handful	32-Down	curves
28-Across	nurdered	33-Down	curves
29-Across	vacation place	34-Down	curves
30-Across	scorches	35-Down	curves
31-Across	one who	36-Down	curves
32-Across	tail-tube	37-Down	curves
33-Across	pink	38-Down	curves

BOSCO RADIO CORPORATION

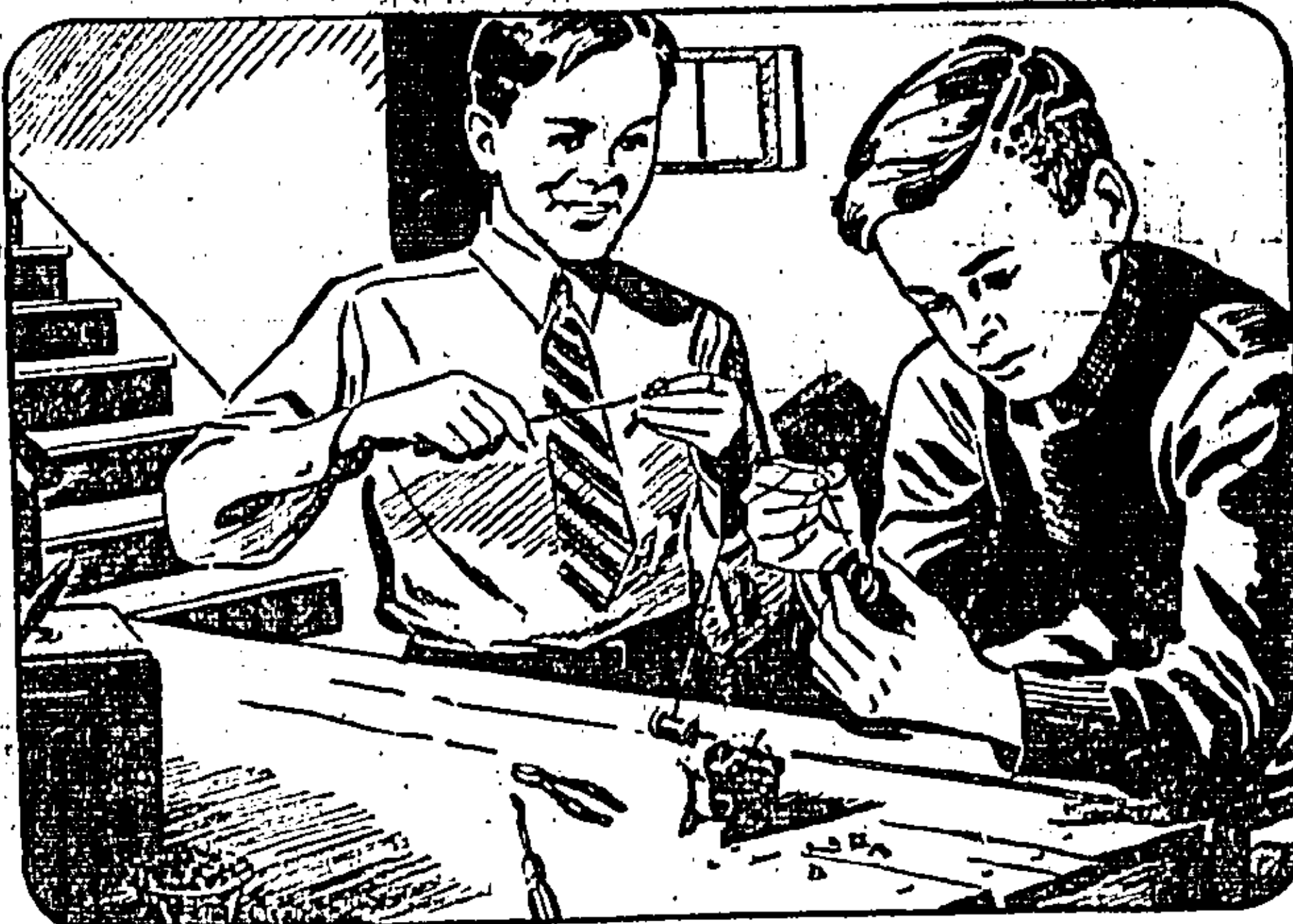
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For a thing so important to modern life, the electric motor is an amazingly simple device. Any bright boy can follow instructions and make one that will run.

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other famous electrical products Westinghouse makes...for your home, for industry, commerce and power stations. Add also the more than fifty years' experience of this company. You will then more fully appreciate the wealth of electrical ability that is back of every product bearing the Westinghouse nameplate. You will better understand why any Westinghouse electrical product will give you the utmost in satisfaction, quality and performance.

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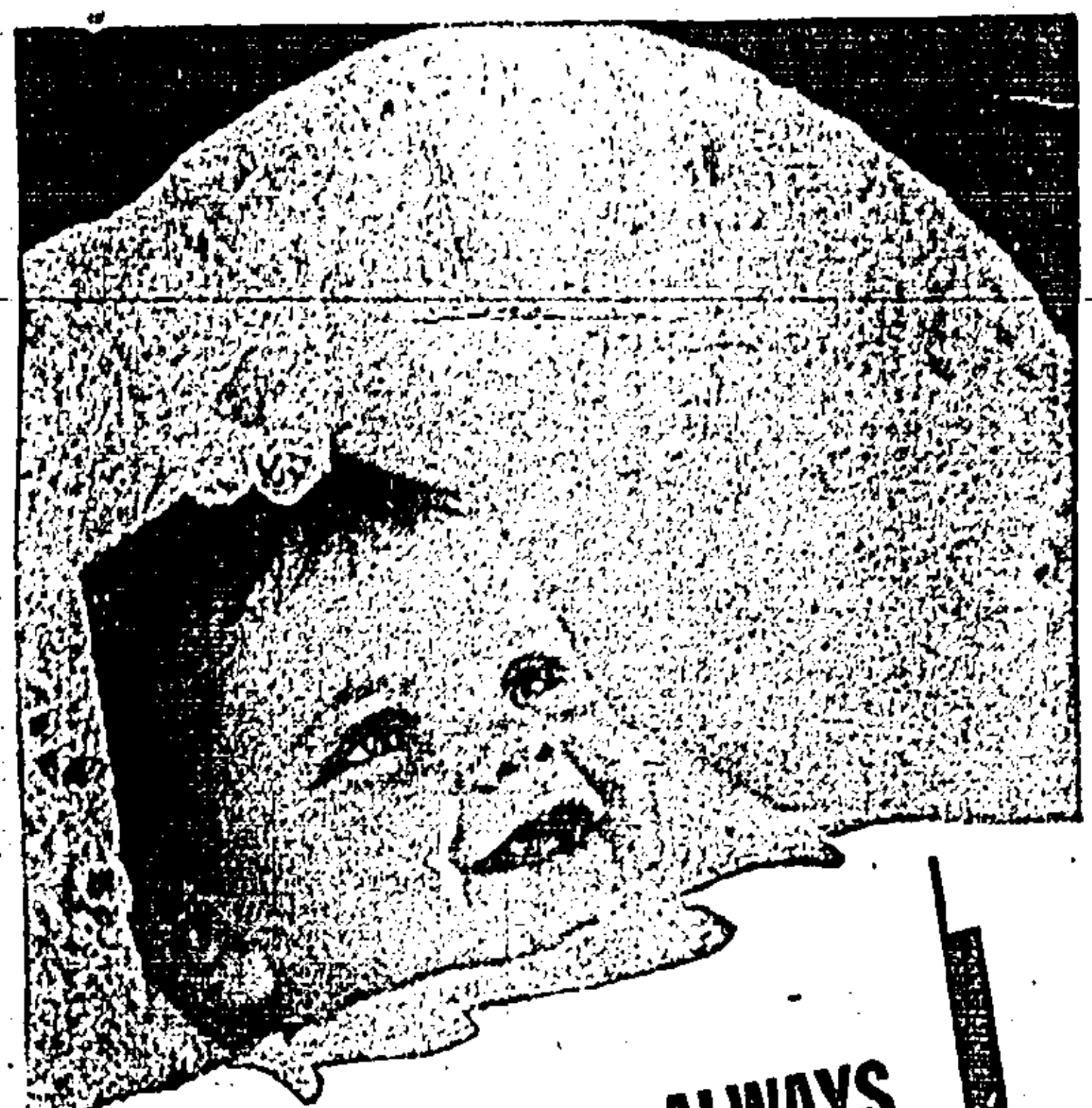
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DEATH

GANDALL.—On October 11, 1939, at the French Hospital, Mrs. Tamar Gandall, aged 74. Funeral will pass the Monument at 5.15 p.m. to-day.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

Wyndham St., Hongkong
 Phone 26615
 October 11, 1939

Peace

PEACE of the kind suggested by Herr Hitler is easily procurable. It represents the futile "buying off" of a Munich. It is tempting in view of the terrific cost of modern warfare and the terrifying possibilities of modern war weapons. It can be procured when an enemy has insufficient courage to pursue a war. It can be obtained at the dearer price of sacrificed honour.

The world could buy peace at any one of these prices. Hitler knows full well that his offer is tempting. But the world, unfortunately for him, knows to-day that his price is black-mail; that, like the blackmailer, he will never be satisfied so long as he can find someone to pay, and keep on paying, the price of dishonourable peace.

There is nothing more certain than that the discussions now proceeding in London between Britain, France and the Dominions—the six countries to whom the so-called "peace" offer has been made—are not for the purpose of deciding whether Hitler's terms should or should not be accepted. That has already been decided.

Democracy is not going to pay the price of another Munich. The very tone of Hitler's address to the Reichstag is one of the best indications that he did not make his "offer" with hope of acceptance. For his unreasonable suggestions were couched in terms of reason. There is, of course, the threat that, whatever comes, Poland is doomed. But much of the remainder of his speech was almost a plea, keenly designed to persuade the French that they have nothing to fear if Germany is permitted to retain what she has taken.

Hitler is attempting persuasion where, he knows, force must fail. He is attempting to justify himself in the eyes of the world; to prove that the Democracies are the people who have started this war in Europe, and that Germany is, or will be, when the war on the Western Front really gets under way, the victim of aggression.



THE NEW WARTIME

the fighting men were called up. And do not imagine that nobody thought of it, for I myself was discussing it with at least one friend, who brought it to the attention of the Government a year ago.

As it is the State that has swept away all forms of entertainment, I think it is the State that should arrange to bring them back again. But not exactly as they were before. The new conditions will not allow that.

And here the people who clamour for unrestricted entertainment and refer us to the last war seem to me to be doing their cause a poor service. It is not quite so simple as that. We must look before we leap.

There are four arguments against entertainment on the old basis: the danger of a raid when people are crowded into theatre, cinema, concert hall; the black-out regulations making attendance difficult; the scattering of populations and the unusual working hours; the desperate financial enterprise of running entertainment at all under these conditions. All these difficulties seem to me to point one way.

For the country at large, entertainment should be immediately decentralised, simplified, made more mobile, more accessible at all reasonable hours, and guaranteed by the State. There should be hundreds and hundreds of good small professional companies, of actors, musicians or variety performers, sent here, there and everywhere, giving perhaps three shortish performances a day, rather as they do in popular resorts.

What Mr. Basil Dean and his organisation did so nobly for the Camp Theatres in the last war should now be done, with equal efficiency, for the whole country. Every suburb, every small town, even every group of villages would have something to divert it during its leisure.

The B.B.C. cannot be expected to amuse everybody, especially as it is now used as the mouth-piece of all new official announcements, some of which, by the way, strike one listener as being far below the level of national importance.

There should be some exceptions, I think, to this decentralised, simple mobile entertainment. In Central London there should be a few theatres, and in each large provincial city at least one theatre kept going if only as a symbol of our national culture.

These theatres should be protected and provided with shelters, and in them should be found the very finest form of entertainment, no matter in what class it should be.

We should not make the mistake of supposing that this is the time when our national heritage of culture can be dropped overboard. If we are fighting for anything we are fighting for a world in which the mind and the spirit of humanity can flower; but it is no use doing that if, because we are at war, we turn our own world into a desert.

If now and then we have to go underground, like shivering cave-men, then that is all the more reason why we should make a determined effort to maintain interests quite unlike those of cave-men, to keep alive the England of the poets and philosophers as well as the England of the soldiers and sailors.

If any man says to you "We have no time for such things now," suspect him. He is trying to subtract from that total for which you are fighting. Thus it is—and not merely because I happen to be an author myself—that I trust that the Government will do everything possible to see that the public, many of whom will have no other recreation but reading are offered the widest possible choice of good books and intelligent periodicals during this new wartime.

I know the fighting men will passionately demand them, for I know that I never read more eagerly than I did during the last war. There are times at the front when a book seems to you like the deep-sea diver's air-line.

And now that the front is almost everywhere and we are all soldiers of a kind, we shall all need to draw breath from that upper world where the birds are still flashing in the sunlight.

WE have had only one month of this new wartime, and it was only to be expected that during this month we should find ourselves faced with a gigantic list of regulations and prohibitions. The ten commandments have suddenly become ten thousand. Over every door is written Thou Shalt Not.

I have heard very little grumbling and, I have not even grumbled myself, though a born grumbler. We are all in a resolute mood and are capable of far greater sacrifices than have as yet been asked of us.

If everybody had been indulging in cheap heroics, I should have been afraid of our staying power. But there have been no cheap heroics, no public emotional orgies, and as far as I know, apart from one stupidly sensational newspaper, no rubbishy hate stuff anywhere. For once we have behaved like the

people we always congratulate ourselves on being.

If, however, we have before us months and months of this new war time—and many dark winter months not far ahead—we shall do well to consider how we can best organise our lives so that we can remain the industrious, public-spirited, healthy-minded citizens we feel we are at this moment. We must remember, too, that so far the sun is still shining and nothing much has happened. The real test is still to come.

I believe we can meet it served to make up for the loss

the publication of the facts is not a sheer gift to the enemy.

I add to this my belief that both military men and officials are bad judges of what the public should be told, because both classes tend to underestimate the sense and courage of the public and to be over-cautious.

Next: because there must inevitably be thousands of prohibiting regulations, then where it is possible at all there should be some little gifts of freedom, a loosening of red tape where the war is not being directly

it served to make up for the loss

By J. B. Priestley

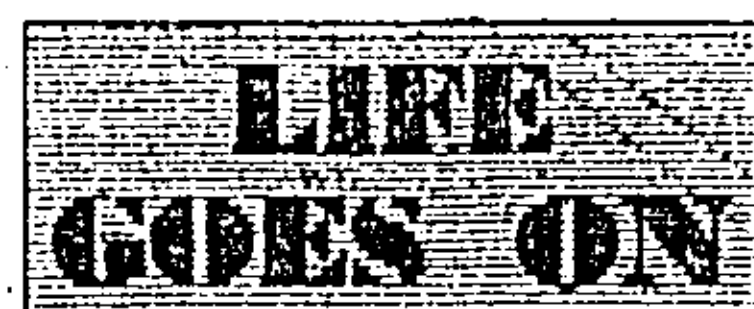
in the "News Chronicle"

honourably, no matter under what close restrictions we may be compelled to live, but that is no reason why we should not reflect a little upon our immediate future and perhaps make a few constructive proposals.

Here are some suggestions to our Government. The first is—no nursery-lush-hush nonsense. We are not behaving like babies, and there is no reason why we should be treated as such. We are entitled to know the truth about our situation, so long as

of freedom elsewhere. Nearly everybody will be able to think of a few likely examples.

Next, there should be as much diversion of the public mind as is consistent with our national safety. I would rank this next in importance to food, shelter, health services. It is a great pity that, for example, no immediate constructive plan for national entertainment was put into operation at once, that entertainers of every kind were not mobilised a few days after



PITCH dark on Saturday night in a leafy suburban road: except for one brightly and unabashedly lighted bedroom window, streaming into the night.

A small crowd, leaning on the private hedge, regarding this in a mood that wavered between jealousy and hostility. An air-raid warden in pyjamas (due on duty at midnight—and not best pleased at being pulled out of bed) banging on the door. More arrivals in the crowd: a round dozen of dogs, out on their nightly walk, milling round our feet in the darkness.

The Law, summoned by telephone, stepped out of a small car. More bangings. The house was empty; we could hear the telephone ringing vainly inside it.

"Has anyone," asked the Law, "an extending ladder?" The crowd slapped its pockets facetiously and said no.

"Then," said the Law gently, "we shall have some fun." Glee in the crowd. You couldn't help noticing in that group of amiable citizens a touch of excitement, the faintest hint of some war hysteria.

There were those who favoured stoning the windows till the light was hit. The Law frowned on this. "If," said the Law austerely, "we break an entrance, someone will have to mount guard on it till the owner comes back."

The Law took a search-party round the back, most of the citizenry following. One bold spirit charged the back door with his shoulder: this is easier on the films.

I myself, groping in the dark, found a small window, fingered it open, hauled myself through and triumphantly descended head-first-most into an outside potting-shed.

Finally, the Law, with a jemmy in its teeth, climbed up a post over the front door on to a little balcony, wriggled along a ledge, prised the naked and wonton window—burglary is dead easy—put out the light, shut the window, and came down hand over fist.

"Bravo, Romeo!" said the crowd, and the Law began writing in its notebook.

The Law, the crowd, the dogs departed in perfect darkness.

I have a friend, H., who has many qualities: steady efficiency is not among them. He is a member of the A.F.S. and the other day his squad was given a real, live fire engine to play with. So they took it down to the river, they sucked up the Thames at one end and squirted it out at the other.

While H. had a grim grip of the nozzle of the hose, and was earnestly deluging the Thames, an instructor-freight arrived.

Fireman: "Everything all right, sir?"

H.: "Yes. Very nice, very nice, indeed."

Fireman: "Anything you want to know, sir?"

H.: "Well, am I holding this right? I seem to be getting very wet."

Fireman: "I shouldn't worry about that, sir. It's raining."

MOBILISING FOR WAR

Then and Now

"WHAT is my part to be in this war which we are told may last for years, and what can I do to help?" Such, in one form or another, is the question which to-day is uppermost in the minds of millions.

The question is inspired by an intense desire to pull one's weight, not unshared with impatience that for the overwhelming majority there is no immediate way in which to give full vent to a passionate desire for service. But for some it is also accompanied by the shadow of unemployment or a greatly reduced income.

In spite of its mild beginning, the war will undoubtedly involve a radical upheaval in the lives of every one of us and the transition to the new order will inevitably mean much dislocation and some hardship. All that one can foresee with tolerable certainty is that the change-over will be quick and that we shall all know our fate much sooner than in 1914.

When war broke out twenty-five years ago, one of the first preoccupations of the Government was to deal with the vast unemployment problem which was expected to arise. The Prince of Wales' Fund was started to relieve distress and a special organisation was set up to take a weekly census from all large employers so that the bad spots could be located and openings found in other directions, where reservists had been called up, or war work was expected to be available.

These fears proved almost completely groundless and in fact this special organisation was used as a means of finding where the supplies of less essential labour were to be found and ultimately furnished the basis for the war-time control of man-power.

There were two reasons for this unexpected result. One was that the war did not develop its full strain upon the home front for a very long time and we were able to keep a great deal of ordinary trade going under the slogan "Business as usual."

The second was the rush to the Colours. It is true that no provision had been made for dealing with reservists who drifted in multitudes and were housed in commandeered parks and buildings. But the influx of half a million Army recruits in seven weeks in addition to 200,000 reservists called

ed up forced the authorities to perform miracles of extemporisation.

To-day the situation as regards employment and man power is different in several respects.

A much larger proportion than in 1914 of Britain's workpeople is already engaged on war work. Our export and general home trades are already restricted and there is, therefore, less to lose and fewer people to be transferred. But the changes that have to come will come quickly.

On the other side there has been no call as yet for the unlimited numbers of volunteers who rolled up so magnificently in 1914. The Military Service Act ensures that the call will be more methodical and deliberate. But it will have to come very rapidly. For every Englishman realises that we shall have to make a great addition to France's limited man power and that the advanced state of Germany's preparations will compel us to speed up training to the utmost.

As to munitions, the development of our maximum capacity will have to begin at once—instead of waiting, as in 1914, for nearly a year before a large-scale programme was even drawn up.

In other fields, too, we must leap to full activity. A Land Army needs to be mobilised now if we are to ensure a great increase in all forms of agricultural production next summer; while Germany's submarines have served notice on us that a ship-building programme comparable to that of the last war, which only reached its apex in 1917, must be begun at once.

In short, the mobilisation for war of all our resources of men, money and machines which took years to complete in many weeks. We know from experience how to do it and there is no reason why—with energy and drive at the top—we should not reach the state of organisation achieved in 1918 before the end of this year.

Meanwhile, we have to wait for the answer to our individual problems. For the moment, the majority must add patience to the war-time virtues of courage, persistence and humour, in the full knowledge that before long this country will be called upon to make the greatest effort in its history in the cause of freedom.

OVERNIGHT
NEWS PAGEPaul McNutt To
Run If—

NEW YORK, Oct. 10 (United Press).—A reception held at Biltmore inaugurated Mr. Paul McNutt's campaign for nomination as the Democratic candidate, providing Mr. Roosevelt does not run for another term.

At a mass interview Mr. McNutt, asked whom he would support if Mr. Roosevelt does not seek a third term, replied, "I give you three guesses and you should miss on the first."

The reception room was piled with pamphlets on Mr. McNutt's "qualifications for President." Mr. McNutt will support Mr. Roosevelt if he seeks a third term.

THREAT TO FINLAND
(Continued from Page 1.)

dominating the army, naval and air bases so that she can get complete mastery of the Baltic.

Seek Gun Emplacement

PARIS, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—Enemy patrols on the Western Front have been very active, especially in the area west and east of the Saar, according to this morning's French war communiqué.

For 72 hours the Germans have been seeking the French gun emplacements which are directing fire on the German lines.

Finland Willing To Talk

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—In an official statement, the Finnish Minister in Washington today stated that his country was willing to negotiate with Soviet Russia, but would resist any military concessions.

Lithuania's Hopes

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—Lithuanian comment is still reserved, as no official statement has yet appeared, but it is believed that Lithuania hopes to obtain certain sections of former Polish territory near Vilna, in return for any concessions she must make to Soviet Russia.

To Rely On Own Strength

HELSINKI, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The Finnish Minister of Education said today that Finland was now many times stronger than in 1920 and was determined to rely on her own strength.

A Swedish correspondent here today remarked on the calm and determined expressions of patriotism, and commented that there are enough Finns and enough courage to defend the country.

Concentrations Unconfirmed

MOSCOW, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—There is no reliable information in Moscow about concentrations against Finland. Finnish circles in Moscow profess to know nothing about it.

Vilna For Lithuania?

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH".—KOVNO, Oct. 10 (UP).—The members of the Lithuanian Delegation to the Kremlin returned from Moscow this morning.

The Lithuanian Cabinet Council met last evening and continued until past midnight, discussing the Soviet proposals.

It is most reliably said that the Cabinet accepted the proposals which include territorial concessions to Lithuania, including the city of Vilna.

Estonian Govt. Resigns

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The Estonian Government resigned on Sunday evening. A new government has been formed.

Stole Masterpiece:
5 Years Sentence

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

PARIS, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—Serge Bogoslovsky, charged with stealing Watteau's painting, "L'Indifférent," from the Louvre on June 4, has been sentenced to imprisonment for five years, and banishment from Paris and the principal French towns.

Confident Stock
Exchange

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The Stock Exchange is quietly confident awaiting the speeches by Mr. Chamberlain and Mr. Daladier.

A notable increase in the trading of gilt-edged holdings at rising prices is reported. This movement has spread to the leading industrialists in which replacement of securities was sold prior to the war.

Wall Street was at first irregular, but later became firmer.

NEW SHIPS FOR
O.S.K. LINE

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

TOKYO, Oct. 11 (Domei).—Strengthening the South American and African lines, the Osaka Shosen Kaisha will put into commission next year five new steamers, each exceeding 10,000 tons. They are the 13,000-ton Besshi Maru, the 10,400-ton Hokoku Maru, the 10,400-ton Kokoku Maru, the 10,400-ton Aikoku Maru, and the 8,700-ton Nanka Maru.

UNITED STATES MAY EXPAND
SCOPE OF MONROE DOCTRINEFighting On The
Western FrontGerman
Offensive
Expected

Paris, Oct. 10. German operations on the Western Front appear to be steadily mounting towards an offensive concentrated on the sector between Moselle and Saarbrücken, where the German High Command is obviously uneasy under the continued French pressure. The Germans made a number of raids here in force with the object of securing information from prisoners but no prisoners were taken, all the attacks withering under the heavy French machine gun fire.

Authoritative circles in Paris declare that the military authorities are highly satisfied with the behaviour of the French tanks, whose performance has been excellent. They received and withstood the German anti-tank gunfire.

It is believed that Hitler's aim in the forthcoming Western offensive is to drive the French off German soil. Intensive artillery duels along the whole front between the Moselle and Rhine are taken to indicate that the Germans will shortly make a great effort to free Saarbrücken. Such an attempt will meet stern resistance and any effort to maintain the attack would be accompanied by great loss of manpower, perhaps involving 500,000 to 1,000,000 lives, so well placed are the French forces and so formidable the obstacles which confront the Germans.

In the event of the Germans selecting an easier route through Luxembourg in an attempt to reach Verdun, the French Command declare that they are fully prepared.

Another alternative open to the Germans is a double-flank movement with a drive more or less parallel with the Luxembourg frontier and an attack on the Swiss end of the Maginot Line. The idea pointing to the possibility of the latter course being adopted are simultaneous concentrations of German troops both in north and south Germany.

INDIANS SUPPORT BRITAIN

MADRAS, Oct. 10. A resolution condemning Nazi aggression and inviting the British Government to define the war and peace aims was adopted by the All India Congress Committee by 188 votes to 58.

The Congress Socialist and other Leftist amendments attempting to pin down Congress to past declarations condemning Indian participation in any "imperialistic" war were rejected by an overwhelming majority.

The All-India Congress Committee resolution states that peace and freedom can only be established and preserved by the extension of democracy to all colonial countries and by the determination of the principles of self-determination thereto. In particular, India should be declared an independent nation and every effort should be made to apply this status to the largest possible extent.—Reuter Special.

JUNKS VICTIMISED

Chinese Cargoes Said
Thrown Overboard

Japanese sailors in a motor boat stopped a junk, No. 3023HA, off Looe Islands, Chinese waters, on October 5, and after ordering the crew of the junk to row away in sampans, set the vessel on fire, according to a report made to the Police on Monday by Shek Chi, master of the junk, on his return here.

Hui Kwong-yung, master of junk No. T1150H, also reported that Japanese sailors stopped his junk off the Sam Mun Customs station on October 8, and seized his junk licence and two cannons. His cargo was thrown overboard.

A belated report of a similar incident off Lin Tin Island on August 11 has been made to the Police by Lee Yauk, master of junk No. T2230H, who said Japanese sailors boarded the junk and forced him and the crew to throw their cargo overboard.

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Australia, New Zealand
Included in Area To
Be Fully Protected?

Washington, Oct. 9.

Senator Sheridan Downey, of California, precipitated a debate on the Monroe Doctrine and demanded that it be defined to include Australia and New Zealand. He sought delay in imposing restrictions on Pacific shipping so as to allow American vessels to sail to Australia and New Zealand.

Senator William Borah and other isolationists also favour such a proposal, but the Administration has not yet committed itself.

Senator Claude Pepper engaged in a sharp exchange with Senator Downey as to whether or not the Navy could adequately defend the entire Western Hemisphere. Senator Downey said that the United States did not need the co-operation of the British Navy and said that within a short time the Navy could be built up to defend both coasts. He urged a study of alternative canals and also the creation of a new air base at Puerto Rico was designed to make the Caribbean area impenetrable and that the possible Mexican or Nicaraguan canals would further facilitate the Hemisphere defence problem.

Senator Barkley said: "It is one sure way to keep out of war. If we stop the war there will be no danger of our being involved. Germany will listen to honourable peace proposals."—United Press.

Scene In The House

Washington, Oct. 9.

A rip-roaring fight in the House of Representatives centred on the debate on the Neutrality Bill as Senate progress became bogged in Parliamentary complexities.

The House fight pitted Representative Clifford Woodrum against Representative Hamilton Fish. Mr. Woodrum presented a resolution asking for a formal investigation of the organization which Mr. Fish established, known as the "Committee to Keep America Out of Foreign Wars," describing it as a gigantic propaganda racket.

Mr. Woodrum read newspaper dispatches of Mr. Fish's activities on his recent European trip, and called attention to the fact that Mr. Fish travelled in Herr von Ribbentrop's personal plane, from Berlin to Oslo where he suggested a 30 days' truce.

Mr. Fish replied with a bitter personal attack, charging that Mr. Woodrum did not serve in the World War, but held a "safe State job" in Virginia.—United Press.

Ready For Delivery

London, Oct. 10. American aircraft manufacturers are now working at high pressure on completion of the orders from England and France which are estimated to total about £20,000,000, according to the Chicago correspondent of the Daily Telegraph.

Pending the anticipated removal of the arms embargo, engines and planes, many of which are ready for flight, are being placed in warehouses and ports from where they can be shipped immediately the law is changed.—Reuter.

America Not Approached

Washington, Sept. 9. The Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, said today that the United States had not been approached by either Germany, Britain or France to intercede for peace.—Reuter Bulletin.

FRENCH TO
MEDIATE
IN CHINA?

London, Oct. 10. It has been learned from reliable sources that a responsible French representation has been sent to China recently, indicating that it is possible that France will conclude a friendly settlement with Japan, to be negotiated through Wang Ching-wei on the best possible terms.

Such reports have aroused speculation in London as to whether Britain shares the reported French view, because of the close resemblance of the British and French policies in the Orient.

However, it is understood that Lord Halifax has repeatedly assured the Chinese Ambassador to London that Britain's policy in China remains unchanged.

The most recent report that five British gunboats have been removed from the Yangtze has created an erroneous impression that the move is symbolic of a general British withdrawal from China.

It is assumed here that the author of the French advice to China has been swayed by the consideration that Europe's preoccupation prevents further European economic aid to China or any other effective help to China.—United Press.

Japanese Not Informed

Tokyo, Oct. 10. The Foreign Office has not been informed regarding the reported French efforts to launch mediation through Mr. Wang Ching-wei. It refused to comment pending receipt of definite information.—United Press.

Changing Present Law

Washington, Oct. 9. Senator Alben Barkley, today temporarily blocked Senator Johnson's motion that the Senate recess for three days pending the outcome of the European peace moves.

He asked Senator Johnson to delay the proposal until Senator Sheridan Downey had completed his speech against the Neutrality Act, and he assured Senator Johnson that he would not obstruct a later vote on the proposal.

Bishop Hall
Honoured

CHUNGKING, Oct. 10 (Central News).—In the National Independence Day's Honours List, Bishop E. O. Hall, of Hongkong, is decorated with the Red Precious Stone Medal, inscribed with White and Blue, with Collar Ribbon.

Monseigneur Mario Zanin, Apostolic Delegate to China, is awarded with the Blue Jade Medal, with Brass Ribbon.

Twenty-two other foreigners are included in the Independence Day Honours List.

H.K. Stock
Market

The following quotations were issued on the Hongkong Stock Market this morning.

BANKS

H.K. Banks \$.....1,245 n.
H.K. Banks (Lon. Reg.) £.....72 n.
H.K. Banks (H.K. Reg.) £.....73 n.
Chartered £.....83 1/2 n.
Mercantile, A. & B. £.....20 1/4 n.
Mercantile, C. £.....10 1/2 n.
East Asia \$.....72 n.

INSURANCES

Canons \$.....200 b.
Union \$.....365 b.
H.K. Underwriters \$.....1 1/4 n.
H.K. Fire \$.....170 b.

SHIPPING

Douglases \$.....67 n.
Steamboats \$.....12 n.
Indo-China, P.S. \$.....60 n.
Indo-China, D.S. \$.....30 n.
Shell (Bearers) \$.....82 1/2 n.
Waterboats \$.....310 n.

DOCKS ETC.

Wharves \$.....100 n.
Docks \$.....173 1/2 n.
Providents \$.....430 n.
East Asia, Sh. \$.....7 1/2 n.
Sh. Docks, Sh. \$.....125 n.

MINING

Rauts \$.....9 1/2 b.
Venz, Gold \$.....4 n.
H.K. Mines Co. \$.....4 sq.

LANDS

Hotels \$.....4,65 sa.
Lands \$.....32 sa.
Land 4% dc. \$.....par. n.
Shai Lands Sh. \$.....8 n.
Humphreys \$.....7 1/4 n.
H.K. Realties \$.....4 1/2 b.
Chinese estates \$.....100 n.

UTILITIES

Trams \$.....15.65 b.
Peak Trams (old) \$.....7.40 n.
Peak Trams (new) \$.....3.70 n.
Star Ferry \$.....0.12 n.
Y. Ferry \$.....0.22 n.

China Lights (old) \$.....7.50 sa.
China Lights (new) \$.....4.00 sa.
H.K. Electric \$.....50 sa.
Mueno Electric \$.....18 n.
Sandakan Light \$.....11 1/2 n.
Telephones (old) \$.....7.20 b.
Telephones (new) \$.....19/- n.
Tractions (Ref.) \$.....22/- n.

INDUSTRIALS

Cald. Mueg. (ord.) \$.....14 n.
Cald. Mueg. (Pre.) \$.....13 n.
Canton Yees \$.....1 n.
Cement \$.....14.10 b.
H.K. Ropes \$.....4 1/2 b.

STORES, &c.

Dairy Farms (old) \$.....20 1/2 b.
Dairy Farms (new) \$.....10 1/4 n.
Watsons \$.....7.60 b.
Lane, Crawford's \$.....7 1/2 n.
Sinceres \$.....1.80 n.
Wing On (H.K.) \$.....41 n.
Powell, Ltd. \$.....1 n.

COTTON MILLS

Ewo Sh. \$.....10.85 n.
Shai Cotton Sh. \$.....105 n.
Zoong Sing, Sh. \$.....42 n.
Wing On Textiles, Sh. \$.....48 1/2 n.

MISC.

H.K. Entertainment \$.....6.00 n.
Constructions (old) \$.....1.55 n.
Constructions (new) \$.....1 n.
Vibro Piling \$.....8 1/2 n.
Ch. Govt. 5% 1925 \$.....36% n.
G. Bonds \$.....100 sa.
H.K. Govt. 4% Loan \$.....100 sa.
H.K. Govt. 3 1/2% Loan \$.....11 n.
Marrams (Lon.) \$.....11 n.
Marrams (H.K.) \$.....4/- n.



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GETS-IT

Makes you forget corns.

COMBINED CHINESE WIN CHARITY SOCCER GAME

DRAKE SAVES MANY GOALS FOR LOSERS

F.A. Players Reveal Out-of-Season Form

(By "Wanderer")

The 3-1 victory of the Combined Chinese over the Football Association team in the charity football match at Happy Valley yesterday was flattering to the losers, for on form display there was at least a five-goals difference between the teams. However, it must be remembered that the majority of the Chinese team have just returned from a football tour of the South Seas, and are, therefore, in good soccer condition, whereas the Association players are at the commencement of a new season and not yet in form.

His Excellency the Governor and Lady Northcote, the Hon. Mr. N. L. Smith, the Hon. Sir Robert Kotewall, the Hon. Mr. M. K. Lo and Mr. W. Pryde were spectators.

To Drake (Middlesex), who took the place of Jackson (Middlesex) in goal, must go much of the credit for the small difference. He played an excellent game; two of the goals came in swiftly at sharp angles from close range, while the third—from a corner kick—was headed in from behind his back. On three particular occasions he saved brilliantly. Lee Wal-long was goalless. He hardly moved a yard throughout the game without one of the defending backs, Blackburn and Bone, being in attendance, and such effective smothering also contributed greatly to the comparatively small score, for though the tactics left Fung King-chung with quite an appreciable amount of freedom, the wily player spent a successful, but for the most part ineffective, afternoon dribbling and indulging in the short-passing game with his right wing partner, Young Shiu-yick. Twice Fung had only the goal to beat, but ballooned over the bar the first time, and was robbed by the merest fraction of a second.

The Association forward line seldom penetrated far. Fowler, in the centre, tried hard with A. V. Goano and E. L. Stronge on his left, but the right wing combination of Emberson and Thorburn was awkward, and, oddly enough, it seemed as if this wing that the Association frequently attacked, Emberson claimed the forward's only goal, which followed from a free kick.

EARLY THRILLS
The Chinese kicked off, and after five minutes play Fung, in a typical effort, wedged his way through, but failed in his last effort when a pass to waiting Lee Wal-long might have had better results. The next thrills came when Lee took shots which were smothered by Bone, and when Young Shiu-yick sent a low centre across the goalmouth with no one to take it. Middlesex field play followed, and then Hau Ching-to, on

the left, cleverly forced a corner by kicking against Hussain, and from the resultant kick Fung got his head to the ball and sent it into the goal, only to be beaten by seconds by the whistle for off-side.

Towards the close of the first half, Fowler and Lee Kwok-wai came into collision, and Lee returned just before the rest period, but in the meantime Fung had all but scored twice. Drake saved on both occasions. Fung's second effort was particularly good. From just inside the penalty area he wheeled on the ball and flashed in a low rising shot, but Drake jumped across, deftly caught the ball and cleared.

The first goal for the Chinese came two minutes before the interval. Young received on the wing and carried the ball down the through, sending in a grass-cutter which found the back of the net.

The Chinese took up the attack following the rest from where they had left off, and after ten minutes which almost scraped the cross-bar, and Hau Ching-to met it with his head to score the second goal.

ASSOCIATION SCORE
For a brief period following, the Association forwards moved determinedly into the Chinese half. Their efforts were rewarded by Emberson's goal. From a free-kick, Fowler received and sent the ball across to the right where Emberson shot it past Tam Kwan-hon. For some minutes yet the Association continued the attack and though it was met with calm and sure resistance there was the feeling that the equalizer might have come along at any moment. The Chinese backs and halves, however, prevailed and play once again went down to the Chinese end. The Association's defence was hard-pressed and many of the Chinese moves only failed through over-elaboration. Lee Wal-long was brought down outside the penalty area and took the kick himself. Drake met the drive with his shoulder and conceded a corner.

It was no surprise when Hau Ching-to registered the final goal of



An anxious moment in the Association's goalmouth during the charity soccer game at Happy Valley, which the Combined Chinese won by 3-1. Fung King-chung seen waiting for the ball from a corner kick. He scored but the goal was disallowed by an off-side.—S. G. Photographer.

Joe Louis To Defend Title

New York, Oct. 10.
Joe Louis' manager, Mike Jacobs, has announced that Louis will defend his title against the Chilean, Arturo Godoy, on February 9.—United Press.

ARMSTRONG WINS
Des Moines, Oct. 10.
Henry Armstrong, 141½ lbs., gained a technical knockout over Manfred, 148½ lbs., after 135 seconds in the fourth round. A crowd of 5,500 watched the fight in which Manfred was punished until he was virtually helpless.—United Press.

The match, Leung Wing-chiu, Lee Wal-long and Fung King-chung gave a pretty exhibition of passing before dropping the ball to Hau, who, on the left with the Association, defenders more or less around his three team-mates, gave Drake hardly a chance of saving.

The teams were:
COMBINED CHINESE—Tam Kwan-hon (S.C.A.), Lee Tin-sang and Lee Kwok-wai (S.C.A.), Young Shiu-yick, Leung Wing-chiu (S.C.A.) and Soong Ling-sing (S.C.A.); Young Shiu-yick, Fung King-chung, Lee Wal-long, Lai Shu-wing and Hau Ching-to (S.C.A.).

ASSOCIATION TEAM—Drake (Middlesex), Blackburn (Police) and Bone (Chub); Fowler (St. Joseph's), Sheehan (Middlesex) and Honnibal (St. Joseph's); Emberson (Ordnance), Thorburn (Navy), Fowler (Club), A. V. Goano (St. Joseph's) and E. L. Stronge (Club).

Hongkong Schools Win Challenge Cup

By a goal scored in the second half, the Hongkong Schools beat the Kowloon Schools by 2-1 for the Schools Challenge Cup, which, together with medals for the players, was presented by His Excellency at the conclusion of the game.

Outstanding for Kowloon was W. G. Pryde (C.B.S.), who scored their only goal. R. Silva (St. Joseph's College) proved a tricky leader for the Hongkong team, and had the honour of netting the deciding goal of the match. Hongkong scored first through Chan Yee-long (Wah Yan).

The Kowloon defence was the better of the two, and had Pryde had better assistance from his fellow-forwards they would have undoubtedly won. It was in the second half that the Hongkong forward line proved its merits, and the closing minutes were full of excitement as the ball was lifted right off the goal line as it was running into the net with the goalie out of position.

The teams were:
KOWLOON—Wong Chi-cheung (Wah Yan); Teng Eng-sung (D.B.S.) and H. L. Smith (C.B.S.); W. G. Pryde (C.B.S.); Soares (La Salle) and Peter Kwok (Wah Yan); T. Macaulay (D.B.S.); Brown (C.B.S.); W. O. Fries (C.B.S.); J. Gomes (La Salle) and H. Mathias (La Salle).
HONGKONG—Chang Chung-sung (St. Joseph's); W. Ho (St. Joseph's); Liu Yip-kwong (St. Joseph's) and Chan Yip-ming (Kowloon School); Ko Yung-hum (St. Joseph's); Wong Yee-um (King's); R. Stephens (St. Joseph's); Chan Yee-long (Wah Yan) and B. Abbot (St. Joseph's).

Cricket

PEARCE SCORES 56 AND TAKES 8 FOR 25

The annual cricket match between the Hongkong C.C. and the Kowloon C.C. which was played on the latter's ground yesterday resulted in an easy win for the Club by 115 runs. T. A. Pearce was the hero of the day, taking 8 wickets for 25 runs after scoring 56. Keeping an excellent length and turning sharply from the off he soon had the Kowloon batsmen in difficulties. On two occasions he took two wickets with successive balls.

The Hongkong C.C. batted first, and at lunch had 140 for 3 wickets on the board. On the return to the field, however, Anderson and Lloyd were rejuvenated bowlers, and the Club were all out for the addition of only 35 further runs.

The K.C.C. batsmen were routed, and were all out for 69 runs. With two hours left for play, each side took one hour at the crease. Kowloon scored 124 for 9 wickets, Anderson being top-scorer with 53, reaching the boundary on 11 occasions. The Club lost 6 wickets for 140 runs, the highest contribution being from Haymes, who hit 4 four's and a six. The scores were:

H.K.C.C.				
J. E. Richardson, b. Pearce	50	0	0	0
L. T. Ridge, c. Haymes, b. Lloyd	50	0	0	0
T. A. Pearce, c. Zimmerman, b. Lloyd	56	0	0	0
D. L. Ross, c. Baxter, b. Anderson	25	0	0	0
J. L. C. Pearce, c. b. Anderson	14	0	0	0
D. McNeill, b. Anderson	11	0	0	0
M. T. L. Haymes, c. Anderson, b. Lloyd	4	0	0	0
C. E. Fincher, c. Fincher, b. Pearce	4	0	0	0
A. E. Perry, not out	1	0	0	0
N. A. Gray, b. Pearce	1	0	0	0
J. H. Fox, c. b. Anderson	1	0	0	0
Extras	1	0	0	0
Total	194	9	0	0

Bowling Analysis				
Lloyd	O	M	R	W
Anderson	13	2	50	8
Baxter	4	1	21	1
Gray	2	0	22	1
Howed one wide				

Kowloon C.C.				
D. J. N. Anderson, c. b. McNeill	5	0	0	0
N. A. E. Mackay, c. Pearce	1	0	0	0
T. Broadbridge, c. Perry, b. McNeill	1	0	0	0
R. Baxter, b. Pearce	1	0	0	0
D. Hung, b. w. Pearce	1	0	0	0
C. E. Fincher, c. Fincher, b. Pearce	1	0	0	0
W. L. Hayles, c. b. Pearce	1	0	0	0
J. Zimmerman, c. J. L. C. Pearce, b. Pearce	1	0	0	0
N. D. Lloyd, c. b. Pearce	1	0	0	0
T. A. Madar, not out	4	0	0	0
Extras	10	0	0	0
Total	30	0	0	0

Bowling Analysis				
McNeill	O	M	R	W
Perry	2.5	2	17	2
Fung	2.5	2	17	2

Junior Match Tied

The Kowloon Cricket Club Juniors tied with the Royal Air Force in a friendly match yesterday at the former's ground.

K.C.C.				
F. J. Lay, c. Harrison, b. New	24	0	0	0
G. A. Goodban, b. New	23	0	0	0
C. G. Davies, b. New	11	0	0	0
R. Baldwin, c. Pelling, b. New	9	0	0	0
C. Hall, b. Gillespie	1	0	0	0
C. Walker, b. Nancarrow	1	0	0	0
H. Harding, not out	4	0	0	0
G. Brokenshire, c. Waddington	0	0	0	0
G. Giffen, c. Harrison, b. Gillespie	0	0	0	0
R. Simpson, b. w. b. Gillespie	0	0	0	0
Extras	0	0	0	0
Total	111	0	0	0

Bowling Analysis				
Waddington	O	M	R	W
Gillespie	5	1	17	4
Hamsley	2	1	15	3
New	2	0	9	2
Nancarrow	7.5	2	20	3

Royal Air Force				
Pelling, b. Simpson	57	0	0	0
King, b. Hall	4	0	0	0
Waddington, c. Harding, b. Davies	4	0	0	0
King, b. Hall	15	0	0	0
Harrison, b. Baldwin, b. Davies	15	0	0	0
Nancarrow, b. w. b. Hall	2	0	0	0
Lillis, c. Giffen, b. Hall	2	0	0	0
Goodban, b. Simpson	2	0	0	0
Rix, b. Simpson	0	0	0	0
Hamsley, not out	0	0	0	0
Extras	0	0	0	0
Total	111	0	0	0

Bowling Analysis				
Simpson	O	M	R	W
Goodban	4	1	20	4
Davies	5	1	15	2
Hall	4	1	9	2
Baldwin	1	0	2	1

Yesterday's Cash Sweeps

The following were the lucky cash sweep numbers at yesterday's Race Meeting at Happy Valley:

Race No. 1	
No. 608	\$1,426.00
" 818	203.00
Unplaced ponies (\$50 each): Nos. 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600	100.00
Number of tickets sold, 3,000.	

Race No. 2	
No. 1515	\$1,747.20
" 1522	409.20
" 1523	249.00
Unplaced ponies (\$50 each): Nos. 1543, 1544, 1545, 1546, 1547, 1548, 1549, 1550, 1551, 1552, 1553, 1554, 1555, 1556, 1557, 1558, 1559, 1560, 1561, 1562, 1563, 1564, 1565, 1566, 1567, 1568, 1569, 1570, 1571, 1572, 1573, 1574, 1575, 1576, 1577, 1578, 1579, 1580, 1581, 1582, 1583, 1584, 1585, 1586, 1587, 1588, 1589, 1590, 1591, 1592, 1593, 1594, 1595, 1596, 1597, 1598, 1599, 1600	100.00
Number of tickets sold, 3,350.	

Race No. 3	
No. 3332	\$1,426.00
" 3333	203.00
Unplaced ponies (\$50 each): Nos. 3023, 3024, 3025, 3026, 3027, 3028, 3029, 3030, 3031, 3032, 3033, 3034, 3035, 3036, 3037, 3038, 3039, 3040, 3041, 3042, 3043, 3044, 3045, 3046, 3047, 3048, 3049, 3050, 3051, 3052, 3053, 3054, 3055, 3056, 3057, 3058, 3059, 3060, 3061, 3062, 3063, 3064, 3065, 3066, 3067, 3068, 3069, 3070, 3071, 3072, 3073, 3074, 3075, 3076, 3077, 3078, 3079, 3080, 3081, 3082, 3083, 3084, 3085, 3086, 3087, 3088, 3089, 3090, 3091, 3092, 3093, 3094, 3095, 3096, 3097, 3098, 3099, 3100	100.00
Number of tickets sold, 3,700.	

Race No. 4	
No. 2022	\$1,542.00
" 2023	203.00
Unplaced ponies (\$50 each): Nos. 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100	100.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,000.	

Race No. 5	
No. 1991	\$1,837.60
" 1992	203.00
Unplaced ponies (\$50 each): Nos. 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100	100.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,375.	

Race No. 6	
No. 2074	\$2,031.00
" 2075	203.00
Unplaced ponies (\$50 each): Nos. 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100	100.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,250.	

Race No. 7	
No. 1919	\$3,500.00
" 1920	203.00
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): Nos. 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000	100.00
Number of tickets sold, 1,100.	

Race No. 8	
No. 1511	\$2,028.40
" 1512	203.00
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): Nos. 1513, 1514, 1515, 1516, 1517, 1518, 1519, 1520, 1521, 1522, 1523, 1524, 1525, 1526, 1527, 1528, 1529, 1530, 1531, 1532, 1533, 1534, 1535, 1536, 1537, 1538, 1539, 1540, 1541, 1542, 1543, 1544, 1545, 1546, 1547, 1548, 1549, 1550, 1551, 1552, 1553, 1554, 1555, 1556, 1557, 1558, 1559, 1560, 1561, 1562, 1563, 1564, 1565, 1566, 1567, 1568, 1569, 1570, 1571, 1572, 1573, 1574, 1575, 1576, 1577, 1578, 1579, 1580, 1581, 1582, 1583, 1584, 1585, 1586, 1587, 1588, 1589, 1590, 1591, 1592, 1593, 1594, 1595, 1596, 1597, 1598, 1599, 1600	100.00
Number of tickets sold, 4,375.	

No. 1851	\$2,002.40
" 56	820.40
" 3798	413.20
Unplaced ponies (\$100 each): Nos. 561,	
3293, 463, 1693, 1705, 2747, 1512, 2329, 1681,	
1783, 3438, 4030, 3827, 3583, 1609, 304, 2503,	
1182, 3910, 3212, 1990.	



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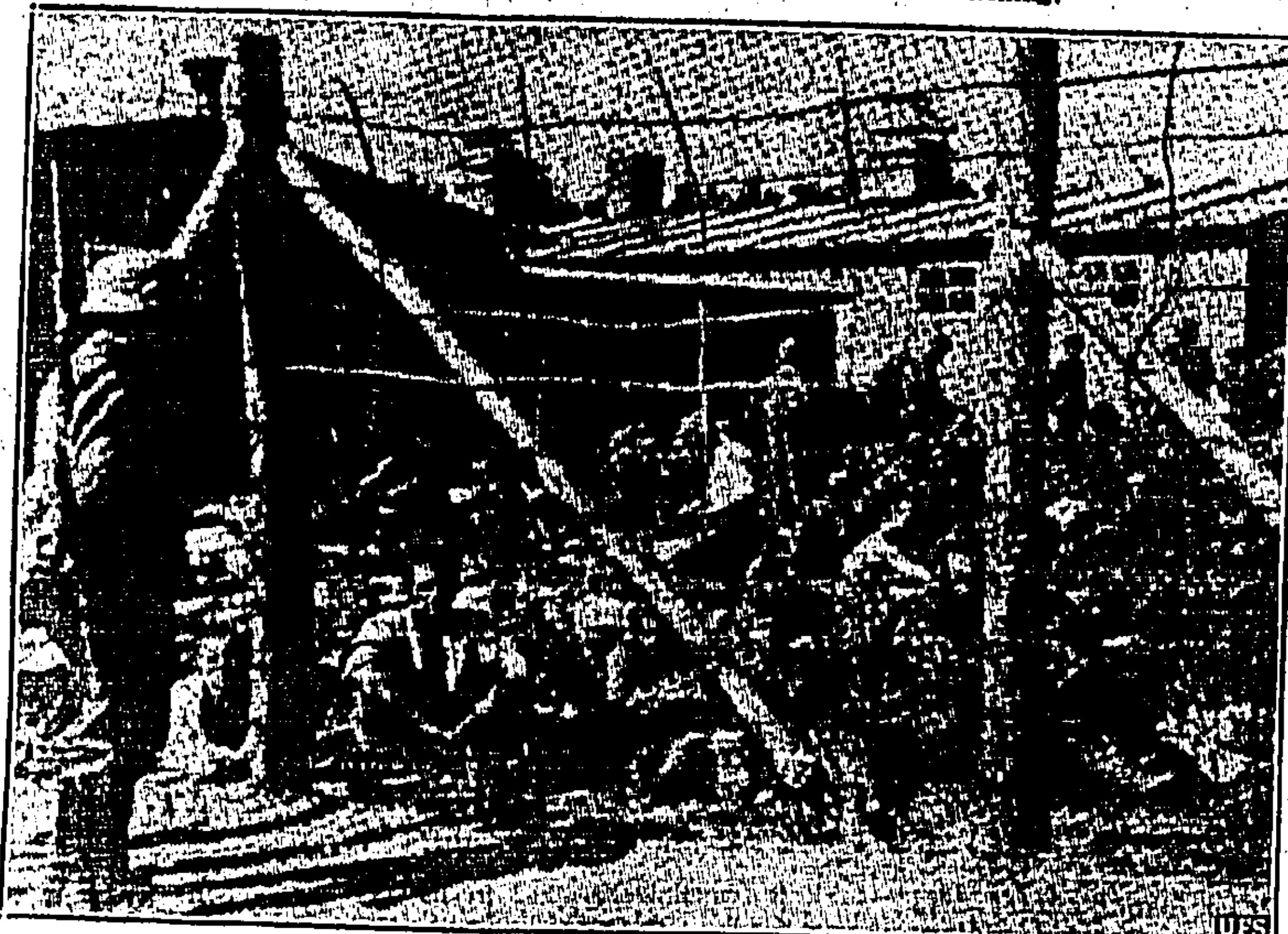
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PHOTONEWS



Remains of bridge over Brabf river, near Bromberg, Poland, as advancing Germans found it. It was believed destroyed by receding Poles or Nazi shelling.



Polish prisoners of war, captured early in the invasion of Poland by Germany, are held in a temporary military prison behind barbed wire. The scene is "Somewhere in Poland," but German censor would not say where. Thousands of Poles have been taken.



More than 50 painters were put on the job in New York to paint American flags on the sides of United States Lines ships and on tarpaulins to be laid on the decks. This follows instructions by Maritime Commission not to have blackouts and to show American flags at all times, including flags under spot-lights flying from masts at night.



Rescued by the coast, this picture shows a family who have been rescued from a German air raid. They were seen in the wheel fields somewhere in Scotland. They were sent out of London for protection from possible German air raids.

"I adore the glorious perfume of ERASMIC OLD LONDON LAVENDER Toilet Soap"



No other perfume is so appealing as that of lavender. It is different — distinctive — a real floral scent which everybody adores.

THIS exquisite perfume is superbly blended into Erasmic Old London Lavender Toilet Soap.

You will be enchanted with this lovely soap. Its rich creamy lather is unusually gentle, but so deep-cleansing. It coaxes out and absorbs impurities, keeps your complexion youthfully beautiful, and imparts to the skin a fragrance that will charm and delight you.

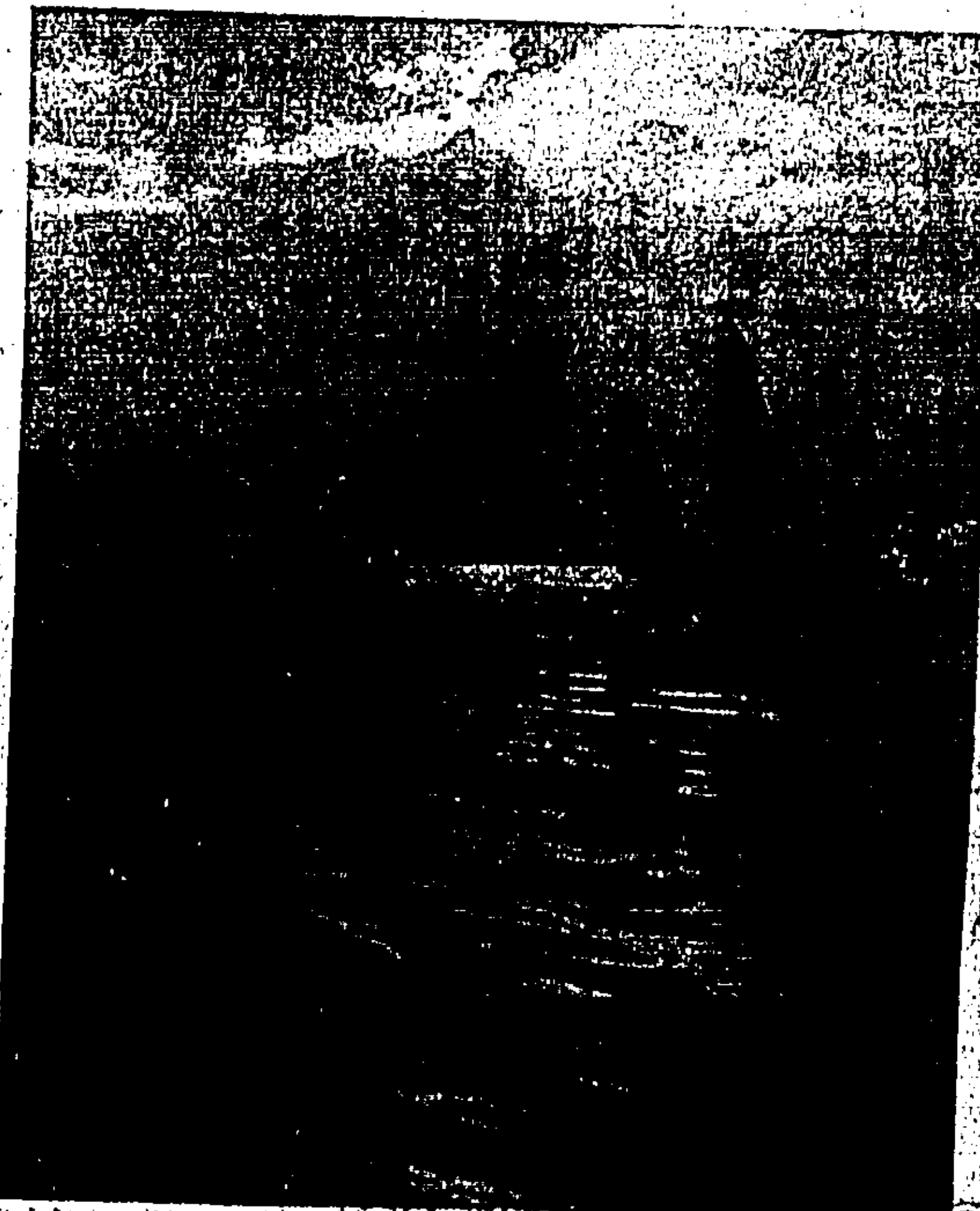
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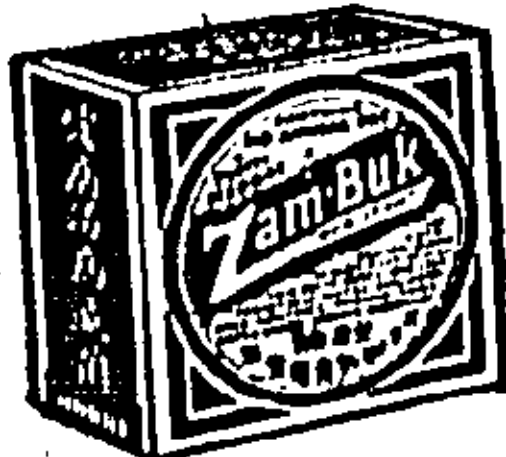
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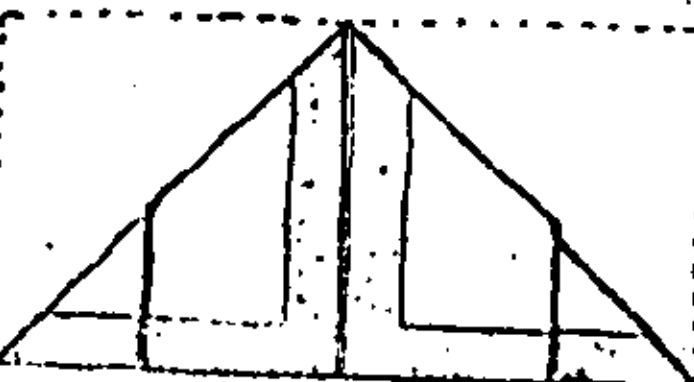
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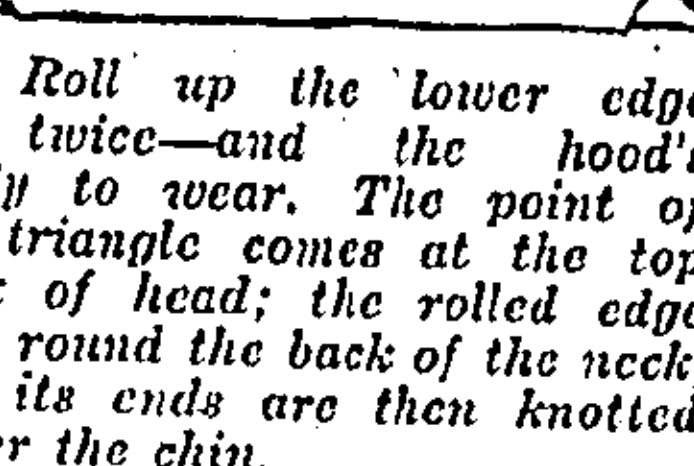
HERE'S a useful hint that
I learned on a Swiss
holiday this summer.

1. Start by laying the handkerchief out flat on the table. Then fold it in half, drawing the top towards you, as shown above.
2. Fold the top half again, horizontally, and turn it back, as you see here. Then, holding the two top corners, lift the handkerchief up and reverse it, so that the triple-folded upper part lies next to the table and the smooth unfolded half faces you from the table.
3. Now fold over each top corner diagonally to the centre of the lower edge, making triangles as shown.
4. Roll up the lower edge twice—and the hood's ready to wear. The point of the triangle comes at the top back of head; the rolled edge goes round the back of the neck, and its ends are then knotted under the chin.



Or they were all-over patterned with the lovely flowers—gentians, edelweiss, orchids and so on—that Switzerland is famous for, and edged with bright blue or red border.

Any large handkerchief will do, the gayer the better. So try this Swiss bonnet and see how becoming and cosy it is.



Olive Oil For Cleaning

OLIVE oil has many and varied uses in the home. Along with salt it is excellent for cleaning polished furniture. A sufficiency of salt should be thoroughly dried near the fire, crushed fine, and put into a double thickness of linen rag. Tie into a tight bundle.

Dip the bundle into fine olive oil and rub it well over the dull surface. After polishing with a piece of chamois leather or a woollen rag the surface will be as bright as new. Heat marks, too, on polished surfaces are quickly removed if rubbed with a little salt mixed with olive oil. Lacquered trays and boxes can also be restored and polished by rubbing them with olive oil.

All kinds of brassware, ornamental and even plain brass taps, will keep clean and in good condition much longer if, after polishing in the usual way, a little olive oil is applied.

An excellent brass polish is made by mixing well together two parts each of olive oil, turpentine, and methylated spirits, and one part of vinegar. Bottled and well shaken before using, it makes brass beautifully bright.

Silver articles rubbed with olive oil before they are stored away will not tarnish. Curtain rings, too, will slip much more easily along brass rods if the rods are rubbed over with olive oil. Iron and steel are prevented from rusting if olive oil is well rubbed into them.

For Hats and Shoes

Shabby dark-coloured hats can also be much improved if a little olive oil is well brushed in with a stiff, clean brush. New shoes are sometimes stiff and unyielding. A little olive oil rubbed in with a soft cloth will make them more flexible. Let the shoes stand for a few days before wearing them. Rubbed well into patent leather shoes or other patent leather articles, olive oil will keep them in good, pliable condition.

Olive oil and methylated spirits are excellent for tired, sore feet. Bathe the feet in hot water to which two tablespoonfuls of ordinary salt have been added. Thoroughly dry the feet and rub the oil and spirit well in.

Equal parts of olive and castor oil make an excellent tonic for hair, which shows signs of dullness and dryness. Warm the oil, part the hair, and rub the oil well into the partings.

Olive oil, too, is particularly good for dry, sensitive skins and may be applied with benefit to a bruise caused by a blow or a knock.

Helen Edward



It would be excellent to slip on quickly if called out by the sirens late at night—and would hide untidy hair when there's no time to spare for brush and comb. If you want to secure it permanently as a hood a tiny gold safety pin on the inside of each little tie end does it.

Uses For Tea And Coffee

AS a wash for tired eyes and sore eyelids cold tea is excellent. Applied gently with pledges of cotton wool, it is soothing and strengthening.

Lace mats, window casements, mounds' lawn, and aprons are dyed biscuit shades if dipped in tea, the shades varying according to the strength of the tea. While wood articles, too, look nice if lightly stained with tea.

Strong tea can be used for mixing cement. If a golden brown shade is wanted. Sometimes in new houses a shrinkage of the floors leaves a gap between the hearth and the wood. When tiles are of a brownish colour, the cement will tone nicely with the tiles besides filling the gap.

Coffee is not only a pleasant beverage, it is handy as a flavouring agent.

Milk is sometimes disliked in its natural state. The addition of just enough coffee to flavour it will often make it quite acceptable.

The addition of a gill of strong black coffee to three gills of milk when making junket will impart a pleasant flavour and make an agreeable change. It is acceptable, too, when plain junket is disliked.

Coffee grounds, too, can be useful. Dried and sprinkled on hot cinders and placed on an enameled plate, they will clear a room of stale tobacco smoke.

Shaken in a cloudy decanter, they quickly remove stains. They can also be used to stuff a pin-cushion.

If hot water is poured over coffee grounds, strained off and rubbed on the shiny parts of skirts, coats, etc., it will remove the glaze and also freshen them.

Mold coffee grounds sprinkled on the floor when it is brushed will, like ten leaves, keep dust from rising.

H. E.



Schoolboys & job boys... in this smart dress. Majoring in grooming all eyes will approve the good leather hat, the swank 'button-down' shirt, the back. Master-tailored of sheer Hanes fabric, colours are ultra-becoming. It is a Westbury model.



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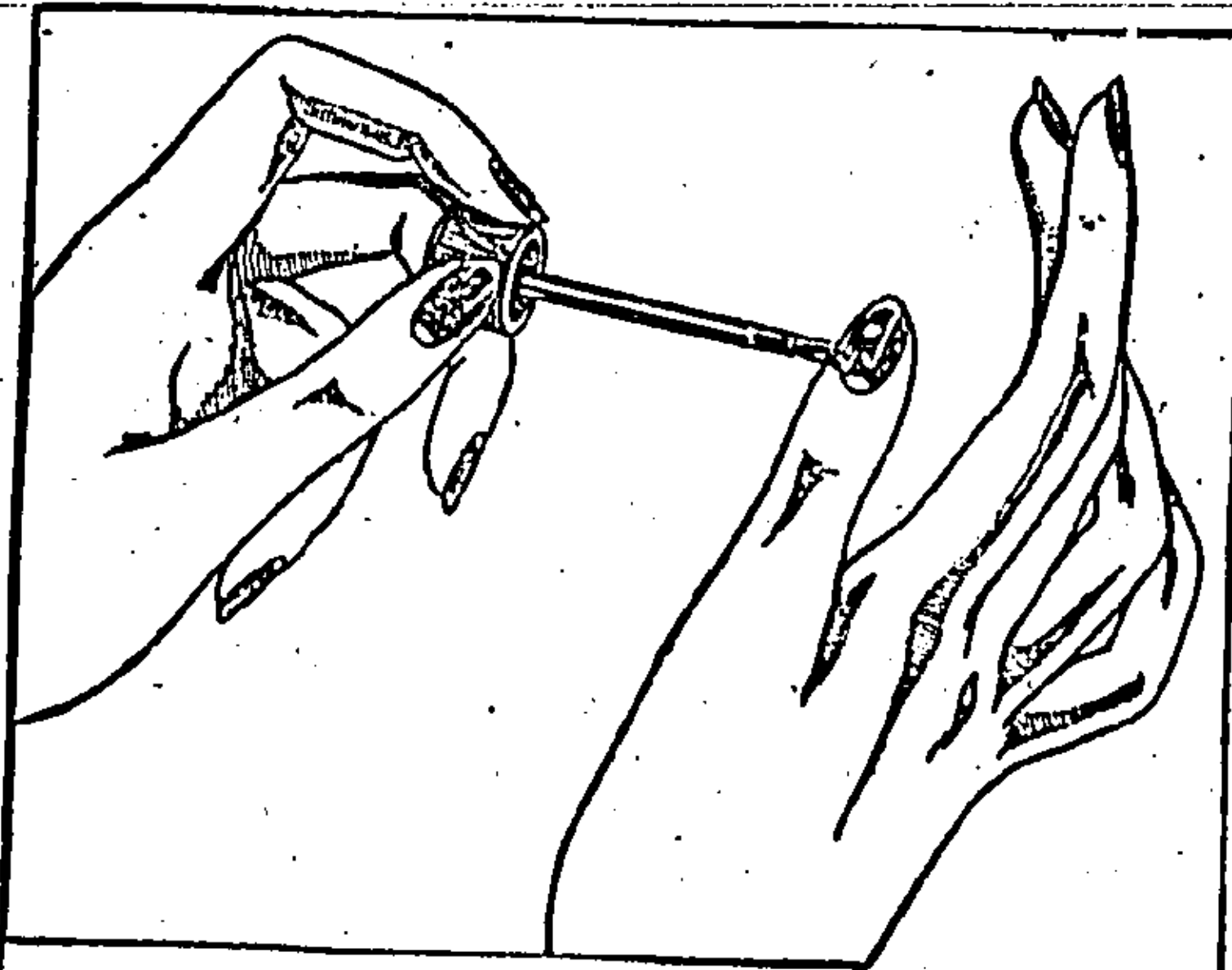
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NANCY



By Ernie Bushmiller

WESTERN FRONT

AIR FORCE ACTIVITY

"We Repulsed Several Enemy Raids"

PARIS, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—A communiqué states: "There has been very great activity on the part of enemy reconnaissance units between Moselle and the Saar."

"In this region, we repulsed several raids, some of which involved fairly important effects."

Hedge-Hop Along Border

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—Two pairs of British planes made reconnaissance flights along the whole German line bordering Luxembourg, Belgium and Holland.

A British observer with the Royal Air Force says they went to investigate reports of German movements—the evacuation of important cities, big troop movements, concentrations near Aix-la-Chapelle, and fortifications on the Luxembourg frontier.

One pair of planes came back with some excellent and useful photographs.

The other pair, besides encountering bad weather, met with intensive anti-aircraft fire and flew over the North Sea and landed in England.

Nazi Claims

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"—BERLIN, Oct. 10 (UP).—A High Command communiqué says that German planes made a surprise attack on British naval units yesterday off the west coast of Norway.

The communiqué said, "Our attackers achieved six particularly heavy hits on British cruisers on which explosions and smoke clouds gave evidence of German successes."

Two German bombers were damaged and forced to make landings in Denmark.

Belgium Is Rich In Armaments

BRUSSELS, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The Belgian Minister of National Defence gave a reassuring report on armaments to the Senatorial Committee on national defence to-day.

The supply of artillery ammunition was satisfactory, he said, and so was the output of the munitions factories.

Holland To Buy A.A. Batteries

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The Netherlands are starting funds to purchase anti-aircraft batteries for towns in which they live.



A section of the photographs entered in the "Hongkong Telegraph" summer competition which are now on exhibition in the "South China Morning Post" building. The exhibition will remain open until Friday evening.

SUPREMACY OF ROYAL AIR FORCE ESTABLISHED

(Continued from Page 1.)

approach of enemy craft and the presence of submarines from ranges far beyond the vision of surface craft.

"The value of the work performed must not be gauged by attacks alone. We have confirmed from prisoner statements that the mere presence of aircraft is sufficient to make a submarine submerge and remain submerged, and that the mere presence of air escort often prevents a submarine commander from attacking a convoy."

Almost Daily Clashes

"Almost daily there have been clashes with the enemy, and units of the coastal command are successfully carrying out services vital to our war efforts."

Again referring to the reconnaissance over Germany, Sir Kingsley Wood said hundreds of hours of flying had been recorded. Vital military information had been gained and units had familiarised themselves with the country.

Augmenting his reference to the mapping of the Siegfried Line, Sir Kingsley said, "A few days ago, aircraft taking off from an aerodrome in France covered the whole length of Germany from the said aerodrome to the North Sea. They flew on to Helligoland all without serious opposition and then made a safe landing home in England."

"Long reconnaissance flights of 1,000 miles or so have been carried out at night under weather conditions of great difficulty."

Leaflet "Bombings"

"The distribution of messages of the German people over large areas of enemy territory, which had been combined with successful reconnaissance, had been of considerable value in giving information to the people in Germany," Sir Kingsley added.

"A number of these messages, were recently found in possession of the German prisoners, notwithstanding the pains and penalties threatened against persons who picked up such communications."

Sir Kingsley referred to the German official bulletin which stated that Berlin citizens slept quietly through the British flight over Berlin, and said "Our airmen, on their return, spoke of firing and near-misses encountered, so we can only conjecture that the people of Berlin must be very heavy sleepers."

"For sometime now, the R.A.F. have been established in France alongside the gallant French squadrons. Everywhere they have been received with kindness and hospitality."

"The move of the squadrons to France with all associated equipment proceeded with the greatest smoothness."

"Sir Kingsley said that—on some other occasion he would tell the House the valuable and devoted work done by the other commands including the Overseas Commands in the Mediterranean, Middle East, Iraq, India and the Far East."

Recruiting Success

Referring to recruitment and equipment, Sir Kingsley said during the first fortnight of the war 10,000 men were accepted for service as pilots, crews and maintenance personnel. Training and organisation had been expanded on a vast scale to produce a further large number of pilots, observers and air-gunners required.

"All sorts of claims have been made in German reports as to the numbers of our aircraft shot down. Of course we must have our own figures. Some German claims have been accurate, but others have been grossly exaggerated."

Ready To Strike Hard

Referring to the "mysterious affair at Friedrichshaven," Sir Kingsley said, "Neither the French nor ourselves were responsible for this mythical raid."

Referring to aircraft strength, Sir Kingsley said, "The R.A.F. is ready to strike and strike hard and at any time to make its full and effective contribution to winning the war. We have built up aircraft production on broad foundations. At the outbreak of war, our rate of production represented an achievement unprecedented in this country in time of peace. Now our factories are every day increasing their labour force."

"New factories are also nearly completed and fresh sub-contractors are being enlisted daily. In due course this will mean the rate of production will be more than twice the considerable figure we have now reached."

"The Cabinet has made a fresh examination of the whole position and authority has been given to the R.A.F. to take immediate effect to counteract the possible effects of enemy action."

"We are acting also in full co-operation with France in many of our productive plans. Military aviation and production in France have recently made great strides and much mutual advantage has been obtained by a full and free interchange of experience and ideas."

Domination Co-operation. Referring to Domination co-operation, Sir Kingsley said, "Nothing has given us greater encouragement since the war began than the keen desire of all parts of the Empire to play an effective part in the air defence."

"I am thinking not only of the

Traitors Executed In Germany

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BERLIN, Oct. 10 (UP).—It has been officially announced that three people were executed to-day for high treason and espionage on behalf of a foreign power.

Domination and India, but of the Colonies as well. To-day the whole strength of the Empire is being marshalled and there is no doubt that the great Dominion effort of 26 years ago will be largely exceeded in the present conflict."

Sir Kingsley announced the rapid expansion of training school facilities in Canada, Australia and New Zealand, and said that the young men trained would join either the Air Force Squadrons in one Dominion theatre of operation, or the British R.A.F. units.

This undertaking was one of great magnitude and its development would result in a very great and rapid increase in the number of training schools.

The mission from England headed by Lord Riverdale, who is aided by a specially selected technical staff, was already on the way to Canada to meet corresponding missions from Australia and New Zealand. These missions would discuss with the Canadian authorities all further steps to be taken for the rapid execution of the undertaking.

S. African Air Force Expansion

"For various reasons the Government of South Africa does not consider the scheme of air training applicable to the circumstances of the Union, and they consider that their air force personnel should receive their full training at home."

"I, however, am authorised to say that the Union authorities intend to make their training as complete as possible, and expand their air forces to the fullest extent of their resources."

After remarking that the Dominions had already made individual contributions of a gallant and striking character, Sir Kingsley said the arrangements referred to were a notable illustration of the manner in which members of the Commonwealth could bring to the full weight and might of their individual resources to secure the achievement of their common purpose and the success of their common cause.

"To join with the Government in paying tribute to the vision and imagination of Dominion statesmen who have so promptly recognised the significance of this great conception. We are most grateful to the Dominion High Commissioners in London for their helpful co-operation."

Tribute To Airmen

In conclusion, Sir Kingsley recalled the late King George V's tribute to the Empire's contribution in the air to victory and said: "We shall have our dangers, our ordeals, and our difficulties, but none of us doubt that when the great test comes again, our airmen and overseas will once more record the same magnificent achievements, self-sacrifice and devotion to duty."

Replying to a question by Mr. Hugh Dalton suggesting that the time is not far distant when Britain would have recovered her air supremacy over Germany which she had in 1918, Sir Kingsley said: "The steps I have indicated to-day will satisfy him that we are taking every step in this connection."

Replying to Sir Archibald Sinclair, Sir Kingsley said he understood an announcement was being made to-day that officers and men who displayed such skill at Kiel had been rewarded by the King.

JAPANESE OPPORTUNISM

Chinese Minister Sees Trouble Ahead

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"—LONDON, Oct. 10 (UP).—In an address to the Chinese Campaign Committee at a Double Tenth luncheon, Mr. Quo Tai-chi, the Chinese Ambassador to London, predicted trouble ahead for the Western Powers interested in the Far East.

"It does not require the gift of prophecy to predict that Japan will certainly exploit the European situation," he said.

"European preoccupation will be Japan's opportunity for further depredations in East Asia and the Western Pacific, against the Western Powers as much as against China." Scorching rumours of mediation in the Sino-Japanese war, Mr. Quo, said, "As long as the Japanese war lords remain in the saddle and in their present mood, there can be no reasonable basis for negotiations and no hope for peace."

Sir Stafford Cripps discussed the possibility of an Anglo-Japanese alliance.

"At present there is a most real and practical danger for this country to turn to an alliance with Japan to offset the Russo-German pact," he said.

He emphasised the necessity of waking British public opinion to the conscious need of supporting China.

Two Minutes Silence

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The Chinese Double Tenth Anniversary luncheon by the China Campaign Committee, at which 150 attended, was celebrated in London with Lord Davies presiding.

Mr. Quo Tai-chi spoke, followed by Lady Snowden, Miss Margery Fry and Sir Stafford Cripps. Chinese residents in London congregated in force at a tea party at the Embassy in the afternoon.

A two minutes silence was observed for the civil and military Chinese who had been killed in the war with Japan, and a message was sent to the Chinese army expressing the hope for an early victorious ending to the war.

Speaking at the Chinese Independence Day luncheon, Mr. Quo Tai-chi, Chinese Ambassador to London, said that so long as the Japanese war lords remained in the saddle and in their present mood, there could be no reasonable basis for negotiations and no hope for peace.

All the people of Europe, and throughout the world were asking themselves whether a just and durable peace in Europe was possible. "I think," said the Ambassador, "we all know the answer."

Mr. Quo Tai-chi added that Western people will appreciate more clearly the identical difficulty which confronts China, and the Western democracies alike. Peace must be based upon good faith among nations, respect for international law and human dignity, and the principle of live and let live.

Oslo Powers Are Worried

BRUSSELS, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The seven Oslo powers have postponed indefinitely their conference to discuss neutrality and other war questions. The postponement was decided upon when some of the nations said developments might be such that direct action by countries concerned might be necessary.

CHILDREN WHO WON'T EAT

There's nothing so wearing for a mother as a child who won't eat well. Usually such a child is the "nervy" highly-strung type. He picks at his food, looks pale and loses weight.

Coaxing won't improve matters. Child specialists everywhere recommend Horlicks for these "nervy" children with faded appetites.

The reason is that Horlicks not only builds bone and muscle, but it stimulates their appetites for the foods they need. In a remarkably short time they get strong, healthy, full of life and "go." And children love the taste of Horlicks. Get Horlicks to-day.

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THE HONGKONG
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THE STORY OF A MAN WHO RISKED ALL FOR HONOUR. A STORY OF ENDURING COURAGE, SWEEPING ROMANCE AND A THOUSAND THRILLS.

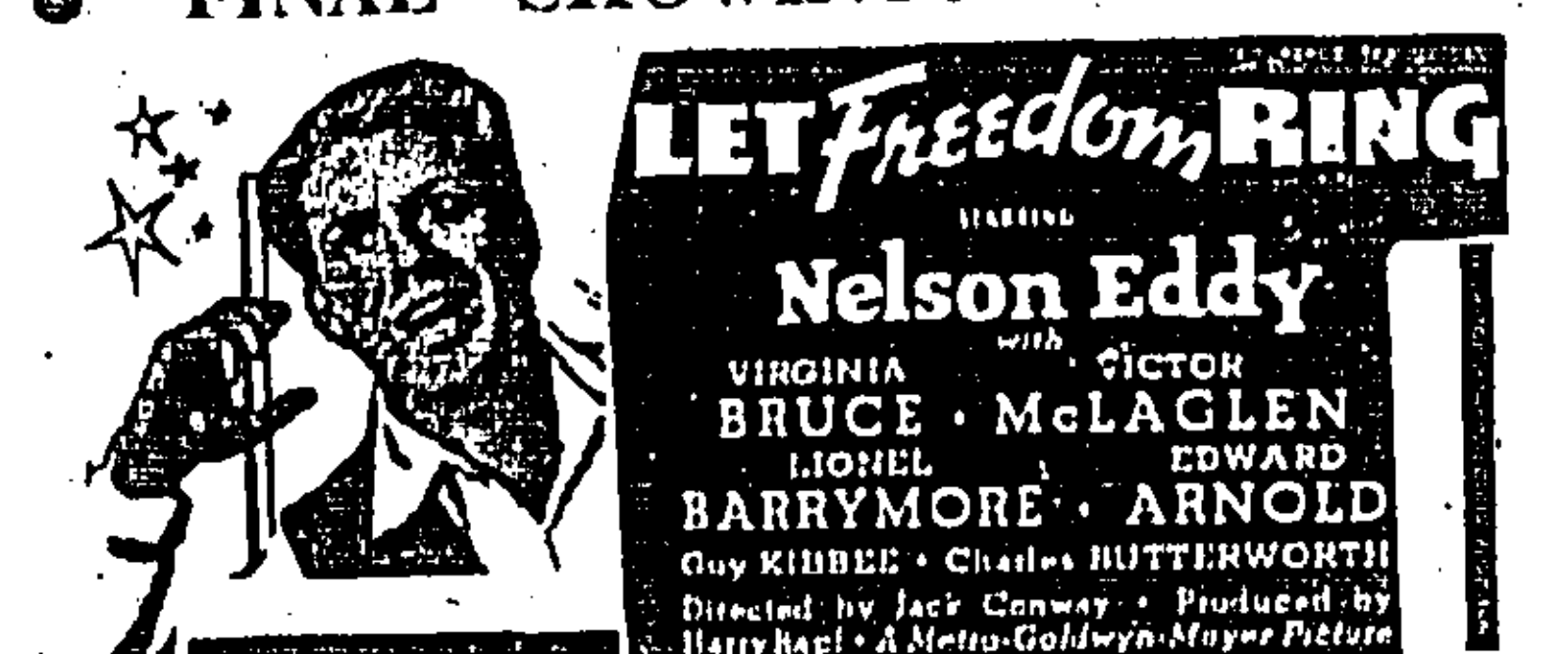


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TO - MORROW JEAN HARLOW - WILLIAM POWELL
AN M-G-M PICTURE in "RECKLESS"

4 SHOWS DAILY 2.30-5.15, 7.15-9.30
ORIENTAL
THEATRE
2 DAYS TO-DAY TO-MORROW
EXPOSING MERCILESS MOBSTERS WHO ROB MILLIONS!
Smashing the cruel loan shark racket, this picture shows how they operate and what happens when you don't pay.



TO-MORROW AND FRIDAY

THE GRANDST OF ALL DE MILLE'S GREAT ROMANCES!
Cecil B. DeMille's
"THE PLAINSMAN"
GARY COOPER, JEAN ARTHUR
SIDNEY TOLER
CHARLIE CHAN IN RENO
A 20th Century-Fox Picture



TO-MORROW AND FRIDAY
CHARLIE CHAN IN RENO
SIDNEY TOLER
A 20th Century-Fox Picture

BIG SHIP IN DANGER

Typhoon Smashes Greek Steamer

AN 8,000-ton Greek steamer, whose name cannot be mentioned owing to censorship restrictions, is in danger of going ashore on an island south of Formosa.

The steamer, which was experiencing a severe buffeting from the typhoon which earlier this week threatened Hongkong, is reported to be smashing up.

The crew are apparently preparing to take to their lifeboats. Shipping has been warned to maintain a look-out for survivors.

All Safe

LATER. The steamer reported herself in the centre of the typhoon at noon yesterday and stated that she was in danger of going ashore.

A S.O.S. was broadcast to nearby ships to look for her in case she needed assistance.

However, she reported a few hours later that she had escaped destruction and at 8 o'clock this morning reported that she was safe and that there had been no casualties.

The steamer, which was formerly the Castle Line, is now under Greek registry and is owned by Carras Bros. She is of 5,838 tons and was built at Northumberland in 1917.

DOMINIONS CO-OPERATE

OTTAWA, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The British war supplies mission in Canada is making definite headway, announces its controller-general.

The Canadian War Supplies Board is giving very warm and keen co-operation, and "there is no doubt that Canada is out to win the war," it is stated.

A Sydney message from Australia says that the Minister of Commerce has announced the sale of 7,500,000 bushels of last season's wheat to Britain.

Britain will also buy 2,500,000 bushels of flour.

D.S.O. FOR R.A.F. OFFICERS

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—His Majesty the King has approved the award of the D.S.O. on Flying Officer (acting) Flight Lieutenant K. C. Dorman and Flying Officer Andrew Macpherson for distinguished and dangerous work in attacks and reconnaissance over enemy territory.

WAR RISKS UP

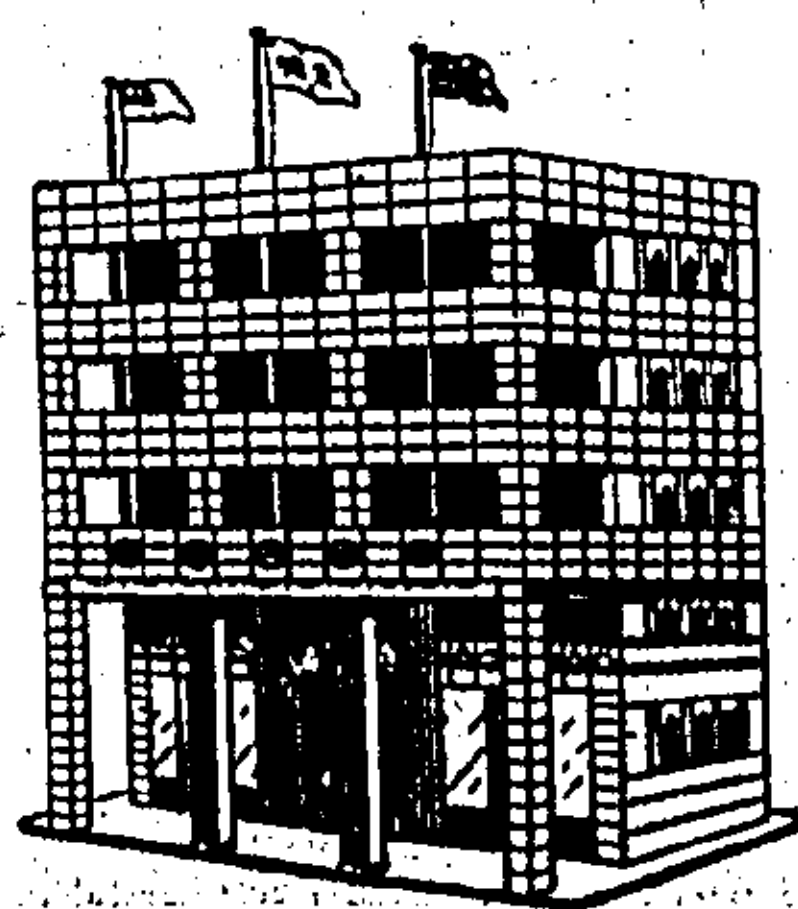
LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—Cargo risks to the Straits Settlements have been increased by 30 per cent, making a total increase of 50 per cent since September.

Hong Kong's Latest!

Announcing the Grand Opening of Golden City Restaurant

on Thursday, 12th October, 1939, at 11 a.m.

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124 Queen's Road Central
(almost opposite New Central Market)



—offering the finest Chinese food it is possible to give.

Try Us!

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Doctor's Son Marries

The wedding took place yesterday at St. Andrew's Church of Mr. Alfred Hugh Stanton Skinn and Miss Enid Saunders. The Rev. J. R. Jiggs, Vicar of St. Andrew's officiated.

The bride who only recently arrived from Shanghai, is the daughter of the late Mr. N. T. Saunders, and Mrs. N. T. Saunders of Shanghai.

The bridegroom is the son of Dr. A. J. Skinn and Mrs. Skinn, of Hongkong. He was educated at the Tientsin Grammar School and the Central British School, Hongkong, before going home to complete his studies. Taken up a career of chemical engineering, he recently returned to the Colony, and is now with the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock.

R.A.F. MISSION TO CANADA

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10 (UP).—Sir Kingsley Wood has revealed that a British Air Mission, headed by Lord Riverdale, is already enroute to Canada to confer with the Australian, New Zealand and Canadian Missions.

Cecil Rhodes Hotel Doomed

JOHANNESBURG, South Africa (U.P.).—Once the resort of Cecil Rhodes and Barley Barnard, the former Kimberley-Booyens Hotel, a landmark on the Rand Goldfields, is to be demolished to make room for extensions to an engineering works. The hotel was the first stop for coaches out of Johannesburg in the days before the railway.

TREAT FOR KIDDIES

To-morrow at 5-30 p.m., Max Malini, the famous magician, is giving a special children's party at the Cathedral, when it is expected that such things as bunnies will be produced.

Tickets may be secured at the Cathedral Office or at the door. Malini continues his present world tour next week, when he will be leaving for Manila.

LATE NEWS

Photo Contest Exhibition

Outstanding Quality Of The Entries

A LARGE number of people visited the Ninth Annual Amateur Photographic Exhibition at the South China Morning Post Building yesterday, and many expressed surprise and appreciation at the outstanding excellence of the entries.

Approximately one-third of the total number of entries have been selected for hanging, although probably eighty per cent of the studies received were worthy of being shown.



MAESTRO KOBZA

Who has been a judge in seven of the nine competitions.

The fact that all entries received this year were enlargements taxed the space available for the Exhibition, and those whose pictures are not being shown will doubtless appreciate the difficulty of securing a suitable venue.

Origin Of Competitions

It is interesting to recall the origin of the "Hongkong Telegraph" Photographic Competitions. In 1931, it was decided to conduct a "Bathing and Picnic Pictures Competition" during the summer months, and the innovation proved successful.

The majority of over one thousand entries received, were mainly prints. Although all of the entries were exhibited, some difficulty was experienced in spreading them out in order to make a show. The following year, some of the competitors sent in enlargements, which, although purporting to illustrate picnic or bathing studies, were actually notable for their beauty as land or seascapes.

Standard Raised

It was then decided to raise the standard of the competition along the lines of competitions held in Europe and the United States. Sections devoted to special studies were inaugurated, the response being most gratifying.

Since then, the standard of work has improved year by year, with the result that the "Hongkong Telegraph" Annual Competition now ranks as the leading Amateur Photographic Competition in this part of the world. For the past few years, pictures accepted in this Competition have found their way to the leading photographic centres of the world, and have been exhibited at the Royal Photographic Society's Exhibitions in London, and at exhibitions of equal merit at Amsterdam, The Hague, New York, and in various Australian cities.

Next year will mark the Competition's decennial. It is indicative of the great interest shown, that enquiries have already been received as to whether there will be any special features to celebrate the occasion. This is, of course, a question which will receive careful consideration in due course.

In view of the interest shown, the Exhibition will remain open until Friday.

U.S. Press Is Sympathetic Allies' War Aims Appreciated

NEW YORK, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—To-day's American newspapers discuss Mr. Neville Chamberlain's statement that the British and French Governments are completely agreed on the purposes for which they entered the war, but that later it might be considered whether their aims should be stated more specifically.

Hitler's Weak Position

The "New York Times" for instance, says that Britain and France have the advantage of an immensely superior cause, but in the present extraordinary situation there are special difficulties which handicap any effort of theirs to state their war aims in precise, unequivocal language. The "New York Herald Tribune" says Hitler's basic position is much weaker, and he is now trying to gain a victory without bloodshed, over Britain and France. To meet a peace offensive of this character, the Allies do not have to formulate aims or offer terms. They are on the defensive. These terms must come from the other side. It is unlikely that they will come.

QUEENS & ALHAMBRA

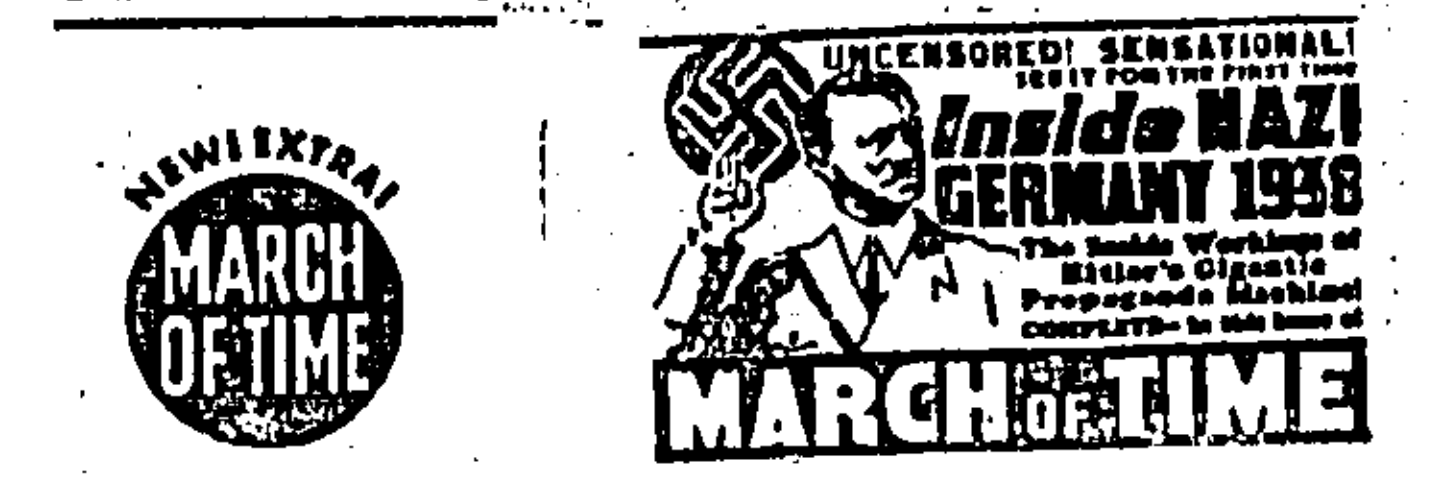
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TO-DAY & TO-MORROW



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Emily Bronte's Powerful Drama of a Desperate Man Who Avenged a Lost Love... An Immortal Screen Version of an Immortal Novel!



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"MARIE-ANTOINETTE"
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Super-Production!

KILLING PUPPETS
Chungking Agency To Reward Assassins
Shanghai, Oct. 10.
Prices ranging from 10,000 yuan to 200 yuan are placed on the heads of 24 "traitors", headed by Wang Ching-wei by the "Central Research and Statistics Bureau", which is believed to be the new name of a Chungking secret agency in Shanghai.

EXTENSIVE RAIDS
Japanese Observance Of National Day
Chungking, Oct. 10.
It is reported that altogether nine batches of Japanese bombers of nine each started from Hankow aerodrome this morning for different places in free China to bomb towns celebrating the Double Tenth national independence day.

The prices for assassinations are contained in identical letters sent to all Chinese newspapers. Sums of 10,000 yuan are offered for the heads of Wang Ching-wei and Chow Fuhai, former Publicity Minister in Chungking. Sums of 5,000 yuan are offered for killing Kao Chung-wu, Chai Ming-yi, Mei Shih-ping, Tao Shih-sen or Ting Mu-chung, the last named being Director of Wang's secret service.

Only 2,000 yuan is offered for the wife of Wang Ching-wei, who was formerly Chen Pi-chung, and a former member of the Central Executive Committee of the Kuomintang.

The circulars, however, fail to disclose where the people carrying out the assassinations may obtain the rewards.—United Press.

One batch bombed Chengtu in the morning but no details are available. It is understood that Marshal Chiang Kai-shek was there at the time.—United Press.

HUNAN AIR RAID
Changteh, Oct. 10.
Mass air raids were again staged by Japanese planes in Hunan, including Chikiang, Yuanling and Chingyang yesterday.—Central News.

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\$4,500,000 Additional Taxation Will Be Needed In Next Financial Year HONGKONG'S \$50,000,000 BUDGET WILL SET NEW RECORD

POPE'S SCHEME OPPOSED

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
VATICAN CITY, Oct. 10 (UP).—Plans drawn up by His Holiness the Pope for the creation of an anti-Atheist bloc in Europe are believed to have suffered a setback.

Both London and Paris are reported to have indicated that they are unwilling to participate in any such bloc at the present time.

It is believed that their unwillingness to join the plan is due to the fact that any such action would force the Soviet closer to Germany.

Britain and France are believed to have indicated to the Vatican that they are favourably disposed towards closer relations with Spain.

\$1,000 FINE FOR STORE

Wing On Company And Food Control
THE WING ON CO., LTD., prominent department stores of Connaught Road Central, were fined \$1,000 by Mr. R. A. D. Forrest at the Central Magistracy this morning for a breach of the food price control regulations.

This was the second summons of its kind to be dealt with by the Court.

The defendant company were charged with having sold, on September 15, to V. C. Branson, a 5-lb. tin of Klim whole milk at \$11.50, this being more than 10 per cent. above the retail price prevailing on August 31.

Mr. D. McCullum, for the defence, said his clients were very reluctantly on his advice, pleading guilty.

Mr. M. J. Abbott, Assistant Crown Solicitor, prosecuted. Mr. H. R. Butters, then Acting Food Controller, was in Court.

Mr. Abbott said the tin of Klim milk was sold to Mrs. Branson for \$11.50. The price at which the product could have been sold in accordance with the food order would be \$10.15 or \$10.18. The company was fully entitled to sell at these figures. However, he fully recognized that if the company had sold at these figures, they would have sold at a loss. This was due to the wholesale price being increased.

Bigger Profit Margin

Mr. Abbott said he was satisfied the tin in question was from new stock, the wholesale price of which per tin was \$10.38. The company could have sold the product at \$10.50 and made the same margin of profit. If the company had sold at that figure, he would not have advised for a prosecution to be taken. The margin of profit was previously two per cent. but they had increased it.

There was no reason for the food price control order to be misunderstood.

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

HITLER MAY ASSUME COMMAND OF ARMIES

PARIS, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—Herr Hitler may arrive at the Western Front this week to assume supreme command of the armies, according to rumours from neutral sources.

The reports state that Field-Marshal Goering would afterwards be charged with the active command on Hitler's behalf, and would rank above General von Brauchitsch.

It is said that Hitler's own plan for a lightning war could then be adopted instead of the General Staff's plan, which has been ready for years and has been kept up to date as the French and German fortification systems progressed.

ADDITIONAL TAXATION OF APPROXIMATELY \$4,500,000 WILL HAVE TO BE RAISED BY GOVERNMENT TO MEET INCREASED EXPENDITURE IN THE 1940-41 BUDGET, WHICH WILL BE INTRODUCED IN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL TO-MORROW.

Expenditure will reach the record figure of \$50,118,178. Government is budgeting for a deficit of only \$326,708.

The fifty million dollar budget is the highest in the Colony's history and represents an increase of \$10,000,000 over estimated expenditure for the current year.

The large increase, however, is mostly attributable to the fact that the financial year of the Colony will, after the current year, end on March 31 instead of December 31, as hitherto.

In order to bring this change into effect, the 1940-41 estimates are based on a period of 15 months, i.e., from January 1, 1940 to March 31, 1941. By comparison with the 1939 estimates, therefore, most sub-heads show a 25 per cent. increase.

Even after allowing for the extra three months covered by the estimates, the total estimated expenditure for 1940-41 is higher than any on record, but if the estimates of revenue—also a record—are realised, the surplus of assets will remain at March 31, 1941 substantially above the figure of \$10,000,000 which has been regarded as a proper reserve.

The estimates of expenditure were prepared before the outbreak of war between Britain and Germany, and it is emphasised that no account is taken of extra expenses which the Colony may be forced to undertake on this account.

1939 ESTIMATES

H.K. WILL HAVE SURPLUS

Boom In Revenue Exceeds Higher Costs

THE HONGKONG Government anticipates ending the 1939 Financial Year on December 31 with a surplus of \$65,291, despite the fact that expenditure will probably exceed the original estimate of \$37,757,223 by \$2,652,734.

A substantial deficit was budgeted for.

But revenue has boomed to such an extent that it is anticipated that it will, on December 31, exceed the estimate of \$36,097,325 by \$4,377,923. This total—\$40,475,248—will be \$3,739,393 more than the total revenue in 1938.

Actual revenue up to August 31 was 17.4 per cent. more than the proportionate amount of the estimate.

Boom In Income

The boom in revenue is stated to be principally due to the continued

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

Now Queen's College

Public Works Extraordinary will, during 1940-41 cost the Colony \$3,478,550, despite the fact that it has been decided to suspend completely all work on the new Government House.

Provision is included for the starting of certain other new buildings, including the Infectious Diseases Hospital, a new Queen's College, Health Centres and a Girls' Reformatory.

As before, all new works connected with the Water Undertakings are being charged to loan account.

The revenue for 1940-41, which is put at \$40,475,248, has been estimated generally on the assumption that the economic activities of the Colony will be maintained at not far short of the present level.

Over-Optimistic

This may prove to be over-optimistic, especially since the outbreak of war.

Account has been taken in the draft estimates of increased yields due to higher assessment and of certain other increased receipts, but no allowance is made for possible increases of taxation on the lines laid down by the Taxation Committee, which it may be necessary to impose if conditions worsen.

Twenty-five per cent. of the Colony's total revenue will come from duties and 18.72 per cent. from assessed taxes.

It is estimated that the revenue from the K.C.R. will be almost halved.

FOUR-POINT PEACE DEMANDS BY THE ALLIES

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10 (UP).—In view of statements already made in London and Paris, competent observers in Washington believe that the Allies will require the following guarantees as minimum requisites to peace:

- 1.—Wholesale revision of the Totalitarian system of Government in the Reich;
- 2.—Relocation and disappearance from the political scene of Herr Hitler and all other current Nazi leaders;
- 3.—Restoration of Czecho-Slovakia and Poland;
- 4.—Drastic disarmament, probably under international scrutiny.

Few people, however, believe that Germany would offer these guarantees.

Germany is envisaged as making a supreme effort to regain her position as one of the world's greatest Powers, and it is believed that she will certainly not accept any Allied terms without a further struggle.

A prolonged war is generally anticipated.

DALADIER'S REJECTION

Hitler Played In Radio Broadcast

PARIS, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—France and Britain are solidly united and determined to continue till victory.

This is the keynote of the speech by M. Daladier, the French Premier, who broadcast this evening.

M. Daladier said Britain and France were mistresses of the sea. History showed those who held the sea were always victorious.

"But England does not stop at giving us support of her fleet nor daily more and more airman. She is rapidly sending her splendid youth and robust material as well."

"In certain French districts when the German planes were pursuing a vain campaign to separate France and Britain and was alleging that Britain wished to wage a war with the blood of Frenchmen, the voice of the announcer was drowned by the uninterrupted rumble of convoys of British soldiers and guns towards our frontiers."

"Events have destroyed many other attempts of enemy propaganda."

No Spirit Of Conquest

"Neither France nor Britain entered the war in a spirit of conquest. They are obliged to fight because German domination is being forced on Europe."

Hitler's speech means, "I have conquered Poland. I am satisfied. Let us stop the struggle and organise peace," M. Daladier declared.

Unfortunately, we have heard all this before, added M. Daladier, who proceeded to recount Hitler's previous broken promises.

"If we really want peace that will restore confidence, we must fight against force and for honest negotiations for the rights and interests of all nations," he said.

Won't Lay Down Arms

"We shan't lay down arms until we have sure guarantees of security which cannot be placed in jeopardy."

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

It is believed that the only thing that can shorten the war is that Germany will realise that the firm stand adopted by Britain and France, together with the enormous advantages gained by Soviet Russia, will prove as great a menace, or even greater, than those which Germany alleges she faces at present.

Responsibility For War

The responsibility for continuing the war has now been neatly placed on Hitler's shoulders, as a result of M. Daladier's dramatic broadcast.

The responsibility for continuing the war has, it is believed here, been switched back to Germany by M. Daladier's demands that Hitler must afford guarantees of a type which Britain and France can feel that will render Europe invulnerable to further aggression or insecurity.

Although the French Premier has tactically left the door open for negotiations, he has, in effect, completely rejected Hitler's peace feelers.

SWEDISH SHIP TORPEDOED

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 10 (UP).—A report from Stockholm says that the Swedish steamer *Vistula*, enroute from Goteborg to Hull with a cargo of pig iron, was torpedoed north-east of the Shetland Islands.

Nine members of the crew took to the lifeboats and were saved. Nine others are missing.

Protest To Germany

BRUSSELS, Oct. 10 (UP).—It is authoritatively reported from Oslo that the Scandinavian Powers have collectively protested to Berlin against the torpedoing of neutral vessels and the general interference with navigation.

R. A. F. MISSION TO CANADA

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10 (UP).—Sir Kingsley-Wood has revealed that a British Air Mission, headed by Lord Riverdale, is already enroute to Canada to confer with the Australian, New Zealand and Canadian Missions.

JAPAN'S DEBT REACHES STAGGERING TOTAL

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

TOKYO, Oct. 11. (Domol).—For the first time in its history, Japan's domestic and foreign loans will shortly reach the 20,000,000,000 level.

This is approximately the double total of the Japanese internal and external debt at March 31, 1937, and is almost entirely attributable to the Sino-Japanese War.

At the end of September, Japan's national debts totalled 19,953,875,000 yen.

Of this huge total only 1,268,888,000 comprises foreign loans, as compared with 1,316,955,000 in 1937.

More than half the present total is owing to Great Britain, who is Japan's creditor to the extent of 772,785,000 yen. Japan owes the United States 335,116,000 yen and France 16,984,000 yen.

The Japanese yen, which is pegged to sterling, is worth approximately 1s. 2d.

FINLAND'S PRECAUTIONS

Populace Of Cities Evacuate To Safety

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

HELSINGFORS, Oct. 10 (UP).—The Finnish Government has appealed to the populace to voluntarily evacuate Helsingfors, the capital, and Viborg.

Women and children are urged to leave before Thursday. Evacuation will become obligatory if the situation becomes more critical.

For the first time in Finland's history, Finnish cities were blacked out to-night.

These dramatic events coincide with the departure for Moscow of a Finnish delegation, summoned to the Kremlin for vital political and economic negotiations with Soviet Russia.

Reports of Soviet troop concentrations still continue, although official circles say that they have no knowledge of any addition to the normal Soviet garrisons.

Russo-Latvian Pact

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

RIGA, Oct. 10 (UP).—The Russian-Latvian pact, providing for naval bases at Riga, has been ratified.

Troops, Battleships Concentrated MOSCOW, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The Soviet Government have sent troops, ships and aircraft to the new bases in the Baltic States. Hundreds of thousands of troops are reported along the border of Finland.

A whole armada of battleships is reported to be concentrated at the Soviet base of Kronstadt in the Gulf of Finland.

Finns Evacuating

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The Finnish Government have decided to effect voluntary evacuation of certain towns, notably Helsingfors, Viborg, Tammerfors and Abo, as from to-morrow.

This decision has been reached "in view of the gravity of the situation," according to a telegram from Helsingfors.

A report from Helsinki says that about a quarter of the inhabitants in Helsinki are being voluntarily evacuated.

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

U-Boat Sinks Neutral Ship Swedish Steamer Sent To Bottom

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Another neutral ship has been sunk by a German submarine. She is the small Swedish steamer, *Vistula*, 676 tons, with a crew of 18.

A U-Boat came across her in the North Sea on Sunday and gave the crew 10 minutes to leave. The men were taken on board the U-boat and then put in their two life-boats.

One boat reached a northern port in Britain. The other, which contains the captain and eight members of the crew, have not yet turned up. A life-boat and other vessels are hunting for the missing boat in heavy seas.

Neutrals May Tell Hitler Off

BRUSSELS, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—M. Paul Spang, the Belgian Prime Minister, said to-day that a demarche might be made by neutral powers in Berlin about the torpedoing of neutral shipping.

LATEST BIG SEIZURE IN RAID

Over a quarter of a million heroin pills were seized by the Revenue Department in a raid at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

The seizure was made in a locked room on the ground floor of No. 3 Lau Li Street and included paraphernalia used in the making of pills. The revenue party had to smash in the door to enter the room, but no-one was found inside and no arrests were made.

The raiding party was led by Mr. H. A. Taylor, Assistant-Superintendent of the Imports and Exports Department, Mr. A. W. Grimmett, Chief Preventive Officer, and Revenue Officer H. R. Darby.

No R. A. F. Bombs Dropped Yet

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Men and machines of the Royal Air Force along the Western Front still await their first real action with the enemy, says "Reuter's" special representative with the R.A.F. in France.

Bomber and fighter squadrons are now distributed among the heavily camouflaged aerodromes behind the line, patiently awaiting orders to attack.

British bombers have not yet dropped a single bomb along the Western Front, but lessons are being learned about the German striking force and anti-aircraft measures.

See Back Page For Further Late News

GOVERNMENT CONTROL OF COMMODITIES SEEN

FORECASTING Government control of essential commodities, an important Bill is to be introduced in Legislative Council to-morrow by the Attorney General.

The new Bill, which will receive its First Reading, provides for the maintenance of reserve stocks of commodities which would be essential for the vital needs of the community during war or other public emergency.

It also provides for the regulation of importers of such commodities. It is understood that the decision to introduce the Bill at to-morrow's Council meeting was taken at the last minute.

When the normal Order of Business at the Legislative Council was published yesterday, no provision was made for the introduction of the Motion relative to the proposed Bill.

An amended Order of Business was issued late this morning, containing details of the proposed measure.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN

What to do to help a child

Anyone knowing of a child who has been assaulted, neglected, or ill-treated in a manner likely to cause unnecessary suffering or injury to health, or knowing of a parent who is seeking advice on any matter concerning a child, would be doing an act of kindness, by communicating at once with—

The Hon. General Secretary, H.K.S.P.C., Old City Hall.

The Inspector, 40, Pokfulam Road, 1st floor.

The Inspector, 15, Star St. Wanchai.

The Inspector, 12, Sai Young Choi St. Kowloon.

The Inspector, 52, Argyle St. Kowloon.

All further steps will be taken, and expenses borne, by the Society.

The Informant's name will be kept strictly private, except in cases where malice is proved.

Chinese Successes

Are Reported

JAPANESE REVERSES

Considerable fighting between Chinese and Japanese troops has been reported on various fronts. Many Chinese successes are claimed. A "Central News" message from Chungking states that continuing their advance in north Hunan, Chinese vanguard units have pushed their way to the outskirts of Yangtze (Yochow), 88 miles north of Changsha and 140 miles down the Canton-Hankow Railway from Hankow, which is the last important Hunan city still in Japanese hands.

Meanwhile, an increasing number of Chinese troops have crossed the Shantung River, a point of strategic value on the north bank of the river, was re-occupied by the Chinese on Monday.

JAPANESE CASUALTIES
The Japanese suffered some 200 casualties in an abortive attempt to check the Chinese advance, says "Central News."

Also pushing northward by the Hunan-Hupoh highway, Chinese units in north-eastern Hunan have crossed the provincial border and reached the outskirts of Tungcheng, an important city in north Hupoh.

Front Shensi also come reports of serious engagements, especially in the vicinity of Hanchuan, west of Puhai.

Japanese planes dropped tons of explosives on Chungking, Tientsin and other points on Sunday.

A Japanese column advancing north-westward from Chungking is being engaged by the Chinese at Shiangwang.

Roosevelt Message To U.S. Traders

NEW YORK, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—Economic nationalism is the "most prolific breeder of wars" declared President Roosevelt in a message to the national and foreign trade convention today.

He added that liberal trade principles and practices were essential for a "truly just and enduring peace settlement when the present conflict is ended."

Vigour Restored, Glands Made Young In 24 Hours

It is no longer necessary to suffer from loss of vigour and manhood, from many of the ailments of old age, such as loss of skin, depression, and poor sleep, because an American doctor has found a quick, easy way to end these troubles. This discovery, in absolute harmony with the laws of nature, does away with gland operations and brings new youth and vigour to the body. It works directly on the glands and nerves, and puts new life and energy in your veins. In 24 hours you can see and feel yourself getting younger. Your eyes sparkle, you feel alive and full of youthful vigour and power.

And this new life and vigour, called Vi-Tabs, is guaranteed. It has been proved by chemists that it is now distributed by chemists and is a guarantee of satisfaction of money back. Vi-Tabs make you feel full of vigour and energy and from 10 to 20 years younger, or you may return the empty package and get your money back. A special double-strength bottle of Vi-Tabs is also available. The guarantee protects you.

Vi-Tabs
Restores Manhood and Vitality

RAINY DAYS

Slippery Roads
THE H.K. CO. SUPERGRABER, PRAXEL WILL REBUILD YOUR WORN TYRES
MAKING THEM NEW & SAFE FOR RAINY DAY DRIVING

SMOOTH WORN TYRES ARE PUNCTURE-PROOF

Save 50%
Savings
SEND IN YOUR WORN TYRES TODAY

The HONGKONG TYRE Company

392 Hennessy Rd.
Tel. 28539

\$1,000 FINE FOR STORE

(Continued from Page 1.)

It was perfectly clear, and there was no reason why the outbreak of war should automatically make these shops think themselves entitled to increase their margin of profit.

The present case though, was not what he might call a manufactured case. It was not discovered by inspection of the company's books but through the complaint of a member of the public. It was also in respect of a 5-lb. tin of Klim milk. Mr. Abbott said he would like to make it clear that, however, strange though the coincidence might be, it was still coincidence. What the present case was similar to that heard last week. There was no question of collusion between the parties at all.

Felt Aggrieved
Replying, Mr. McCallum said his clients wished him to stress that they felt aggrieved about this particular incident. Before the prosecution was launched and before the food control order was enforced, they had got in touch with the Food Controller, and expressed anxiety to co-operate with him in fixing a reasonable price for retailers.

When his clients learnt of retaliation, the numerous against them, they went immediately to the Food Controller and placed the whole position before him.

From the facts of last week's case, he continued, his Worship would gather that as far as Klim milk was concerned, there was great competition in the Colony. The wholesale price and retail price margin of profit was only two or three cents in some cases.

The Government encouraged people to buy stock of food of non-perishable nature, in order to help in the organization of the food supply.

That created a demand for this type of food. In consequence, if anyone had put down their price, retailers would have bought from retailers in order to supply their customers. Evidence had been given that on September 9, the agents in Hongkong for Klim milk gave notice of an increase in price. This prohibited selling at any profit at the retail price fixed by the Food Controller.

Acted In Good Faith
So far as his clients were concerned, they received an order from Mrs. Branson for Klim milk. In between that time, they obtained a supply from Messrs. Getz Brothers, and the question then arose of fixing a price. They thought to themselves, that they were acting in the fullest good faith. They were anxious to preserve their position as retailers making an ordinary profit making stocks available to them.

They regarded their previous profit of two per cent. as something they could discount and which they could put against their debts and delivery. They took the figure of \$10.50 for their discount, and figured that if they took 10 per cent. of that, it would bring the price to \$11.03, but they did not do that. When they got their order from Mrs. Branson, they drew her attention to the increase. As a result, Mrs. Branson presumably got in touch with the authorities who worked out the price and took out the prosecution.

Defendants asked the Court to believe they tried to act in the fullest good faith. Mr. McCallum submitted that the profit earned was not excessive, and reminded the Court that in the first two cases of its kind brought before the Court during the last war under similar regulations the fines imposed were only \$25.

U.S. LITERATURE TO BRITAIN TO BE RESTRICTED

LONDON, Oct. 10 (UP).—The importation in bulk of American reading matter into the United Kingdom, will be severely restricted in the near future. A British Board of Trade official today declared that the restriction is necessary in wartime owing to the need for economies in shipping space. The measure will not affect single copies posted to individual subscribers.

The Board of Trade has invited four of the principal firms importing magazines and newspapers to submit a short list of the publications which they believe accurately reflect American public opinion. The firms include the International News Company, the Rolis Publishing Company, Goringes and the Atlas Publishing Company. These firms will consult together before drawing up the required lists.

D.S.O. FOR R.A.F. OFFICERS

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—His Majesty the King has approved the award of the D.S.O. on Flying Officer (netting Flight Lieutenant) K. C. Dorrin and Flying Officer Andrew MacPherson for distinguished and dangerous work in attacks and reconnaissance over enemy territory.

How They Won Awards
Dorrin, who is 20 years of age, was in the raid on German warships at Kiel while MacPherson, who is only 21, was in the reconnaissance flights which led up to the raid.

The "London Gazette" says that early in September, Dorrin made a low-flying attack against an enemy cruiser in face of heavy gunfire and despite breast home his low-flying attack with great daring.

MacPherson made a series of reconnaissance flights and once, owing to bad weather, had to fly close to the enemy coast-line at low altitude. These flights made possible the successful raid on enemy forces.

FINLAND'S PRECAUTIONS

(Continued from Page 1.)

ated to-morrow, and a further quarter on Thursday.

There is at present nothing to cause alarm, well-informed sources here say.

There are no Soviet concentrations as yet, but the regular Soviet garrisons are possibly being reinforced to-morrow.

Reservists Called Up
HELSINKI, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—Finland has called up her reservists. House-holders in Helsinki have been warned to complete all preparations for protection against air attacks by Thursday evening.

Battle Mastery Seen
STOCKHOLM, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—Sweden has decided on the return to the colour of all soldiers due to be discharged next Sunday.

Scandinavian papers are almost all agreed that Soviet Russia aims at dominating the army, naval and air bases so that she can get complete mastery of the Baltic.

Sock Gun Emplacement
PARIS, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—Enemy patrols on the Western Front have been very active, especially in the area west and east of the Saar, according to this morning's French war communiqué.

For 72 hours the Germans have been seeking the French gun emplacements which are directing fire on the German lines.

Finland Willing To Talk
WASHINGTON, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—In an official statement, the Finnish Minister in Washington today stated that his country was willing to negotiate with Soviet Russia, but would resist any military concessions.

Lithuania's Hopes
LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—Lithuanian comment is still reserved, as no official statement has yet appeared, but it is believed that Lithuania hopes to obtain certain sections of former Polish territory near Vilna, in return for any concessions she must make to Soviet Russia.

To Rely On Own Strength
HELSINKI, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—The Finnish Minister of Education today said to-day that Finland was now many times stronger than in 1920 and was determined to rely on her own strength.

A Swedish correspondent here today remarked on the calm and determined expressions of patriotism, and commented that there are enough Finns and enough courage to defend the country.

Concentrations Unconfirmed
MOSCOW, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—There is no reliable information in Moscow about concentrations against Finland. Finnish circles in Moscow profess to know nothing about it.

Vilna For Lithuania?
SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
KOVOVO, Oct. 10 (UP).—The members of the Lithuanian Delegation to the Kremlin returned from Moscow this morning.

The Lithuanian Cabinet Council met last evening and continued until long past midnight, discussing the Soviet proposals.

It is most reliably said that the Cabinet accepted these proposals which include territorial concessions to Lithuania, including the city of Vilna.

Estonian Govt. Resigns
STOCKHOLM, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—The Estonian Government resigned on Sunday evening, a new government has been formed.

Leaving Latvian Border
RIGA, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—Russian troops including tanks and artillery are gradually withdrawing from the Latvian border.

The Latvian Government has ratified last Thursday's pact with Russia.

Hongkong Census Set For 1941

A Census of Hongkong's population will be taken in 1941, it was revealed today.

Government is setting aside the sum of \$100,000 in next year's Estimates for this purpose.

The last census was taken in 1931. Since then the population, which is now believed to exceed 1,600,000, has doubled. This is principally due to the hostilities in China.

Centenary Of Hongkong

Despite the outlook in Europe and in China, the Hongkong Government is preparing plans for adequately celebrating the Centenary of Hongkong, which occurs on January 26, 1941.

The Estimates for 1940-41 include \$140,000 which has been set aside by Government for the Centenary Celebrations.

It is anticipated that Government will shortly announce the composition of a Centenary Committee which will make all arrangements in connection with the celebrations.

60,000 Germans To Be Evacuated

RIGA, Oct. 11 (Reuters).—Forty-four German ships have arrived at Riga, Latvia and other Latvian ports to evacuate 60,000 Germans.

A message from Tallin says that the first thousand Germans are boarding a German steamer to-day to return to the Reich.

Other ships are waiting here for thousands of Germans who are assembled and ready to depart.

H.K. WILL HAVE SURPLUS

(Continued from Page 1.)

presence in the Colony of large numbers of persons, the majority of them self-supporting, who have taken refuge here from China. In addition, there has been considerable diversion to the Colony of manufacturing and other activities formerly carried on in Shanghai and elsewhere in China, and the Colony's trade has been well maintained in spite of the interruption of trade with near South China ports.

The increase in population directly or indirectly affects most heads of revenue, especially liquor, tobacco and petrol duties, rates, Post Office revenue and receipts from royalties payable by transport companies.

Smokers Give Surplus
The biggest increase in revenue this year has been from the duty on tobacco, the total estimated revenue this year from this source being \$5,000,000 or over \$5 per head of population. This is \$1,000,000 in excess of the anticipated revenue.

Import duty on liquor has also brought in \$200,000 dollars more than anticipated, the revised estimate of revenue from this source being \$1,750,000. An additional \$350,000 is expected from Import Duties on Motor Spirits, the revised estimate of revenue being \$1,250,000. Duties on locally manufactured liquors are expected to total \$500,000 by December 31, an increase of \$200,000 over the original estimates and of two lakhs over revenue for last year.

An additional half million dollars is expected over and above the original estimate of \$2,122,000 from Assessment, bringing the total revenue from this, the Colony's chief source of revenue, to a million more than 1938.

Revenue from the K.C.R. has, however, slumped, due to the hostilities in China, and the estimated total of \$202,700 at the end of the year is \$201,210 below the original estimate and \$800,000, below the revenue for 1938.

Increased Costs
The repercussions in the Colony of the situation in China have caused increases in expenditure, and there have been, during 1939, additional charges, particularly for defence.

Air Raid Precautions called for expenditure several times the amount provided in the Estimates.

Up to September 14, supplementary votes totalling \$5,001,227 had been approved by Legislative Council, of these \$1,615,026 for A.R.P. and \$773,800 for Charitable Services.

As with the 1940-41 Estimates, the anticipation that a small surplus may accrue at the end of this year is dependent upon whether any further supplementary votes are needed in connection with the war in Europe.

The revised estimates were prepared before the outbreak of war with Germany, and no account has been taken of extra expenses which may be occasioned in this connection.

Cost Of Charity
Charitable Services will probably cost the Colony \$1,241,730 more this year than was anticipated when the Estimates were prepared last September. The anticipated total is three times the actual expenditure of last year.

A.R.P. will, it is believed, cost \$1,000,000 this year, as compared with \$338,005 last year. The total is \$1,261,935 above the estimated cost. Expenditure on the H.K.V.D.C. will probably be \$400,000, or \$285,508 in excess of the original estimate.

DALADIER'S REJECTION

(Continued from Page 1.)

every six months," the French Premier declared.

Every Frenchman understood his country would be doomed to destruction if it had to face a similar trial to that which it was now undergoing in a few months' time and if they had to fight against a yet stronger act of aggression after demolishing their forces.

M. Daladier declared that a few weeks ago the Communist chiefs had no words harsh enough to besmirch the Government's peaceful efforts.

They announced they would lead a fight against Hitler and for liberty and the fatherland. But the Bolsheviks only had to discover that their interests lay in coming to an agreement with the Nazis and to share Poland with them for these so-called new Jacobins to make an apology for a treasonable peace.

"But we Frenchmen will never think of confusing the French workers, whatever their political opinions, with men who sought to abuse and betray them."

"On the contrary, it is with an even stronger faith in the people that we appeal to the French brotherhood to weather the ordeals, to conquer dangers and fight for the health and homes of civilization which made us free human beings."

Extortion Is Alleged

Chinese Constable Faces Charge

CHARGED with having extorted one cent from Chan Sing, hawker, in Queen's Road Central, Tsou Teh-yuan, 24, Police constable D64, appeared before Mr. Forrest at Central Magistracy this morning and pleaded not guilty.

Det-Sgt. McPherson said the case would be taken summarily. Bail of \$400 was allowed and the hearing was fixed for October 30.

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DEATH

GANDALL—On October 11, 1939, at the French Hospital, Mrs. Tamar Gandall, aged 74. Funeral will pass the Monument at 5.15 p.m. to-day.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

Wyndham St., Hongkong

Phone 26615

October 11, 1939

Peace

PEACE of the kind suggested by Herr Hitler is easily procurable. It represents the futile "buying off" of a Munich. It is tempting in view of the terrific cost of modern warfare and the terrifying possibilities of modern war weapons. It can be procured when an enemy has insufficient courage to pursue a war. It can be obtained at the dearer price of sacrificed honour. The world could buy peace at any one of these prices. Hitler knows full well that his offer is tempting. But the world, unfortunately for him, knows to-day that his price is blackmail; that, like the blackmailer, he will never be satisfied so long as he can find someone to pay, and keep on paying, the price of dishonourable peace.

There is nothing more certain than that the discussions now proceeding in London between Britain, France and the Dominions—the six countries to whom the so-called "peace" offer has been made—are not for the purpose of deciding whether Hitler's terms should or should not be accepted. That has already been decided.

Democracy is not going to pay the price of another Munich. The very tone of Hitler's address to the Reichstag is one of the best indications that he did not make his "offer" with hope of acceptance. For his unreasonable suggestions were couched in terms of reason. There is, of course, the threat that, whatever comes, Poland is doomed. But much of the remainder of his speech was almost a plea, keenly designed to persuade the French that they have nothing to fear if Germany is permitted to retain what she has taken.

Hitler is attempting persuasion where, he knows, force must fail. He is attempting to justify himself in the eyes of the world; to prove that the Democracies are the people who have started this war in Europe, and that Germany is, or will be, when the war on the Western Front really gets under way, the victim of aggression.

WE have had only one month, people we always congratulate the publication of the facts is not a sheer gift to the enemy.

If, however, we have before us months and months of this new war time—and many dark winter months not far ahead—we shall do well to consider how we can best organise our lives so that we can remain the industrious, public-spirited, healthy-minded citizens we feel we are at this moment. We must remember, too, that so far the sun is still shining and nothing much has happened. The real test is still to come.

I believe we can meet it served to make up for the loss of this new wartime, and it ourselves on being. I add to this my belief that both military men and officials are bad judges of what the public should be told, because both classes tend to underestimate the sense and courage of the public and to be over-cautious.

Next: because there must inevitably be thousands of prohibiting regulations, then where it is possible at all there should be some little gifts of freedom, a loosening of red tape where the war is not being directly affected. I believe we can meet it served to make up for the loss of this new wartime, and it ourselves on being. I add to this my belief that both military men and officials are bad judges of what the public should be told, because both classes tend to underestimate the sense and courage of the public and to be over-cautious.

By J. B. Priestley

in the "News Chronicle"

honourably, no matter under of freedom elsewhere. Nearly what close restrictions we may everybody will be able to think be compelled to live, but that is of a few likely examples.

Next, there should be as much reflection a little upon our immediate diversion of the public mind as at future and perhaps make a is consistent with our national few constructive proposals.

Here are some suggestions to in importance to food, shelter, our Government. The first is— health services. It is a great nursery-hush-hush nonsense. pity that, for example, no important constructive plan for We are not behaving like babies, mediate constructive plan for and there is no reason why we national entertainment was not should be treated as such. We put into operation at once, that are entitled to know the truth entertainers of every kind were about our situation, so long as not mobilised a few days after



PITCH dark on Saturday night in a leafy suburban road: except for one brightly and unabashedly lighted bedroom window, streaming into the night.

A small crowd, leaning on the privet hedge, regarding this in a mood that hovered between jocularity and hostility. An air-raid warden in pyjamas (due on duty at midnight and not best pleased at being pulled out of bed) banging on the door. More arrivals in the crowd: a round dozen of dogs, out on their nightly walk, milling round our feet in the darkness.

The Law, summoned by telephone, stepped out of a small car. More bangings. The house was empty: we could hear the telephone ringing vainly inside it.

"Has anyone," asked the Law, "an extending ladder?" The crowd slapped its pockets facetiously and said no.

"Then," said the Law genially, "we shall have some fun." Cries in the crowd. You couldn't help noticing in that group of amiable citizens a touch of excitement, the faintest hint of some war hysteria.

There were those who favoured stoning the windows till the light was hit. The Law frowned on this. "If," said the Law nusterly, "we break an entrance, someone will have to mount guard on it till the owner comes back."

The Law took a search-party round the back, most of the citizenry following. One bold spirit charged the back door with his shoulder: this is easier on the films.

I myself, groping in the dark, found a small window, fingered it open, hauled myself through and triumphantly descended head-first into an outside potting-shed. Finally, the Law, with a jemmy in his teeth, climbed up a post over the front door on to a little balcony, wriggled along a ledge, prised that minked and wanton window—burglary is dead easy—put out the light, shut the window, and came down hand over fist.

"Bravo, Romeo!" said the crowd, and the Law began writing in his notebook. The Law, the crowd, the dogs departed in perfect darkness.

I have a friend, H., who has many qualities: stern efficiency is not among them. He is a member of the A.F.S., and the other day his squad was given a rent, live fire engine to play with. So they took it down to the river. They sucked up the Thames at one end and squirted it out at the other. While H. had a grim grip of the nozzle of the hose, and was earnestly deluging the Thames, an instructor-freeman arrived.

Fireman: "Everything all right, sir."

H.: "Yes. Very nice, very nice, indeed."

Fireman: "Anything you want to know, sir?"

H.: "Well, am I holding this right? It seems to be getting very wet."

Fireman: "It shouldn't worry about that, sir. It's raining."

THE NEW WARTIME

the fighting men were called up. And do not imagine that nobody thought of it, for I myself was discussing it with at least one friend, who brought it to the attention of the Government a year ago.

As it is the State that has swept away all forms of entertainment, I think it is the State that should arrange to bring them back again. But not exactly as they were before. The new conditions will not allow that.

And here the people who clamour for unrestricted entertainment and refer us to the last war seem to me to be doing their cause a poor service. It is not quite so simple as that. We must look before we leap.

There are four arguments against entertainment on the old basis: the danger of a raid when people are crowded into theatre, cinema, concert hall; the black-out regulations making attendance difficult; the scattering of populations and the unusual working hours; the desperate financial enterprise of running entertainment at all under these conditions. All these difficulties seem to me to point one way.

For the country at large, entertainment should be immediately decentralised, simplified, made more mobile, more accessible at all reasonable hours, and guaranteed by the State. There should be hundreds and hundreds of good small professional companies, of actors, musicians or variety performers, sent here and there and everywhere, giving perhaps three shortish performances a day, rather as they do in popular resorts.

What Mr. Basil Dean and his organisation did so nobly for the Camp Theatres in the last war should now be done, with equal efficiency, for the whole country. Every suburb, every small town, even every group of villages would have something to divert it during its leisure.

The B.C. cannot be expected to amuse everybody, especially as it is now used as the mouth-piece of all new official announcements, some of which, by the way, strike one listener as being far below the level of national importance.

There should be some exceptions, I think, to this decentralised, simple mobile entertainment. In Central London there should be a few theatres, and in each large provincial city at least one theatre kept going if only as a symbol of our national culture.

These theatres should be protected and provided with shelters, and in them should be found the very finest form of entertainment, no matter in what class it should be.

We should not make the mistake of supposing that this is the time when our national heritage of culture can be dropped overboard. If we are fighting for anything we are fighting for a world in which the mind and the spirit of humanity can flower, but it is no use doing that if, because we are at war, we turn our own world into a desert.

If now and then we have to go underground, like shivering cave-men, then that is all the more reason why we should make a determined effort to maintain interests quite unlike those of cave-men, to keep alive the England of the poets and philosophers as well as the England of the soldiers and sailors.

If any man says to you "We have no time for such things now," suspect him. He is trying to subtract from that total for which you are fighting. Thus it is—and not merely because I happen to be an author myself—that I trust that the Government will do everything possible to see that the public, many of whom will have no other recreation but reading are offered the widest possible choice of good books and intelligent periodicals during this new wartime.

I know the fighting men will passionately demand them, for I know that I never read more eagerly than I did during the last war. There are times at the front when a book seems to you like the deep-sea diver's airline.

And now that the front is almost everywhere and we are all soldiers of a kind, we shall all need to draw breath from that upper world where the birds are still flashing in the sunlight.

MOBILISING FOR WAR

Then and Now

WHAT is my part to be in this war which we are told may last for years, and what can I do to help? Such, in one form or another, is the question which to-day is uppermost in the minds of millions.

The question is inspired by an intense desire to pull one's weight, not unmixed with impatience that for the overwhelming majority there is no immediate way in which to give full vent to a passionate desire for service. But for some it is also accompanied by the shadow of unemployment or a greatly reduced income.

In spite of its mild beginning, the war will undoubtedly involve a radical upheaval in the lives of every one of us and the transition to the new order will inevitably mean much dislocation and some hardship. All that one can foresee with tolerable certainty is that the change-over will be quick and that we shall all know our fate much sooner than in 1914.

When war broke out twenty-five years ago, one of the first preoccupations of the Government was to deal with the vast unemployment problem which was expected to arise. The Prince of Wales' Fund was started to relieve distress and a special organisation was set up to take a weekly census from all large employers so that the bad spots could be located and openings found in other directions where reservists had been called up, or war work was expected to be available.

These fears proved almost completely groundless and in fact this special organisation was used as a means of finding where the supplies of less essential labour were to be found and ultimately furnished the basis for the war-time control of man-power.

There were two reasons for this unexpected result. One was that the war did not develop its full strain upon the home front for a very long time and we were able to keep a great deal of ordinary trade going under the slogan "Business as usual." The second was the rush to the Colours. It is true that no provision had been made for dealing with recruits who drilled in muffs and wore housed in commandeered parks and buildings. But the influx of half a million Army recruits in seven weeks in addition to 200,000 reservists called

ed up forced the authorities to perform miracles of extemporisation.

To-day the situation as regards employment and man power is different in several respects.

A much larger proportion than in 1914 of Britain's workpeople is already engaged on war work. Our export and general home trades are already restricted and there is, therefore, less to lose and fewer people to be transferred. But the changes that have to come will come quickly.

On the other side there has been no call as yet for the unlimited numbers of volunteers who rolled up so magnificently in 1914. The Military Service Act ensures that the call will be more methodical and deliberate. But it will have to come very rapidly for every Englishman realises that we shall have to make a great addition to France's limited man power and that the advanced state of Germany's preparations will compel us to speed up training to the utmost.

As to munitions, the development of our maximum capacity will have to begin at once—instead of waiting, as in 1914, for nearly a year before a large-scale programme was even drawn up.

In other fields, too, we must leap to full activity. A Land Army needs to be mobilised, now if we are to ensure a great increase in all forms of agricultural production next summer; while Germany's submarines have served notice on us that a shipbuilding programme comparable to that of the last war, which only reached its apex in 1917, must be begun at once.

In short, the mobilisation for war of all our resources of men, money and machines which took years to accomplish has, now to be completed in as many weeks. We know from experience how to do it and there is no reason why—with energy and drive at the top—we should not reach the state of organisation achieved in 1918 before the end of this year.

Meanwhile, we have to wait for the answers to our individual problems. For the moment, the great majority must add patience to the war-time virtues of courage, perseverance and humour. In the full knowledge that before long this country will be called upon to make the greatest effort in its history in the cause of freedom.

AMAZING GERMAN CELEBRATIONS OF HOAX ARMISTICE

Bombast By The Nazi Boss



SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
BERLIN, Oct. 10 (UP).—"No power on earth can force Germany to her knees," declared Hitler in a broadcast speech to-day.

The Fuehrer defiantly warned the Allies that, if his peace terms be rejected, Germany would prove stronger than ever and was ready for an unprecedented struggle for victory.

"Let none think of his own sacrifice, but of the greatness of the sacrifice of the whole nation," he exhorted the German people.

"The more determined we are to accept this sacrifice, the more certain we are to attain our victory."

"Nothing that other nations do will weaken us in our purpose."

"The National Socialist ideology, which armed us against war, will prove itself in war."

"We will carry on!"

Desire For Peace

Hitler repeated his desire for peace. He reiterated that he has no claims against the democracies and warned that if his proposals were rejected Germany would "start fighting to a finish."

"I do not know what the future holds but no power on earth can ever defeat Germany."

He charged that the Allies have gone to war for "ridiculous reasons."

"They will neither vanquish us militarily, economically or physically," he declared.

"They cannot discourage us through forecasts of a long war. We will attain victory through our national unity."

"We are grimly determined to fight. We do not want to be forever molested."

"No Power Can Defeat Us"

BERLIN, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—Hitler made some vehement references to the general war position when he opened his broadcast to-day.

"One thing is sure; no power in this world will be able to defeat this Germany, militarily or morally," he declared.

"Whatever happens, you will not see German soldiers. What the world chooses, it will receive."

"I have gone a long way to raise Germany from the destruction of Versailles, but the path ahead cannot be harder than it has been up to now."

Call For New Sacrifices

Appealing to the winter soldier, Hitler said that the sacrifices at home were nothing compared with those at the front.

A new and stronger community will arise. This is the reply to the stupidity abroad which thinks to undermine our people. They were working their will and claim to that part of the world's wealth to which they were entitled.

"All measures have been taken to obliterate class differences. The firmer our determination to accept sacrifices, the more certain our attainment of the peace we need."

"If others choose war, they will have a war of life and death. Nothing will stop us from realising our eternal destiny."

Indignant Britain

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—The British press continues to discuss Hitler's peace offensive, and to indicate the rising tide of public indignation at the effrontery of Hitler's proposals.

Nothing has occurred to change the official view—that the proposals will be closely examined in conjunction with the dominions and with France.

and those optimistic terms he used before he sent his troops into Poland, Hitler now speaks of "obtaining the peace needed by the German nation."

His reference to Germany's right to live "without being molested by others" appears to be just another instance of the Fuehrer's complete indifference to historic facts.

Hardly A Tonic

The British Government have made it abundantly clear in many past statements that nobody has had the slightest intention to interfere with Germany's internal affairs, and that the present war is the result of nothing but deliberate aggression by Nazi leaders in the face of repeated warnings.

The speech hardly appears likely to constitute a tonic for the German people themselves with its gloomy talk of further sacrifices to come, and its cheerless philosophy. "There has always been misery and there always will be misery."

Sundays Of Sacrifice

BERLIN, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—"One-Dish Sunday" henceforth is to be replaced by "Sundays of Sacrifice," declared Dr. Goebbels, the German Minister of Propaganda, who made his first public statement since the war at the Winter Campaign meeting this afternoon.

He disclosed that although the number receiving relief had fallen from 253 per thousand in 1933, it is still 104 per thousand.

FOR THE DURATION

Volunteers Cannot Quit H.K.V.D.C.

ONCE a volunteer, always a volunteer—at least for the duration of the war, according to a special Government "Gazette" announcement this morning.

which publishes a bill to amend the Hongkong Volunteer Defence Ordinance, making it impossible for members of the Corps to quit during the war without the sanction in writing of the Governor.

The object of the bill is to require the Governor's permission in the case of volunteers who may desire to quit the corps, during the war, if not called out for actual military service.

Provision is also made, in accordance with the existing practice, for the granting to such volunteers of leave of absence from the Corps, not involving quitting the corps, at the discretion of the Commandant.

This new bill follows an amendment announced last Saturday making it necessary for members of the active service of the volunteer corps to receive the written permission of the Governor in order to be transferred to the reserve service.

NEW SHIPS FOR O.S.K. LINE

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
TOKYO, Oct. 11 (Domei).—Strengthening the South American and African lines, the Osaka Shosen Kaisha will put into commission next year five new steamers, each exceeding 10,000 tons. They are the 13,000-ton Brazil Maru, the 10,400-ton Hokoku Maru, the 10,500-ton Kokoku Maru, the 10,600-ton Aikoku Maru, and the 9,700-ton Nanka Maru.

German Economic Mission

ISTANBUL, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—The German Economic Mission to Afghanistan has arrived here.

JAPANESE WITHDRAW FROM CHUNGSHAN CITY

SHEKSI is to be evacuated by the Japanese.

This announcement was made this morning in a communique issued by the Japanese Expeditionary Force headquarters in Canton, according to a "Domei" message.

"Having attained their objective, the Japanese forces have decided to withdraw from the birthplace of the late Dr. Sun Yat-sen," the communique states.

"The step has been taken in the belief that the Chinese will proceed with pro-Japanese and anti-

Communist policies."

The communique, however, contains a warning that Japanese forces will renew their attacks on Chungshan if the Chinese civilians do not maintain this policy.

"Far-sighted" Chinese puppets have been entrusted with the "task of instituting a benevolent government befriending good neighbours."

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
BERLIN, Oct. 10 (UP).—OFFICIALS DECLARE THAT THEY ARE NOT CLEAR AS TO HOW THE RUMOURS OF AN ARMISTICE, WHICH SWEEP THROUGH GERMANY THIS MORNING, ORIGINATED, NOR HOW THEY SPREAD WITH SUCH RAPIDITY.

The word spread from mouth to mouth throughout Germany within a few hours. Many people claimed to have heard the armistice report by radio in both German and Russian announcements.

An official German announcement said that the rumour was fathered by "British warmongers aims" in the belief that it would demoralise the German population.

There was great jubilation in Berlin at the "armistice."

Telephone operators, fruit peddlers, newsboys, shop clerks and bus conductors excitedly spreading the "glad tidings."

Hotel Chief Is Fined

Chitose Manager's False Guest List

A fine of \$10 was imposed on the manager of the Chitose Hotel, Hau Fung Lane, Wanchai, by Mr. Forrest at the Central Magistracy this morning, when he was summoned for failing to supply the Police Registration Office with a correct return of guests residing at the Hotel on September 11.

Sub-Inspector Langley, of the Special Branch, said the Hotel sent in a list of guests to the Police on September 11, but that list omitted the name of a guest, Nobuharu Takeo, who arrived in Hongkong that day on board the Sirogane Maru from Canton.

On September 15, defendant appeared with Takeo in the Police Registration Office, bringing with him a supplementary list of guests which included Takeo's name.

III With Malaria

Defendant pleaded he was ill with malaria on the days in question, and could not report to the Police. He called a friend, Hayashi Yakichi, who testified that he was ill.

His Worship remarked that defendant could quite easily have covered his fault if he had tried to do so.

Inspector Langley said the Hotel had a previous conviction for a similar offence in 1937, but defendant was not the manager then.

Soliciting To Commit Murder

An unusual charge—one of soliciting to commit murder—was preferred against Chan Lai, 26-year-old married woman, and Li Wo, 32, shop fook, when they appeared before Mr. Macfadyen at Kowloon Magistracy this morning.

They were alleged to "solicit, encourage, persuade and endeavour to persuade or propose to Ng Kwong and Ng Hoi to murder a man named Mak Ka-chay between September 29 and October 8."

They were also charged with the possession of two files.

Det.-Sgt. Baldwin asked for a remand of seven days which was granted.

Men Charged With Serious Offence

Hearing of the case against six men, charged with a breach of the Tele-communication Ordinance, was fixed by Mr. E. Himsforth at Kowloon Magistracy this morning.

Mr. M. J. Abbott, Assistant Crown Solicitor, said he expected the case to take about three afternoons, so October 23, 24, and 25 were fixed for the hearing. Mr. Peter H. Shi was present for defendants.

The defendants were Yuen Lap-kwan, 29, unemployed, Tsui Pak-ming, 30, clerk, Chien Chi-fong, 23, secretary, Sam Kim-chow, 30, clerk, Ting Yik-yun, 35, clerk, and Chau Sze, 25, unemployed.

They are charged with establishing, maintaining and working a telegraph station without a Government licence, and possession of a combined transmitter-receiver without a licence.

Defendants were remanded on bail of \$4,000 each.

JAPANESE OPPORTUNISM

Chinese Minister Sees Trouble Ahead

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
LONDON, Oct. 10 (UP).—In an address to the Chinese Campaign Committee at a Double Tenth luncheon, Mr. Quo Tai-chi, the Chinese Ambassador to London, predicted trouble ahead for the Western Powers interested in the Far East.

"It does not require the gift of prophecy to predict that Japan will certainly exploit the European situation," he said.

"European preoccupation will be Japan's opportunity for further depredations in East Asia and the Western Pacific, against the Western Powers as much as against China."

Scotching rumours of mediation in the Sino-Japanese war, Mr. Quo, said, "As long as the Japanese war lords remain in the saddle and in their present mood, there can be no reasonable basis for negotiations and no hope for peace."

Sir Stafford Cripps discussed the possibility of an Anglo-Japanese alliance.

"At present there is a most real and practical danger for this country to turn to an alliance with Japan to offset the Russo-German pact," he said.

He emphasised the necessity of waking British public opinion to the conscious need of supporting China.

Two Minutes Silence

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—The Chinese Double Tenth Anniversary luncheon by the China Campaign Committee, at which 150 attended, was celebrated in London with Lord Davies presiding.

Mr. Quo Tai-chi spoke, followed by Lady Snowden, Miss Margery Fry and Sir Stafford Cripps.

Chinese residents in London congregated in force at a tea party at the Embassy in the afternoon.

A two minutes silence was observed for the civil and military Chinese who had been killed in the war with Japan, and a message was sent to the Chinese army expressing the hope for an early victorious ending to the war.

Speaking at the Chinese Independence Day luncheon, Mr. Quo Tai-chi, Chinese Ambassador to London, said that as long as the Japanese war lords remained in the saddle and in their present mood, there could be no reasonable basis for negotiations and no hope for peace.

All the people of Europe, and throughout the world were asking themselves whether a just and durable peace in Europe was possible.

"I think," said the Ambassador, "we all know the answer."

Mr. Quo Tai-chi added that Western people will appreciate more clearly the identical difficulty which confronts China, and the Western democracies alike. Peace must be based upon good faith among nations, respect for international law and human dignity, and the principle of live and let live.

Conspiracy To Utter Forged Documents

Four fifters and a 63-year-old office boy of the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company were remanded for three days in Police custody when they appeared before Mr. Himsforth at Kowloon Magistracy this morning charged with conspiring with others unknown to utter forged documents between September 14 and October 9.

Defendants were Chan Kan, 27, Lai Yuk, 25, To Tak, 26, Chung Chan, 25, and Kwok Sai-lo, 63.

The documents referred to are certificates of service of apprenticeship and good character in the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company purporting to have been signed and issued by Edward Cook, Chief Manager of the Dock Company.

LOST HIS MONEY, SO HE STOLE

Incident On Race Course Yesterday

A Chinese from Macao, Yip Lam-sin, 25, unemployed who came here specially for the Race Meeting yesterday, resorted to stealing in the Public Enclosure of the Jockey Club, as he had lost all his money. He was caught red-handed.

Before Mr. Forrest at Central Magistracy this morning, he pleaded guilty to the theft of \$60 from Liu Chun-man, 42, clerk employed by a firm in Wing Lok Street.

Inspector Baker said as the complainant was buying a ticket, the defendant took his wallet from his hip pocket. This was seen by a Chinese detective who arrested defendant.

Defendant stated that he came from Macao for the races and had lost the \$25 which he had brought with him. He was fined \$100 or two months' hard labour.

Traitors Executed In Germany

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
BERLIN, Oct. 10 (UP).—It has been officially announced that three people were executed to-day for high treason and espionage on behalf of a foreign power.

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ROUND-WORLD SERVICE

IMPROVING TRAFFIC

Extensive Operations To Be Put In Hand

EXTENSIVE road-widening operations are contemplated by Government as part of the activities of the Public Works Department next year, it is revealed in a Memorandum issued this afternoon.

May Road is to be widened between Alburgh Hall and Conduit Road, at an estimated cost of \$55,000. Great traffic congestion occurs at present beyond Alburgh Hall, and a through motor road to Conduit Road is envisaged.

Twenty thousand dollars have been allotted for the widening of Magazine Gap Road between Bowen Road and May Road.

This section of road is at present too narrow and leaves little room for pedestrians. It is proposed to construct a footpath, where practicable, and to improve certain bends.

Now Building Sites
Government has development on Mount Cameron, where there are numerous desirable building sites. An access road to the higher levels of Mt. Cameron will ultimately be constructed; in the meantime, the Government is proceeding with the two lower sections of the road, which will open up approximately twelve building sites.

Taipei Road Improvement
Half a million dollars will be expended on improving the road from Kowloon to the Muk Fu Ferry. This sum will be expended in reconstructing the tortuous section between Shamshuipo and the Kowloon Reservoir, which is described in the Memorandum as being quite unsuitable for modern traffic.

The road between the Causeway Bay terminus and King's Road is to be widened and raised to improved levels at an estimated cost of \$80,000. The plan will involve partial reconstruction of the existing seawall.

DELIA IN ACCIDENT

When taking off from Fort Bayard aerodrome for Hanoi this morning, the Imperial Airways plane Delia, which left Hongkong at 7.20 a.m., damaged a wing and under-carriage.

The plane was carrying one passenger from Hongkong to Hanoi, Mr. S. B. Lou, and 130 kilograms of mails. The pilot was Capt. L. J. M. White and the First Officer was Mr. J. H. Samuels.

Only meagre details are available but it is understood that no one was injured. The plane took off from Fort Bayard at about 9 a.m., after refuelling. The starboard under-carriage and plane were damaged.

A relief plane is being sent from Bangkok to pick up the mails and spare parts will be rushed from Kai Tak and Singapore to repair the damage.

Stole Masterpiece: 5 Years Sentence

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH" PARIS, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—Serge Bogouislavsky, charged with stealing Watteau's painting, "L'Indifferent," from the Louvre on June 4, has been sentenced to imprisonment for five years, and banishment from Paris and the principal French towns.

Belgium Is Rich In Armaments

BRUSSELS, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—The Belgian Minister of National Defence gave a reassuring report on armaments to the Senate on Tuesday. The committee on national defence was satisfied, he said, and so was the output of the munitions factories.

TREAT FOR KIDDIES

To-morrow at 5-30 p.m., Max Mallat, the famous magician, is giving a special children's party at the Cathedral, when it is expected that such things as bunnies will be produced. Tickets may be secured at the Cathedral Office or at the door. Mallat continues his present world tour next week, when he will be leaving for Manila.

Six Months For Theft Of Rings

Six months' hard labour and recommendation for banishment was imposed on Ma Yuk-shan, Shanghai Chinese, by Mr. Houston at Central Magistracy this morning for the theft of three platinum rings, set with diamonds, from Falconer and Co., on April 13. One of the stolen rings, which was valued at \$800, was recovered in Hongkong this morning. The others, which were stated to have been sold in Macao, were not recovered as they were re-sold. Det.-Inspector Hopkins prosecuted.

EUROPEANS FINED FOR FIGHTING

What They Learnt From Press Reports

NEWSPAPER reports that warrants had been issued for their arrest drew two Europeans to the Central Magistracy this morning, when they informed the Magistrate that the reason for their belated appearance was due to the fact that they thought summons would be issued before they were required to attend court.

The men, Douglas Thompson, engineer of the Mausang and J. H. McPherson, marine engineer living at the European Y.M.C.A., were charged with disorderly conduct by fighting in the Hongkong Hotel.

When the case originally came before the court, the men were absent and the magistrate issued warrants for their arrest. Inspector Kirby, in charge of the case, informed the court this morning that the two accused went to the charge room on their own accord after reading in the newspapers that warrants had been issued.

In the absence of T. H. Keys, an architect living at the Hongkong Hotel, who is in hospital, Inspector Kirby said he wished to proceed with the case, as the accused were marine engineers and were liable to leave the Colony at any time.

"I Was Provoked"
Inspector Kirby said that about 7 p.m. on Saturday the police received a telephone message from the manager of the Hongkong Hotel that before the arrival of the Emergency Unit, the three men were arrested by two Assistant Superintendent of Police.

The three men came to blows because of an argument. Thompson said: "I was provoked. I am sorry that it happened." "Just the same," said McPherson, "I acted under extreme provocation." They were fined \$20 each.

War Risk Rate Reduced

Menace From German U-Boats Removed?

A general reduction in Hongkong war risk insurance rates has been made during the last few days.

Practically all the insurance business on shipping to United Kingdom ports is now being handled by the British Government, whose rates apply only to shipping to and from United Kingdom ports and whose collections are made in London. The British Government rate from Hongkong to London is 3 per cent., and from London to Hongkong 2½ per cent.

The companies have fixed two sets of rates, one for allied and one for neutral shipping. These rates are as follows:

To United Kingdom and France.—Allied and neutral, 5 per cent. To Continent of Europe as far north as Holland (provided the ship does not call at French or English ports except for examination).—Allied, 5 per cent; neutral, 4 per cent. Mediterranean ports.—Allied, 3 per cent; neutral, 2 per cent; neutral, 3 per cent.—Allied, 4 per cent; neutral, 3 per cent. For Northern European ports the companies may charge as they please.

Three sets of rates now apply for all American ports, the present figures being: Via Suez.—Allied ships, 5 per cent; neutral ships, 2½ per cent; United States ships, 2½ per cent. Via the Cape.—Allied, 3 per cent; neutral, 1 per cent; United States, 1 per cent. Via Pacific and Panama.—Allied, 2 per cent; neutral, 1 per cent; United States, ½ per cent.

The rate at present ruling for China and Japan trade is ¼ per cent. under any flag, the rate under any flag to the Philippines and India is ½ per cent. and to the Straits, the Dutch East Indies, and India 1 per cent.

France's 'Reds' Rounded Up

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH" PARIS, Oct. 10 (Reuters).—Of the 52 members of the so-called Workers' Party, who are charged with illegally reconstituting the Communist Party under that name, seven Communist deputies are still missing. M. Dent, former Air Minister, charged in connection with authorship of a pamphlet urging immediate peace, has protested against any connection of his name with the pamphlet.

FLOODING IN ARGYLE ST.

Residents of Argyle Street, Kowloon, who have complained of flood waters during heavy rains, have had their pleas answered. Government has decided to put in hand a \$10,000 project to reconstruct the Argyle Street nullah. The existing nullah is described as being old and in poor condition, and heavier side walls are to be constructed to resist modern traffic loads.

POST OFFICE

Owing to the uncertainty of Sea transport the public are requested to post Christmas Parcels early.

OUTWARD MAIL TIMES

Registered and Parcel Mails are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day. When mails are advertised to close after 5 p.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m.

INWARD MAILS

Air Mail by "Pan American Airways Direct Service"—San Francisco date, 8th October Oct. 11.
Amoy Oct. 11.
Bangkok Oct. 11.
Calcutta and Straits Oct. 11.
Java and Manila Oct. 11.
Manila Oct. 11.
Straits Oct. 11.
Airmail by "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—London date, 4th October Oct. 12.
Airmail by "Air France Direct Service"—Paris date, 4th October Oct. 12.

Haliphong, Pakhoi, Hoihow and Fort Bayard Oct. 12.
Japan and Shanghai Oct. 12.
Shanghai Oct. 12.
Straits Oct. 12.
Canton Oct. 12.
Haliphong Oct. 12.
Japan Oct. 12.
Japan and Shanghai Oct. 12.
Straits and Manila Oct. 12.
Airmail by "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—London date, 7th October Oct. 15.

Calcutta and Straits Oct. 16.
Canton Oct. 16.
Japan and Shanghai Oct. 16.
Manila Oct. 16.
Shanghai Oct. 16.
Haliphong Oct. 17.
Japan and Shanghai Oct. 17.
Japan and Shanghai Oct. 17.
Straits Oct. 17.
Shanghai Oct. 17.
Java and Manila Oct. 18.
Straits Oct. 18.
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai (San Francisco date 25th September) Oct. 18.
Australia and Manila Oct. 19.
Japan, Shanghai & Formosa Oct. 20.
Shanghai Oct. 20.
Japan and Shanghai Oct. 22.
Straits and Manila Oct. 22.
Shanghai and Amoy Oct. 22.

OUTWARD MAILS

Wednesday
Bangkok 7 p.m.
Straits 7 p.m.
Airmail for Manila, Guam, Honolulu and U.S.A. by the "Pan American Airways Direct Service"—due San Francisco 18th October
K.P.O.
Reg. Oct. 11, 5 p.m.
Ord. Oct. 11, 5.30 p.m.
G.P.O.
Reg. Oct. 11, 5 p.m.
Ord. Oct. 12, 7.30 a.m.

Thursday
Haliphong 1 p.m.
Airmail for Indo-China, Iran and France (Paris and Northern Provinces only) by the "Air France Airways Direct Service"—due Paris, 19th Oct.
K.P.O.
Reg. Oct. 12, 5.00 p.m.
Ord. Oct. 12, 5.30 p.m.
G.P.O.
Reg. Oct. 12, 5.00 p.m.
Ord. Oct. 12, 7.00 p.m.
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., Central and South American via Vancouver B.C., (Parcels only for Canada)—due Vancouver B.C., 30th October.
G.P.O. & K.P.O.
Parcels Oct. 12, 5 p.m.
Reg. Oct. 13, 9.15 a.m.
Ord. Oct. 13, 10 a.m.

Friday
Tourane 8.30 a.m.
Shanghai 3.30 p.m.
Parcels only for Shanghai 8.30 a.m.
Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles—due Marseilles 10th November.
G.P.O. and K.P.O.
Parcels Oct. 13, 5 p.m.
Reg. Oct. 14, 9.45 a.m.
Ord. Oct. 14, 10.30 a.m.

Saturday
Saigon 8.30 a.m.
Shanghai 10.30 a.m.
Amoy and Shanghai 2.30 p.m.
Airmail for "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—due London, 22nd October.
G.P.O. and K.P.O.
Reg. 5 p.m.
Ord. 5.30 p.m.
Straits and Calcutta
Parcels 5 p.m.
Ord. 5.30 p.m.

Sunday
Sundokan 9 a.m.
Shanghai 9 a.m.
Saigon 8.30 a.m.
Monday
Haliphong 1 p.m.
Tuesday
Airmail for "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—due London, 25th October.
K.P.O.
Reg. Oct. 17, 5 p.m.
Ord. Oct. 17, 5.30 a.m.
Airmail for Malaya, Java and Australia by "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—due Sydney, 23rd Oct.
K.P.O.
Reg. 5 p.m.
Ord. Oct. 17, 5.30 p.m.
Wednesday
Japan 2.30 p.m.

Thursday
Canton 8.15 a.m.
Manila 7.00 p.m.
Friday
Haliphong 2.00 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 10th November.



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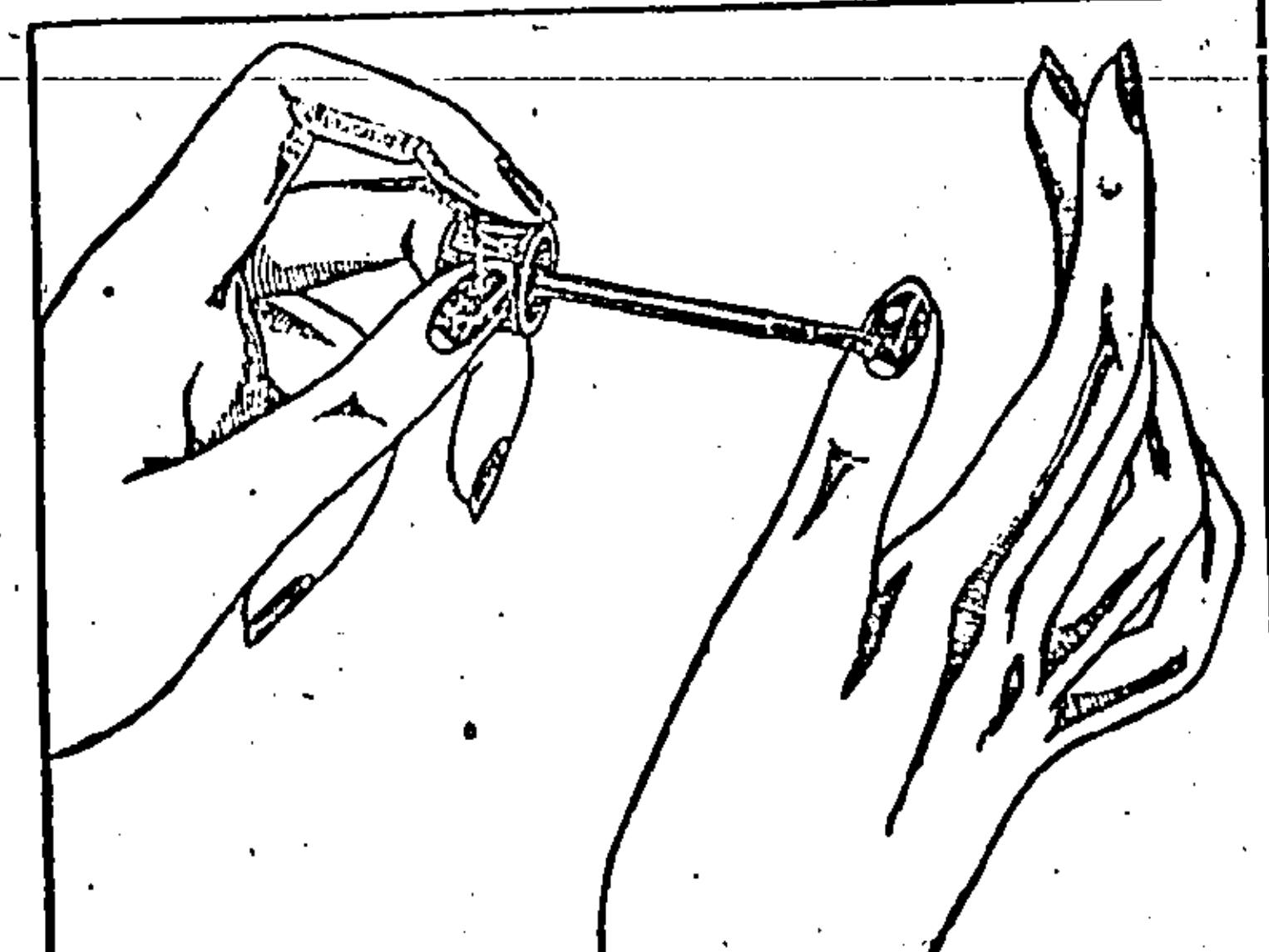
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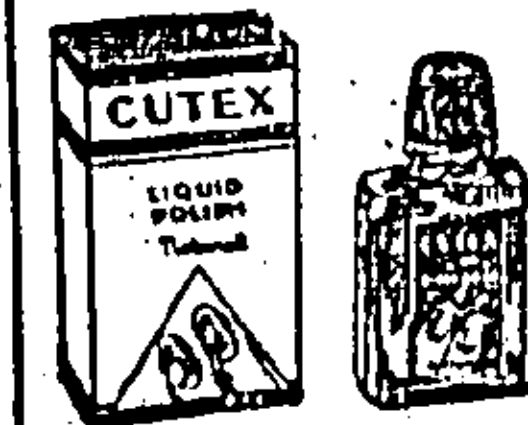
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NANCY



By Ernie Bushmiller

SUPREMACY OF ROYAL AIR FORCE ESTABLISHED

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, Oct. 10 (UP).—The British Air Minister, Sir Kingsley Wood, made a comprehensive statement in the House of Commons to-day in which he revealed the activities of the Royal Air Force since outbreak of hostilities.

During the first four weeks of hostilities, he said, British planes had spotted German submarines on 72 occasions and had made 34 attacks, "some of which were undoubtedly successful."

Sir Kingsley Wood said the attacks against the German fleet and the action of British planes on the Western Front "show that the spirit and determination of an earlier generation of our flying men has been preserved and is unimpaired."

The latest type of British fighting planes, he said, were definitely superior to their German counterparts.

He revealed that in the first month of the war, R.A.F. planes from coastal commands flew one million miles altogether in reconnaissance, anti-submarine and convoy patrols.

Air escorts had been provided for over one hundred convoys and there had been almost daily air clashes with German planes.

"Unspectacular"
LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—Continuing his review in the House of Commons of the R.A.F. activities during the war, particularly the work of the Coastal Command, Sir Kingsley Wood, the Air Minister, (the first part of whose speech will be found on Page 5) said:

"The work is silent and normally unspectacular. During the first four weeks of the war this command flew on reconnaissance, anti-submarine and convoy patrols a distance of approximately a million miles and provided air escorts for over 100 convoys.

"Our air escorts have also often been able to give warning of the approach of enemy craft and the presence of submarines from ranges far beyond the vision of surface craft.

"The value of the work performed must not be gauged by attacks alone. We have confirmed from prisoners' statements that the mere presence of aircraft is sufficient to make a submarine submerge and remain submerged, and that the mere presence

of air escort often prevents a submarine commander from attacking a convoy.

"Almost Daily Clashes"
"Almost daily there have been clashes with the enemy, and units of the coastal command are successfully carrying out services vital to our war efforts."

Again referring to the reconnaissance over Germany, Sir Kingsley Wood said hundreds of hours of flying had been recorded. Vital military information had been gained and units had familiarised themselves with the country.

Augmenting his reference to the mapping of the Siegfried Line, Sir Kingsley said, "A few days ago, aircraft taking off from an aerodrome in France covered the whole length of Germany from the said aerodrome to the North Sea. They flew on to Heligoland all without serious opposition and then made a safe landing home in England."

"Long Reconnaissance Flights"
"Long reconnaissance flights of 1,000 miles or so have been carried out at night under weather conditions of great difficulty."

"Leaflet Bombings"
"The distribution of messages to the German people over large areas of enemy territory, which had been combined with successful reconnaissance, had been of considerable value in giving information to the people in Germany," Sir Kingsley added.

"A number of these messages were recently found in possession of the German prisoners, notwithstanding the pains and penalties threatened against persons who picked up such communications."

Sir Kingsley referred to the German official bulletin which stated that Berlin citizens slept quietly through the British flight over Berlin, and said "Our airmen, on their return, spoke of firing and searchlights encountered, so we can only conjecture that the people of Berlin must be very heavy sleepers."

"For sometime now, the R.A.F. have been established in France alongside the gallant French squad-



A section of the photographs entered in the "Hongkong Telegraph" summer competition which are now on exhibition in the "South China Morning Post" building. The exhibition will remain open until Friday evening.

rons. Everywhere they have been received with kindness and hospitality.

"The move of the squadrons to France with all associated equipment proceeded with the greatest smoothness."

Sir Kingsley said that on some other occasion he would tell the House the valuable and devoted work done by the other commands including the Overseas Commands in the Mediterranean, Middle East, Iraq, India and the Far East.

"Recruiting Success"
Referring to recruitment and equipment, Sir Kingsley said during the first fortnight of the war 10,000 men were accepted for service as pilots, crews and maintenance personnel. Training and organisation had been expanded on a vast scale to produce a further large number of pilots, observers and air-gunners required.

"All sorts of claims have been made in German reports as to the numbers of our aircraft shot down. Of course we must have our casualties. Some German claims have been accurate, but others have been grossly exaggerated."

"Ready to Strike Hard"
Referring to the mysterious attacks at Friedrichshaven, Sir Kingsley said: "Neither the French nor ourselves were responsible for this mythical raid."

Referring to aircraft strengths, Sir Kingsley said, "The R.A.F. is ready to strike and strike hard and at the same time to make an effective contribution to winning the war. We have built up aircraft production on broad foundations. At the outbreak of war, our rate of production represented an achievement unprecedented in this country in time of peace. Now our factories are every day increasing their labour force."

"New factories are also nearly completed and fresh sub-contractors are being enlisted daily. In due course this will mean the rate of production will be more than twice the considerable figure we have now reached."

"The Cabinet has made a fresh examination of the whole position and authority has been given and being put into immediate effect to ensure considerably increased facilities against the possible effects of enemy action."

"We are acting also in full co-operation with France in many of our productive plants. Military aviation and production in France have recently made great strides and much mutual advantage has been obtained by a full and free interchange of experience and ideas."

"Dominion Co-operation"
Referring to Dominion co-operation, Sir Kingsley said, "Nothing has given us greater encouragement since the war began than the keen desire of all parts of the Empire to play an effective part in the air defence."

"I am thinking not only of the Dominions and India, but of the Colonies as well. To-day the whole strength of the Empire is being marshalled and there is no doubt that the great Dominion effort of 25 years ago will be largely exceeded in the present conflict."

Sir Kingsley announced the rapid expansion of training school facilities in Canada, Australia and New Zealand, and said that the young men trained would join either the Air Force Squadrons in one Dominion theatre of operation, or the British R.A.F. units.

This undertaking was one of great magnitude and its development would result in a very great and rapid increase in the number of training schools.

The mission from England headed by Lord Riverdale, who is aided by a specially selected technical staff, was already on the way to Canada to meet corresponding missions from Australia and New Zealand. These

missions would discuss with the Canadian authorities all further steps to be taken for the rapid execution of the undertaking.

"S. African Air Force Expansion"
"For various reasons the Government of South Africa does not consider this scheme of air training applicable to the circumstances of the Union, and they consider that their air force personnel should receive their full training at home."

"I, however, am authorised to say that the Union authorities intend to make their training as complete as possible, and expand their air forces to the fullest extent of their resources."

After remarking that the Dominions had already made individual contributions of a gallant and striking character, Sir Kingsley said the arrangements referred to were a notable illustration of the manner in which members of the Commonwealth could bring to bear the full weight and might of their individual resources to secure the achievement of their common purpose and the success of their common cause.

"I am sure the House would like to join with me in paying tribute to the vision and imagination of Dominion statesmen who have so promptly recognised the significance of this great conception. We are most grateful to the Dominion High Commissioners in London for their helpful co-operation."

"Tribute to Airman"
In conclusion, Sir Kingsley recalled the late King George V's tribute to the Empire's contribution in the air to victory and said: "We shall have our dangers, our odds and our difficulties, but none of us doubt that when the great test comes again, our airmen of to-day—from the Motherland and overseas—will once more record the same magnificent achievements, self-sacrifice and devotion to duty."

Replying to a question by Mr. Hugh Dalton, suggesting that the time is not far distant when Britain would have recovered her air supremacy over Germany which she had in 1918, Sir Kingsley said: "The steps I have indicated to-day will satisfy him that we are taking every step in this connection."

Replying to Sir Archibald Sinclair, Sir Kingsley said he understood an announcement was being made to-day that officers and men who displayed such skill at Kiel had been rewarded by the King.

"DOMINIONS CO-OPERATE"
OTTAWA, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The British war supplies mission in Canada is making definite headway, announces its controller-general.

The Canadian War Supplies Board is giving very warm and keen co-operation, and "there is no doubt that Canada is out to win the war," it is stated.

A Sydney message from Australia says that the Minister of Commerce has announced the sale of 7,500,000 bushels of last season's wheat to Britain.

Britain will also buy 2,500,000 bushels of flour.

"WAR RISKS UP"
LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—Cargo risks to the Straits Settlements have been threatened by 30 per cent, making a total increase of 50 per cent since September.

WESTERN FRONT

AIR FORCE ACTIVITY

"We Repulsed Several Enemy Raids"

PARIS, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—A communique states: "There has been very great activity on the part of enemy reconnaissance units between Moselle and the Saar."

"In this region, we repulsed several raids, some of which involved fairly important effects."

"Hedge-Hop Along Border"
LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—Two pairs of British planes made reconnaissance flights along the whole German line bordering Luxembourg, Belgium and Holland.

A British observer with the Royal Air Force says they went to investigate reports of German movements—the evacuation of important cities, big troop movements and concentrations near Aix-la-Chapelle, and fortifications on the Luxembourg frontier.

One pair of planes came back with some excellent and useful photographs.

The other pair, besides encountering bad weather, met with intensive anti-aircraft fire and flew over the North Sea and landed in England.

"Nazis Claims"
SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BERLIN, Oct. 10 (UP).—A High Command communique says that German planes made a surprise attack on British naval units yesterday off the west coast of Norway.

The communique said, "Our attackers achieved six particularly heavy hits on British cruisers on which explosions and smoke clouds gave evidence of German successes."

Two German bombers were damaged and forced to make landings in Denmark.

"Holland To Buy A.A. Batteries"

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—The Netherlands are starting funds to purchase anti-aircraft batteries for towns in which they live.

"CHILDREN WHO WON'T EAT"

There's nothing so wearing for a mother as a child who won't eat well. Usually such a child is the "nervy" highly-strung type. He picks at his food, looks pale and loses weight.

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PARIS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Some of the French units are back in resting bases after a fortnight fighting in the Saar area. They say there has been no fighting with a terrific enemy artillery barrage, but that German machine-gunship is bad and the proportion "duds" is high.

Many units are using forks and knives captured in the French advance into German territory.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 11 (Reuters). A large number of anti-air guns have been placed all along the German side of the Dutch frontier according to travellers.

It is thought that the Germans expect a British attack on the western German industrial districts and Ruhr.

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